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Fierce Tank Battles Rage As Nazis Increase Pressure

London, June 27.

NEARLY five million men are reported to be locked in furious combat today all the way from the Arctic to the Black Sea as the Nazis, reinforced by the Hungarians, who today declared war against Russia, increased pressure along the entire front.

German tanks were to the fore in every major battle, and while it is admitted by Moscow that some Nazi mechanized units have penetrated the Russian lines between Vilna and Darenovitsky, 120 miles to the south, the Soviets are said to have won a fierce tank battle about 25 miles north-east of Lwow.

On three fronts from the Baltic to southern Poland the battles today are reported to have been between German tanks and Russian aircraft, and it is claimed that Soviet bombing attacks caused very heavy casualties among German infantry which followed in the wake of their tanks.

At the most southern front, where the River Pruth separates Rumania and Ressarabia, Moscow asserts that the Germans have been beaten back with losses, and that five Russian detachments have crossed the river into enemy country.

No News of Nazi Push

There is no further news of the progress of the German push through the Baltic States towards Leningrad, which is believed to be the objective of their fourth main drive on Western Russia.

The Russians also claim that they have accounted for all the parachutists dropped behind their lines.

It is believed in Washington that the German army has apparently wrested control of the Reich's war policies from the Nazis and embarked on a campaign of conquest.

Foreign reports are quoted there as saying that on the question of a German attack on the Soviet Union leaders of the army split sharply with the party heads, who opposed such an attack favouring instead an all-out attempt to conquer Britain.

Hitler, these reports said, finally sided with the military, thus placing the army back in power in Germany.

It is reliably reported in Washington that the Russians have two-thirds the number of German planes but twice as many tanks in action. They are credited with 48 tank brigades, considered the equivalent of half as many full divisions, compared with 12 German Panzer divisions.

5,000,000 Men Said Engaged

In this battle of the European giants, some 5,000,000 men are believed to be engaged on land. They are about equally matched. The Germans are believed to have 176 divisions of 15,000 men compared with 165 Russian divisions, this figure not including Russia's forces in the Far East.

It is authoritatively believed in Washington that the Russian forces are disposed as follows:—23 divisions east of Finland, 42 south and 12 south-east of Finland, 24 in the centre on the Polish front, and 48 south on the Ukraine frontier, with 16 or more in reserve.

It is estimated that the German strength is made up of 130 German divisions, 20 Rumanian and 10 Finnish.

Soviet Planes Active

A characteristic feature of the day's fighting appeared to be the increased intensity of the attacks of the Soviet air force which, according to the latest Moscow communique, rained bombs on Bucharest and Ploesti, 35 miles north of the Rumanian capital, setting fire to refineries in the oil region.

As a result of these air attacks, the Rumanian Government has left Bucharest, said the Ankara Correspondent of the National Broadcasting Company in a broadcast from the Turkish capital early this morning.

The Russians also reported that they have sunk two enemy sub-

[Reuter.

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Finnish President Accuses U.S.S.R. Of Aggression

London, June 27.

"We shall fight for the freedom of our country and for the creed of our fathers," declared Dr. Ryti, the Finnish President, in a broadcast to the Finnish nation last night.

Accusing the Russians of new and brutal aggression, Dr. Ryti said: "Now at last Finland is not alone in her struggle."

The President declared that Russia was facing a united front stretching from the White Sea to the Black Sea, and added: "Citizens, centuries have shown that in the situation in which fate as placed this nation permanent peace cannot be achieved. The pressure of the east is always on us. To reduce this pressure, to destroy this eternal menace and to secure a happy and peaceful life for the coming generations we now embark on our defensive battle.

"Our confidence in our army and their Field Marshal, Baron Mannerheim, is absolute."

President Ryti declared that Soviet troops had been "attacking all along our frontiers since yesterday."

It is to be noted that President Ryti did not actually declare war.—Reuter.

Moscow Acknowledge Declaration

New York, June 27.

The Moscow radio reported last night that "Finland has begun military action against our country," and stated that German planes based in Finland had attempted to bomb the Kronstadt area and naval base off Leningrad.—United Press.

Russians Raid Turku

Helsinki, June 27.

Thirtyeight Soviet planes on Wednesday raided the Finnish port of Turku in three waves, it was announced officially here yesterday.

Workers' quarters on the outskirts of the city were damaged. Explosive and incendiary bombs showered on the dwellings, killing several persons and injuring 27, it was said.—United Press.

Egyptian Cabinet Gets Two New Members

Cairo, June 27.

The addition of two new Libral members to the Egyptian Cabinet was officially announced today. They are Rashwan Mahfouz Pasha, who becomes Minister of Commerce and Industry, and Ibrihim Dessouki Abaza, who is appointed Minister of Social Affairs.

The former Minister of Commerce and Industry becomes Foreign Minister—a portfolio hitherto held by the Prime Minister.

The new appointments, it is explained, aim at lessening the strain on individual Ministers.—Reuter.

Successful Operations Around Tobruk

London, June 27.

A successful operation by British troops at Tobruk took place in the Medawa salient on Wednesday, it is stated here.

It was over a front of about 2,000 yards and was carried to a depth of about 500 yards having the effect of shortening the British line.

Heavy Rainfall in Abyssinia

Heavy rains are hampering mopping up operations in Abyssinia, it is learned here.—Reuter.

Capture of Minsk, Odessa, Claimed

Tokyo, June 27.

The reported Nazi capture of Riga, Minsk and Odessa, the latter two points unconfirmedly, furnished the highlights in military events featuring the five-day-old German-Soviet war as reported to Tokyo up to 11 o'clock tonight.—Domei.

More Tokyo Conferences On New War

Tokyo, June 27.

An extraordinary liaison conference between the Government and the High Command of the fighting services was held at the Premier's official residence at 1.30 o'clock this afternoon, when Japan's position in relation to the Soviet-German war was discussed.

The government was represented by Prince Fumimaro Konoye, Premier; Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, Foreign Minister; Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma Home Minister; Lieut.-General Hideki Tojo, War Minister; Admiral Kishiro Oikawa, Navy Minister; Mr. Kenji Tomita, Chief Cabinet Secretary, and the Directors of the Military and Naval Affairs Bureau of the War and Navy Ministries.

Representing the High Command were General Gen Sugiyama, Chief of the Army General Staff, and Admiral Osami Nagano, Chief of the Naval General Staff.

Cabinet Meeting

A regular Cabinet meeting was held at 10.15 o'clock this morning when the progress of the war between Germany and the Soviet Union was explained by Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, Foreign Minister.

U.S. Aid Not Welcomed

In the event that United States aid to the Soviet Union through Vladivostok materialized, Japan would be placed "in a very dangerous, awkward and embarrassing position," Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Board of Information told foreign correspondents at his regular press conference today. Japan was watching United States moves with "keen interest," he said.

Asked whether or not there was likely to be a change in the Far Eastern situation, Mr. Ishii replied, "It is very difficult to answer." He asserted that Japan must remain faithful to the Japan-Soviet trade pact if it was ratified by the Privy Council. The agreement was not contrary to the Tripartite Alliance, he said, adding that the date of ratification was undecided.

The spokesman revealed that at the time of negotiations for a trade treaty between Japan and the Soviet Union, Japan did not consider the possibility of a conflict between Germany and the U.S.S.R.

Mr. Ishii reiterated that Japan's attitude toward the Soviet-German hostilities could not be made public as the situation was too delicate, and he added that a statement by the Government, so far, was not planned.

"Worldwide Conflict"

Tokyo, June 27.

The "Kokumin," "Yomiuri" and "Asahi" this morning editorially agreed that United States assistance to the Soviet Union constituted another factor tending to extend the European war into a world conflict.

The rightist "Kokumin" declared, "The United States which has been aiding Chiang Kai-shek, is now going to exert more pressure on Japan's position in East Asia by aid to Soviet Russia."

The daily endorsed Lieut.-General Hideki Tojo's (Minister for War) opinion expressed on June 25 before a gathering of war industrialists to the effect that Japan now was at the crossroads of prosperity or ruin.

Asserting that the China hostilities had been "Japan's campaign against Great Britain and the United States because the two countries have been behind the Chiang Kai-shek regime," the "Kokumin" declared that British and American aid to the Soviets would "further complicate the international situation and extend the European war to the Far East."

U.S. Attitude

Such an eventuality, the paper continued, compelled the Japanese people seriously to ponder over measures to cope with the United States Government's attitude. Although United States war materials and other goods which would be landed on Soviet soil "will not be large in quantity, because Vladivostok is the only available port, and because of United States policy in extending all-out aid to Britain," the "Kokumin" warned that United States overt aid would "widen the gap existing between Japan and the United States."

The editorial declared that the outbreak of the Soviet German war rendered the Tripartite Pact "incompatible" with the Japanese-Soviet Neutrality Pact, and warned the people to be prepared for the consequences as a result of United States aid to the Soviet Union.—Domei.

Envoy Sees Ribbentrop

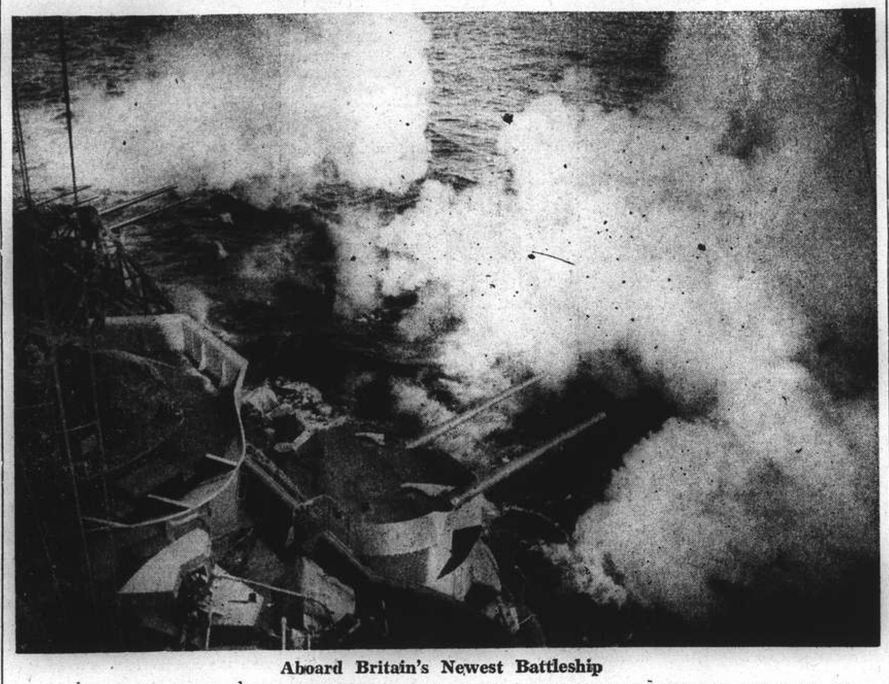
Tokyo, June 27.

The Japanese Ambassador to Germany, Lt.-General Hiroshi Oshima, yesterday called on the German Foreign Minister, Joachim von Ribbentrop, at his mountain retreat at Sonnenberg, and conferred for more than 90 minutes with him on matters concerning the Soviet-German war, according to a Japanese despatch from Berlin.—Reuter.

Matsuoka Summons German Ambassador

Tokyo, June 27.

Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, Japanese Foreign Minister, summoned Major-General Eugen Ott, German Ambassador to Japan, to his private residence at Sendagaya, Tokyo at 9 o'clock this morning, and held an hour's conversation with him, it was learned.—Domei.



Aboard Britain's Newest Battleship

This picture was taken on board H.M.S. King George V, Britain's newest battleship, and shows the port 5.25 guns in action. The King George V took part in the sinking of the German battleship Bismarck in the Atlantic.

Allied Advance in Syria Continues; Maaraba Taken

London, June 27.

FREE French forces have occupied Maaraba, a few miles north of Damascus and have advanced as far as Oastal, about 3 miles northeast of the Syrian capital, it is stated in authoritative circles here. In the north-east, British forces are continuing operations against the strongly-fortified town of Palmyra.

British forces proceeding along the Damascus-Beirut road are being held up by artillery fire about 12 miles from Damascus, while on the Marj Ayoum front cavalry patrols are in touch with those of the Vichy forces.

Over 100 Circassians have surrendered to British forces in this area.—Reuter.

Collapse of Resistance Seen

Istanbul, June 27.

General Charles de Gaulle's promise of independence to Syria will greatly facilitate occupation of the country by the Alies, say Italians arriving here from Syria. They express the opinion that the Vichy troops will not be able to resist much longer.

More than 200 Italians, including Consular officials and tradesmen with their families, have arrived in Istanbul from Syria during the past two days. They state that about 3,000 more of their compatriots may be expected shortly.—Reuter.

Vichy Version

London, June 27.

The evacuation of Merj Ayoum, in Syria, by French troops, was reported by Vichy last night, nearly 36 hours after its recapture by British and Australian troops, as announced by the British General Headquarters in Cairo.

The Vichy communique stated that the troops which withdrew from Merj Ayoum repulsed British attacks on their new positions north of the town.

Another communique, reporting British attacks east of Merj Ayoum on the slopes of Mount Hermon and at Jezzine, said both attacks were repulsed, and added: "Very heavy fighting in which both sides suffered heavy losses, developed from the attack at Jezzine."

Strong British forces were launched in the direction of Suweida, capital of the Druse country. Infantry and cavalry units yesterday morning attacked Vichy positions north of Qatana and in the neighbourhood of Damascus, covering the road to Beirut.

Along the coast, British artillery bombarded Vichy positions and enemy troops took advantage of this to resume their attempts at infiltration.—Reuter.

Kimmel Says U.S. Obviously Near War Entry

Honolulu, June 27.

Admiral Husband E. Kimmel, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Fleet, declared yesterday that the statement he made in San Diego last Monday that America is near "a state of war," is "what every intelligent American knows to be true."

In his first press conference after his return from Washington Admiral Kimmel urged greater defence efforts now because such efforts would bring "a greater chance to avoid war."

He emphatically denied reports of extensive subversive activity among the Fleet personnel.

"I do not doubt that there is subversive activity, but it is having no great success," he added.

Admiral Kimmel said he had investigated rumours of a riot aboard the U.S.S. Pennsylvania about a year ago and found that they were "lies made of the whole cloth." He said that the spirit of the men aboard the Pennsylvania, which has since become the flagship of the Pacific Fleet, was "superb."

Admiral Kimmel said that the Navy's request to hold enlisted men in the service as long as national interests were imperilled by international conditions meets with the heartiest approval of the Fleet command because "trained men should stay in the service where they are most needed."

He said that his recent trip to Washington was made "merely to see people I am working with."

The Fleet Commander spoke frankly of the new coordination between the Army and Navy Air Forces.

"Both air forces are now in a very high state of coordination in the Hawaiian area due to the intelligent work of Lieutenant-Gen. Walter C. Short, (Commanding General of the Hawaiian Department, U.S. Army,) and Rear Admiral Claude E. Bloch (Commandant of the 14th Naval district) who have worked out a system of joint command through frequent exercises," he declared.—United Press.

Director of Burma, Yunnan Railway

Rangoon, June 27.

Sir John Rowland, former chief commissioner for the Burma Railways, has been appointed Director of Construction for the Burma-Yunnan Railway, it is understood here.—Reuter.

Vichy Said Ready To Evacuate Syria

London, June 27.

The evacuation of 20,000 Vichy troops from Syria via Turkey is on the point of being arranged, states a report from Ankara.

It is stressed here, however, that there is no confirmation of this, and that the report should be treated with reserve.—Reuter.

Japanese Spokesman Admits Chinese Shelled Ichang, Destroyed 3 Planes

Chinese batteries had shelled a Japanese naval aerodrome at Ichang and destroyed three planes, Comdr. Hazama, navy spokesman, said yesterday at the press conference here, when asked about Chinese claims. He was not fully informed, he said, as to how Chinese batteries managed to approach Ichang but presumed that the guns were fired from the bank of the Yangtze River.

Japanese Withdrawal

Canton, June 27.

Withdrawal of Japanese naval units which completed lightning mopping up operations at Singchuan in eastern Kwangtung, paralyzing this South China centre of Chungking arms supplies, was announced this morning by the Press Section of the Japanese South China Seas Fleet.

Japanese forces carried out movements with speed and precision starting action at dawn yesterday to capture the walled city of Singchuan by nine o'clock, and pursue Chinese guerillas as well as destroying communications centres.

The Japanese troops withdrew without a single casualty, the communique said.

Japanese Army forces carrying out mopping-up operations in Kwangtung and Fukien Provinces in South China were met with only half-hearted opposition from Chinese guerillas during the month of June, reports arriving here revealed.

In Kwangtung Province, Japanese units routed Chinese guerillas at Tsengshing and Kowmoon, as well as along the West River, capturing a number of prisoners, arms and munitions.

Other Japanese forces operating in Fukien Province dispersed 400 Chinese troops at Niutien, 15 kilometres southeast of Futsing, field despatches reported.

The reports also stated that formations of Japanese Army aircraft bombed Chuichow in Kwangtung Province, as well as Manhao, Manpan and other points in the Mengtze plain in Yunnan Province, destroying Chinese military headquarters and troops barracks.—Domei.

Oumansky Visits Sumner Welles

Washington, June 27.

Mr. Oumansky, the Soviet Ambassador, was to have visited the State Department last night for his first conference with Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, since the Russo-German war.

Mr. Welles reiterated at a press conference yesterday that no request for aid of any kind from Russia had been received by the United States Government.—Reuter.

Ickes Strongly Urges U.S. to Enter War

Hartford, Connecticut, June 27.

Mr. Harold Ickes, Secretary of the Interior, last night sounded a virtual call to the United States to take up arms against Germany and simultaneously branded Mr. Charles A. Lindbergh as one of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's underlings—an American "Quisling."

Mr. Ickes, in effect, urged that the nation enter the war now while Germany is preoccupied with Soviet Russia because "such a golden opportunity can not be expected to come again to the American people....

"We must now make the supreme choice," he added. "We have been living too long on borrowed time. We must decide now whether we are willing to buy a craven's truce as Mr. Lindbergh urges....or work, sacrifice, fight and die—if need be—for liberty in the inspiration of Washington, Lincoln and Churchill."

"Nazi Wolves"

Mr. Ickes labelled Mr. Lindbergh and his followers as "Nazi wolves in pacifists' clothing."

America, he declared, must offer "to share the blood and tears that the heroic English have been yielding at Mr. Churchill's call.

"If it is not to be 'America next,' we must leave nothing undone to help England defeat the brutal hordes of Herr Hitler and destroy them. Herr Hitler has made out his list of the doomed....the situation is so serious that if America does not quickly go all-out for Britain, America may find herself all in without Britain," he added.

Lindbergh Attacked

Turning again to Mr. Lindbergh, the Interior Secretary declared that "if Mr. Lindbergh is for Herr Hitler now, as every act and word of his seem to indicate, it is because through an understanding with Herr Hitler or as an expected favour from him, he glimpses a political future (for himself) which free people would not accord him voluntarily."

Discussing the Soviet-German war, Mr. Ickes stated that "practical considerations dictate that Russia, undoubtedly weaker than Germany, should be aided so that Herr Hitler will be required to waste greater quantities of men and more pieces of equipment.

"America can not accept either Nazism or Communism....but the longer Russia holds out against Germany the better for the democracies," he added.—United Press.

French Ship Reported Captured by British

New York, June 27.

A British cruiser has captured the French freighter Indochinois (6,500 tons) in the south Atlantic after thwarting an attempt by her crew to scuttle the vessel, according to information received in maritime circles. Built two years ago, the Indochinois is owned by the French Government.—Reuter.

Gunfire Said Heard From Gibraltar Forts

Vichy, June 27.

There was prolonged gunfire last night from the Gibraltar forts, according to a despatch from Algerciras to the Vichy news agency. It believed that the shelling was directed against unknown vessels passing through the Straits.—Reuter.

Nazis Reported to Have Made Proposals to Britain, U.S.

London, June 27.

THE Turkish Foreign Minister, M. Sokru Sarajoglu, has passed on to the British Ambassador, Sir Hughe Knatchbull-Hugessen, certain proposals from Herr Franz von Papen, German Ambassador, involving Great Britain and the United States, it is reported in Ankara.

The proposals, it is believed, were transmitted when M. Sarajoglu received the British Ambassador on Monday, the day after the German attack on Russia. The fact that the interview lasted only a few minutes shows how unequivocal was Britain's reply, adds the Ankara message.

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent in London says an abortive attempt by the Germans to create dissension among the Allies in connection with the invasion of Russia has just come to light.

Report Unconfirmed

While there is no confirmation of a specific Ankara report that the Germans have put forward peace feelers and that the German Ambassador there recently sought to communicate with the British envoy on the subject, there is nothing inherently impossible in this report, the correspondent states.

There is no doubt that when the Germans attacked Russia they fully expected that Britain would be so frightened of becoming wedded to the Soviets that she would be prepared to start peace talks, says the correspondent.

United Resolve

Any hopes the Germans might have had on the subject have been dashed aside by the vigorus and uncompromising lead to public opinion which was given by the Prime Minister in his broadcast on Sunday night when he said: "We are resolved to destroy Hitler and every vestige of the Nazi regime. From this nothing will turn us, nothing."

The Germans will also have had a rude shock to find that not only Great Britain and the Dominions but the United States, Holland, Czechoslovakia and even Poland were all fully prepared to sink what differences they may have had with the Soviets in the past, and far from talking peace were all determined to continue the fight until Hitler and Nazilism were crushed once and for all, concludes the correspondent.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Onslaught on Germany Continues

London, June 27.

FOR the 16th night in succession bombers of the Royal Air Force attacked objectives in western and north-western Germany last night. Kiel, Cologne and Duesseldorf were the principal targets of this raid. During the last 16 night raids, important industrial centres in the Ruhr district, including Cologne and Duesseldorf, the port of Bremen and the naval bases at Kiel and Wilhelmshaven have been heavily attacked. Raids have also been made on objectives in occupied territory, as well as successful sweeps in daylight by bombers and fighters over northern France.

Only a very small number of German aircraft crossed the British coast last night, according to an Air Ministry communique, which adds that a few bombs were dropped at one point in East Anglia and also in south-east England, but no serious damage was done and no casualties were reported.

9 Nazi Fighters Downed

Nine enemy fighters were destroyed during an offensive sweep by the R.A.F. over the Channel and northern France yesterday morning, it is authoritatively announced. Three R.A.F. fighters are missing.

An Air Ministry communique giving details of the operations says: "The R.A.F. carried out an offensive sweep over the Channel and the coast of northern France this morning. Visibility was poor but there were a number of combats between our fighters and German fighters in which nine of the enemy were destroyed. Our losses in this operation were three fighters missing."

108 in Six Days

The destruction of nine German fighters over northern France yesterday brings the German losses in the last six days of the R.A.F. offensive sweep up to 108. British losses in the same period have been 19 fighters and 16 pilots.

The opposition yesterday was on a small scale, and many British squadrons, says the Air Ministry news service, flew miles inland without seeing more than a few formations of German fighters in the distance.

One formation of British fighters had a series of small engagements over the French coast and shot down three Messerschmitts.

Nowhere did they see more than three Messerschmitts together, and a British squadron leader stated on his return that "their evasive tactics were in most cases poor."

Details of Night Raids

The British bomber force which attacked Kiel and Bremen on Wednesday night had to battle against electric storms which one pilot described as the worst he had ever seen. One aircraft was twice thrown up 200 feet and was at times nearly out of control.

The night was a test both for crews and aircraft, states the news service of the Air Ministry, but for many the reward came when they broke to a clear sky and saw flames rising to a great height from shipyards at Kiel.

At Bremen, it was more difficult to see the results, but a good load of bombs was dropped on the target.

It is believed that the German pocket-battleship, which was hit by torpedoes from aircraft of the British Coastal Command a short time ago, may be lying at Kiel. Since the night of the torpedo attack, Kiel has been raided four times.

More attacks on Wednesday night were made on docks at Boulogne by aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm and Coastal Command.

The sustained offensive of the last few weeks, it is stated in London, has shown that a summer night is not too short for effective bombing. Up to a late hour yesterday evening, there were no reports of enemy activity over Britain yesterday.

A workman living in a country cottage in south England found a large parcel of German propaganda sheets which had been dropped in a recent raid. He has been given permission to sell the leaflets for one penny each in aid of the local Spitfire fund.

Three Italian Planes Downed

Three Italian planes were shot into the sea and another seriously damaged over Malta on Wednesday, says an R.A.F. Middle East communique. No British machines were lost in this action.

In Cyrenaica R.A.F. bombers raided landing grounds at Gazala; fighters brought down a Fiat and damaged a number of other aircraft. Bombs were dropped on ships at Benghazi during the night of June 24, a number of fires being started near moles.—Reuter.

Sinking of Turkish Ship Confirmed; British Sympathy

Alexandria, June 27.

The sinking of the Turkish steamer Rifha by an unknown submarine was confirmed last night by authoritative naval circles here.

It is officially stated that no British or Allied submarines were in the vicinity of the attack.

Survivors are understood to have been landed at Karadash, but the number saved has not yet been ascertained.

The loss of this ship was reported earlier by Martin Agronsky, the National Broadcasting Company's Ankara correspondent, who stated that 173 of the 201 passengers were lost.—Reuter.

Britain Expresses Sympathy

London, June 27.

Under instructions from Whitehall, the British Ambassador in Ankara will express to the Turkish Government Britain's great concern and sympathy for Turkey's loss of the steamer Rifha.

It will be recalled that the Rifha was sunk by the Germans with a serious loss of life on Wednesday afternoon.

A report on the sinking was given by Ankara radio this afternoon. The announcer said that a torpedo cut the ship in two and sent it to the bottom before even one lifeboat could be lowered.

Of the 201 passengers on board 173 were lost.

The Rifha according to the announcer, carried an illuminated Turkish flag on the stern and other illuminated designs on either side.—Reuter.

Australian Government Changes

Canberra, June 27.

"The new system will relieve me from attending to a large number of matters and will greatly facilitate the Cabinet's business," said the Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, commenting on the decision to divide the Federal Cabinet into two committees, the War Cabinet and the Economic Cabinet.

"It will also substantially reduce the amount of travelling to be done by Ministers, which has hitherto militated against complete efficiency," added Mr. Menzies.

The War Cabinet will meet principally in Melbourne where the headquarters of the services are, while the Economic Committee will meet wherever it can work most effectively.

The War Cabinet and the Economic Cabinet will each have full power in their respective spheres to make binding decisions. Vital matters of policy only will be dealt with by the full Cabinet, which will meet comparatively rarely.

Another feature of the administrative reorganization is the appointment of seven all-party parliamentary committees. They will deal with war expenditure, social security, profits, man-power and resources, broadcasting, taxation and rural industries. The chairman of each will be a member of the government.—Reuter.

Good Sugar-for-Jam News in Britain

London, June 27.

Sugar for jam was welcome news for British housewives yesterday. The Ministry of Food announced that for four weeks during July the sugar ration of half a pound would be doubled for preserving stone fruit.

R.A.F. Seizes Its Chance As Luftwaffe Fights Russia

London, June 27.

THE Luftwaffe is now forced to fight on two fronts just as the R.A.F. is entering its period of big expansion. The R.A.F. is seizing its opportunity; the Germans feel its growing punch in three ways. First of all there are those nightly hammerings on German ports and industrial towns. Of these, Air Ministry communiques say little. All we read is "Heavy Raids were carried out over the Ruhr for the seventh night in succession....." and then "for the fourteenth night in succession."

Behind those bare words stands a devastating tale of destruction over vast areas, industrial life, ports and the communications of Germany—relentlessly night after night by the heaviest bomb loads yet dropped over Germany with no respite to repair a growing wilderness of devastation before the next blow falls. Then there are daylight offensives over Northern France.

The fight command aircraft is now carrying the offensive to the enemy. Last year the aerial front was well over the British coast. Today it is pushed back through the British Channel and over occupied territory. The offensive sweeps between June 16 and 24, which destroyed 122 German aircrafts are now confirmed. A large number of them has been severely damaged, but has not been claimed as destroyed. British losses during the same period were 28 aircraft with five pilots safe.

The real significance in this offensive is that the ratio of losses has been completely reversed by the R.A.F. In the corresponding tactical period of 1940, when Germany was sending over offensive sweeps they lost at a rate sufficient to shake the German high command. The ratio of loss was more than four to one upwards with the R.A.F. as defenders. It is now more than four to one and up in favour of the R.A.F. in the carrying of its offensive over enemy territory.

There is a third offensive which the R.A.F. is carrying out no less far reaching in its effect although it is less spectacular. On March 12, this year the aircraft bomber command began a series of daylight attacks on German shipping from Norway to the Mediterranean. Between then and June 22, no fewer than 97

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Finland's Position Closely Studied In London

London, June 27.

A statement by the Finnish Government handed in by the Finnish Minister on Wednesday night declaring that the Finns were defending themselves against the Russians is being carefully considered by the British Government and the whole position regarding Finland is now receiving urgent consideration, a Reuter's correspondent learns.

Another matter which is receiving urgent consideration is an official statement by the Swedish Government that it is allowing German troops to pass through the country into Finland.

Regarding Finland it is recalled that when the Germans launched their attack on Russia they asserted in an official statement that the Finnish Army was marching at their side. This was an endeavour by the Germans to present the world with a fact that was not a fact and to force the Finnish hand by stating that Finnish belligerency was a fait accompli.

This attempt was not altogether successful as was shown at the time by official statements by the Finns that they were determined to preserve their neutrality. Nevertheless the fact remains that the Germans had established themselves in considerable numbers on Finnish soil and the Germans thus placed themselves in a position gravely to compromise Finnish neutrality.

All Measures

Just as the British Government reserves the right to attack Germans wherever they may be found so it must be assumed that the Russians feel it necessary to take all measures to prevent the Germans further establishing themselves in Finland.

It will be noticed that in Wednesday's air attacks the Russians specifically sought out military objectives and areas where the Germans might be expected to be found. It was a thin end of a wedge for Finland when she gave the Germans permission to allow forces to pass through Finland into northern Norway for the Germans immediately exploited the original concessions until the German concentrations assumed proportions of an alarming character.

The British Government had full knowledge of what was going on and it is understood that Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, had informed M. Ivan Maisky, Soviet Ambassador, of the British information on this subject a week before the Germans launched their attack on Russia.

Swedish Concession

The Swedes gave the Germans a similar concession regarding passage of troops through Sweden to northern Norway and the present agreement is a further extension of this. The original concession by the Swedes was greatly deprecated by the British Government as the further concession is likely to be.

In well-informed London circles it is considered that the basic fact remains that the Finnish people as a whole are most reluctant to participate in the war and are only doing so under pressure and geographical necessity.

The Finnish attitude, coupled with the Swedish decision to permit a German division to pass through Sweden shows clearly that the line-up resulting from the German-Russian war is based on power politics rather than on ideology.—Reuter.

Rumours of Soviet Demands Denied

Moscow, June 27.

The official Soviet news agency, Tass, yesterday published a denial of allegations broadcast from Bucharest and repeated, it said, by part of the Turkish press, according to which the Soviet Union had demanded the Dardanelles and occupation of Bulgaria. These reports were described in authoritative Soviet quarters as "infamous calumny" and were most emphatically rejected.—Reuter.

Police Watchman Foils Kidnappers' Attempt

An attempt made by three gangsters to kidnap the Chinese manager of a perfume factory in Tientsin Road was frustrated by the appearance of a police watchman yesterday evening at 8.30 o'clock at the corner of Rue Cohen and Route Frelupt.

The intended victim, Mr. San Ziang, was on his way home in a route No. 22 bus and alighted at the corner of the streets. At the same time, three men approached him and attempted to drag him into a waiting car. The victim resisted and shouted for help.

His call was heard by the police watchman, who whipped out his pistol and hurried to the scene. The would-be kidnappers immediately released Mr. San and rushed to the car, which was then driven off in a westerly direction. As far as could be ascertained, the gangsters were not armed, since no firearms had been exhibited to intimidate their victim. No shots were fired by the watchman.

It was also learned that the victim had, on several occasions, received letters demanding money and threatening him with kidnapping unless he complied.

Russian Women Flocking To Factories

London, June 27.

Russian women and girls are flocking to the war factories of the Soviet Union, states an attaché at the Russian Embassy here today.

"There is a magnificent united effort to do all possible to help the Red Army in its fight to victory," he said.

"These women are anxious to do what they can in the munition factories so that men can be released for the army."

He added that the Soviet Union was well equipped with skilled technicians to meet the present needs of the army, air force and navy.—Reuter.

New U.S. Bomber For Britain

New York, June 27.

The R.A.F. will be supplied with a new type of dive bomber known as the Brewster Bermuda. It is at present having flight tests and will shortly be produced by the Brewster Aeronautical Corporation. The news was revealed by its Chairman, Mr. James Work, in a letter to stockholders yesterday.—Reuter.

Nazis Say Lack of News Not Due to Lack of Success

Berlin, June 27.

Authorized German military spokesmen today warned against drawing the conclusion that the High Command's reserve denotes lack of German successes on the eastern front.

"As soon as fighting in various sectors is completed, the German people will see that the operations have been carried out against the Soviets as systematically as in previous campaigns," the authorized spokesmen stressed.

The newspapers and radio brought additional despatches from their correspondents at the front, describing isolated German victories along the 1,500-mile front.

But the official High Command's communiques continued to be devoid of all details of the "systematic advance" which the German military authorities daily report.

Silence Continued

It was understood that the first full account of the Russo-German campaign probably would not be issued before the week-end for military reasons.

The authorized military spokesmen said that the German forces "will score a complete victory over the Soviet Union," although they readily admitted that the Reds, both individually as well as in formation, were fighting fiercely and bitterly.

German quarters however, openly belittled the general qualities of the Red armed forces, asserting that the Soviet High Command does not possess the unity of the German High Command.

They also claimed that the Reds had not mastered modern motorized war technique.

Propaganda company reports describing the advance into Lithuania said that the Germans were encountering appalling roads, deep sand and terrific heat.

The Russians, the reports admitted, resisted from every tiny wood and village. In many cases they fired on Germans from fields of ripening wheat.

German reports stated that the Soviet forces were using many crack troops, including Mongols, Tartars, Kalmucks and Kirghiz.—United Press.

Normal Transportation Expected Today

With further rain appearing unlikely late last night, there is every prospect of the floods subsiding to such an extent that the local transportation system will be returning to normal today. As it was, yesterday saw nearly a complete service though the depth of the water on Yu Yuen Road prevented vehicles of the China General Omnibus Company from running up to Jessfield Park. The Settlement trams were unable to go up to St. Georges owing to the heavy flooding of Avenue Road; the curtailed service started from the corner of Carter Road and Avenue Road.

Transportation provided no problems for the office-goer in the French Concession yesterday as a complete service was resumed, the water in that district having subsided rapidly.

Another indication that the worst parts of the flood were over was the resumption of broadcasts yesterday morning by Station X.M.H.A. which was forced to go off the air for over 24 hours.

Fairly heavy rains yesterday morning did not provide a very promising outlook but the weather improved rapidly as the day wore on and it now appears that the week-end will not be entirely spoilt, for sportsmen especially.

WAR BREVITIES

Russian Parachutists Dropped

Ankara, June 25.

Two thousand Russian parachute troops were landed on Tuesday in the Ploesti oil fields of Rumania, according to unconfirmed reports from Axis sources here today.—United Press.

Bergen Becomes Closed Area

Stockholm, June 27.

Press messages from Oslo yesterday stated that German authorities had declared the entire city of Bergen and surrounding districts to be closed territory.

Inhabitants were forbidden to leave the area, and nobody was allowed to enter the city between 9 p.m. and 5 a.m. Inhabitants of the city were not allowed to open windows during these hours or even to look out of their windows.—United Press.

Curfew in Moscow

Moscow, June 27.

Curfew has been proclaimed in Moscow from midnight, local time and theatres have to close at 10.45 p.m. local time—the end of midsummer daylight. Nobody is allowed to enter the city at any time of the day, except those on official missions.—Reuter.

Typhoon Causes Damage At Luzon Is.

Manila, June 27.

Considerable damage but no casualties are reported from central and northern Luzon, following the typhoon which swept over the island yesterday.—Reuter.

*Fierce Tank Battles Rage

(Continued from page 1)

marines in the Baltic in air attacks, and asserted that attempts of German tanks to break through in the region of Luck and along the Bessarabian frontier were repulsed.

Lwow Said Captured

The Germans, on the other hand, officially claimed that fighting was "progressing according to plan," but admitted again that the Soviets were offering stiff resistance. A claim to have captured Lwow (Lemberg), in Galicia, was circulatad through Axis-controlled sources in Budapest, but lacks confirmation from other channels.

According to the official German news agency, D.N.B., a German infantry regiment with support of light artillery and shock troops has captured a Soviet aerodrome. Prior to the final assault, the agency claims, 28 fighter planes were destroyed by gunfire and flames spread to hangars and barracks. Equipment and war material were seized, it is said.

German troops are also reported to have captured Riga, the capital of Latvia, yesterday morning, according to a Stockholm despatch received in Vichy last night.

D.N.B. further announced "extremely violent" air attacks on industrial targets in Leningrad in the past two days, while the German radio reported the first Russian air raids on Hungary, which caused a ten-minute alert in Budapest and "fairly heavy damage" at two points in the country. Another raid reported by the Swiss radio caused "considerable damage" to the former Polish town of Kosice, now in Hungary.

Soviet Communique

Last night's communique issued by the Soviet Information Bureau states:

"Our troops today (Thursday) were engaged in fierce fighting with large enemy tank units in the Minsk sector. Fighting continues. In the direction of Luck, fierce tank battles continued, with advantage to our side throughout the day.

"In the direction of Cernauti, our troops successfully repulsed strong attacks by the enemy, who attempted to force the River Pruth. In the Bessarabian sector, our units firmly hold positions along the frontier, having thrown back attacks of German and Rumanian forces.

"Enemy forces attempting to advance at Sculeni have been pushed back to the western bank of the Pruth.

"Our air forces today bombed Bucharest, Ploesti and Constanza (Rumanian Black Sea port). Oil refineries in the region of Ploesti are in flames.

"On the Soviet-Finnish frontier, there were no engagements between land forces on Thursday.

"In the Baltic Sea, two enemy submarines were sunk by action of our air force and fleet air arm.

"Today, enemy aviation has not shown any particular activity. Enemy fighters offered weak resistance to our bombers. Information about enemy losses and our own aircraft is being collected.

Rumanians Stiffened

"Captured Rumanian soldiers relate that 40 German soldiers have been drafted into every Rumanian regiment because the German High Command does not trust Rumanian soldiers. German artillery has been placed in the rear of the Rumanian forces. The Germans are forcing the Rumanians to fight because Rumanian soldiers are against the war and the Germans.

"A military objective of the Rumanian town of Jassy was the object of a raid by our aircraft. Great destruction was caused.

"The commander of an artillery division, Comrade Manjin, ably helped our infantry beat back an attempt of the enemy to ford the River Pruth at one point. Having organized selected observation points and having carefully found the most vulnerable points of the enemy, Manjin opened devastating fire suddenly at the very moment when the enemy began to cross the river. Gunners destroyed three enemy pontoons in this battle and damaged six guns. The enemy did not cross into Soviet territory.

"In one of the sectors on the Soviet frontier, a group of four scouts crossed the River Pruth and raided enemy territory. The intrepid warriors brought back ten enemy soldiers and seized a machine-gun and eight rifles. All scouts returned safely to their units.

Disguised Nazis Caught

"On some sectors of the front in White Russia, appearance of active enemy groups in Red Army uniform has been established. Owing to the watchfulness of our Red Army, the deception of the perfidious foe was unmasked in good time and groups of the enemy were destroyed or captured. On White Russian territory, the enemy, for the purpose of espionage, landed several groups of parachutists of four to six men in various places. These parachutists were captured and handed over to the military authorities.

"They each carried a radio transmission set. Every attempt to use parachutists is being met with the most energetic measures.

"Thus, during an attempt to land forces by air at a point in the Ukraine, a unit of the Red cavalry, which was near, immediately attacked and destroyed the whole flight as soon as it appeared.

"In the region of Kulei, a Soviet regiment was surrounded by enemy forces. The commander very ably broke through the enemy ring and managed to extricate the whole regiment, losing neither material nor men."—Reuter.

Swedish Concession to Germany Deplored

London, June 27.

The British Minister in Stockholm, Mr. Victor Mallet, was informed by the Swedish Foreign Minister of the Swedish Government's decision to permit the transit of a German division across Sweden to Finland only a few hours before it was made public through the press, learns Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

Mr. Mallet expressed himself in strong terms of condemnation of the Swedish Government's decision, and he informed the Foreign Minister that the decision was likely to be received with strong disapproval by the British Government.—Reuter.

Iran Intends to Remain Neutral

London, June 27.

Iran has informed Russia of her intention to remain neutral in the latest phase of the world war, says the Moscow radio. A verbal communication to this effect was made on Thursday by the Iranian Ambassador in Moscow. The same source said that Soviet papers published in detail the speech of Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary.—Reuter.

Britain Advised To Get Loan on U.S. Securities

New York, June 27.

Great Britain would do better at the present time to secure a loan on her holdings in the United States instead of selling them, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Secretary of the Treasury, declared at a press conference yesterday, according to a Washington message to the Dow Jones Agency.

Mr. Morgenthau said the market had been such that it had been very difficult for the British to realize a fair value for their direct investments and marketable United States securities.

The United States Administration, he said, were anxious that the British Government should realize the maximum amount of money on these assets.

Mr. Morgenthau expressed the opinion that direct investments and securities would be placed with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation as a loan collateral until they could be sold on the market to liquidate a loan.—Reuter.

Japan Considers New Situation Grave

FROM PERCY WHITEING

N.C.D.N. Special Correspondent in Japan

Tokyo, June 26.

There appears to be little doubt that the Japanese Government considers the situation created by the war between Germany and Russia to be of utmost gravity. This has been clearly indicated by the fact that numerous conferences are held daily by the highest civil, army and naval leaders.

After these conferences, Prince Konoye had an audience with the Emperor yesterday and answered numerous questions on the situation. Similarly the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka paid a visit to the Emperor today and gave a detailed description of what had developed at the conferences.

Up to the present, no indication has been given as to the possible course which Japan will be adopting though a statement is expected in the near future.

Meanwhile, the public are patiently awaiting the Government to take the initiative in the matter of policy. But they are showing an intense interest in the situation, reading all news and scanning maps of the war front in the newspapers. At the same time, the following for news broadcasts is increasing daily.

Foreman of Tramways Company Threatened

Sang Sih-fo, a foreman of the Compagnie Française de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai, was virtually frightened out of his wits at about 8 p.m. yesterday when an unidentified Chinese appeared at his home at 792 Rue Amiral Bayle and threatened to shoot him.

Sang, it was learned, had received a threatening letter about a month ago. The reason for this was believed to be the part taken by him in the last strike at the company.

Thinking that the man would shoot him there and then, Sang pulled out his police whistle and blew for help, putting the mysterious stranger to flight. Investigations into the case are being made by the French police.

*R.A.F. Seizes Chance to Bomb Reich

(Continued from page 1)

enemy ships have been destroyed, nineteen having been severely damaged or disabled and 66 more having been damaged in a greater or lesser degree.

Thus was anticipated the inevitable step of the Germans who, with the coming of spring and better weather, were certain to begin sending their ships along the coast in an attempt to take food to Germany out of invaded countries and war supplies from Germany to the bases out of which the attacks on Britain are made. By this means the Germans would hope to relieve their overloaded railways, oil would go to submarine bases on the Atlantic coast of France and produce seized from conquered farms would be taken to Germany. Along the coasts of Denmark, Norway there would be the same exchange of goods for the sole benefit of the oppressor.

Turn of the Tide

On March 12, fast bombers set out to make a long sweep of the Dutch coast. They went without any escort fighters and did not try to hide behind the clouds and from that day on there were wide patches of clear sky over the North Sea. A vessel of about 2,000 tons was sighted and successfully bombed. The offensive then began in earnest and every day the enemy's seaboard was swept for the vessels which might attempt to creep along the coast.

The enemy's first heavy loss came with the sinking of two tankers each of 6,000 tons and with powerful escort flak ships to attest to their value. Regularly and systematically 1,600 miles of coastline from Sogner Fjord in Norway to Bordeaux on the Atlantic Coast of France has been swept and the enemy has never known where or what time of the day the R.A.F. would strike.

The loss of ships thus entrusted to the waves which Germany cannot rule does not measure the whole extent of the toll which the R.A.F. exacted. The strain has been put back on her railways and she has had to make new efforts to protect the furtive convoys and their cargoes of stolen goods.

Shipping Diversion

She has had to divert many fighter aircraft and anti-aircraft guns in a vain attempt to counter these attacks in broad daylight. She has been forced to maintain standing patrols and fighters which she might well have wished to use elsewhere. All her supply ships have been provided with anticraft guns, flak ships accompany even the smallest convoy while destroyers watch over anything of special importance. But formidable as these defences are they are not, nor can ever be adequate to deter the bomber which swoops past high over the ships and drops its bombs with deadly precision and fatal effect.

There have been losses among bombers, but they have never weakened the resolution of crews of British bombers. What is more they often hit back against the defence and they have bombed flak ships and destroyers and often beaten swift attacks of fighters and brought down several into the sea. As long as the German ships venture to leave port so long will the R.A.F. sustain and increase those daily patrols.

Even when German ships are not out to sea, they are still not safe from the bomber. Vessels have been sunk in port or behind fortifications of the Kiel Canal. The fringe of the enemy's coast has been often swept as that margin of sea which is all the British Navy has left him. Attacks have been made on naval bases in France, Belgium, Holland and Germany itself. Formations of bombers swept low over the Heligoland more than once and have taken the defences by surprise.

Nor have these daylight raids been confined to coastal targets. Towards France to Holland, Belgium, Norway, Denmark, the sight of the British bomber flying low over fields and villages are becoming as familiar as its welcome sight to subject peoples who know that they are the first vanguard of the coming army of deliverance. They wave a cheer as the bombers go on their way to probe defences and, demolish the outposts of Germany's uneasy empire

Spain to Give Britain Full Satisfaction

London, June 27.

The Spanish Government has undertaken to give Britain full satisfaction regarding an anti-British demonstration which took place a few days ago outside the British Embassy in Madrid. It is also learned that the Spanish Government has given Britain full assurances against a repetition of such demonstrations. This action follows energetic protests made by Sir Samuel Hoare, British Ambassador in Madrid.—Reuter.

Yoshizawa Leaves Batavia for Japan

Batavia, June 27.

Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizawa, Chief of the Japanese economic mission to the Netherlands East Indies, sailed this morning for Japan aboard the Nissyo Maru.

A Dutch guard of honour and a full band escorted Mr. Yoshizawa and his party to the boat and the Japanese national anthem was played.

Batavia's entire male Japanese population also was gathered at the dock and cried "Banzai" three times as Mr. Yoshizawa, went up the festooned gangplank accompanied by Mr. H. J. van Mook, Chief of the Dutch economic delegates and Mr. J. W. van Hoogstraten, chief of the economics bureau in the N.E.I. Ministry of Commerce, and army and naval aides.

Mr. Yoshizawa told the United Press that "I have seldom been so touched by Dutch kindness and consideration. This send-off is most appreciated by me."

Toasting government officials and others present with champagne Mr. Yoshizawa repeatedly expressed gratitude for the Dutch ceremonies over his departure.

With champagne glasses clinking Mr. Yoshizawa told Mr. van Mook "I cannot hope to express my full appreciation of all your kindnesses. I hope you come to Japan when it will be my pleasure to be the host. I wish mutually to congratulate you on the way the negotiations were conducted and concluded. Our mutual understanding will enable better relationship in the future between our countries."

Mr. Yoshizawa left without obtaining the economic concessions he had sought for Japan.—United Press.

Arrest of Terrorist Remains Unconfirmed

No confirmation could be obtained in connection with the report that the Japanese gendarmerie, in cooperation with the Shanghai Municipal Police, had arrested a Chinese, alleged to belong to the Blueshirt terroristic organization here. The arrested man, named Sung, was reported to have been taken into custody at 30 Lloyd Road on Thursday.

Questioned about the reported arrest, an official of the S.M.P. stated yesterday that they were not aware of it, while Commander Hazama, Japanese naval spokesman, stated that he was not informed that any Sung or other terrorist had been arrested as reported.

Churchill Meets Yugoslav Premier

London, June 77.

Mr. Winston Churchill received on Thursday afternoon Gen. Simovitch, Prime Minister of Yugoslavia, who has just reached London via Egypt and taken the first opportunity to meet the Prime Minister, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

It is understood that they reviewed the whole international situation and at the same time Gen. Simovitch expressed thanks to the British Government for the pledge contained in Mr. Anthony Eden's recent note which recognized the present Government as the only representative of Yugoslavia and declared non-recognition of the Axis partition of the country.

Gen. Simovitch also gave an account of the unsuccessful resistance to Germany and it is understood threw new light on the collapse of the Yugoslav forces.

Today Gen. Simovitch will tell the story of Yugoslavia's part in the war in a broadcast which will be radiated abroad in the B.B.C. overseas service. Gen. Simovitch, who is speaking the Serbo-Croat language, will be heard at 3.15 to 4 p.m. G.M.T. on a wavelength of 15.60 metres and at 6.45 p.m. G.M.T. on a wave length of 31.32 metres.—Reuter.

Report to Free Polish Prisoners in U.S.S.R.

London, June 26.

High ranking neutral officials revealed today that negotiations are underway in London to liberate 3,000 Polish soldiers who have been imprisoned in camps in Soviet Russia since the German-Soviet conquest of Poland. These men, if freed, will be organized into a force which will fight the German Army.—Domei.

Sweden to Represent Soviet Interests

Stockholm, June 27.

Sweden has acceded to the Soviet Union's request to represent Russian interests in Germany and Hungary, it was announced officially here yesterday.—United Press.

Hungary Declares War on Russia

Rome, June 27.

Hungary considers herself in a state of war with the Soviet Union, stated an official communique in Budapest, according to the official Italian news agency. The communique states that the decision was taken "following unjustifiable air attacks carried out yesterday by the Soviet Air Force against open towns in Hungary."—Reuter.

Soviet Press Plays Up Eden's Speech

Moscow, June 27.

Mr. Anthony Eden's speech in the House of Commons on Wednesday was given in full and with prominence in the Soviet press yesterday, including the statement that the Soviet had approved the despatch of missions.

Mr. Eden's statement that the German aggression against the Soviet Union was simply a stage in the attempt to defeat the British Empire was quoted.—Reuter.

NOTICE

Re: ESTATE OF ARTHUR ANTONIO DOS REMEDIOS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all heirs or creditors having claims against the above estate are requested to present them to this Consulate General on or before July 28, 1941, and also those persons indebted to the estate to notify this Office up to that date.

Claims received after the abovementioned date will not be entertained.

Portuguese Consulate-General at Shanghai, June 21, 1941.

J. A. RIBEIRO DE MELO,
Consul General.

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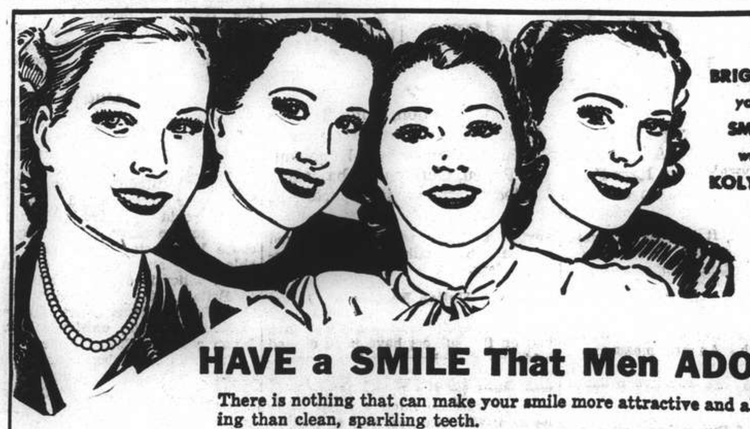
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Hitler's War on Soviets Proves His Treachery

THE outstanding event of the past week has been Hitler's attack upon Soviet Russia, which demonstrated beyond all shadow of doubt his treachery, and brought to a climax the war in Eastern Europe. How Hitler's brief friendship with Soviet Russia was in contradiction to all his previous utterances, and how his renunciation of that friendship the moment it became to his advantage to attack the Soviets was emphasized last night by Mr. Alfred Morley over Station XCDN. Mr. Morley's broadcast follows :—

There is really only one topic this week—the barefaced duplicity of Hitler in launching his entirely unprovoked attack on Soviet Russia with which he had, less than two years ago, signed a ten-year non-aggression pact. Practically everything else has been wiped off the front pages of the world's newspapers. The event and its world-wide reactions are as yet too pregnant with all manner of possibilities to be fully assessed, but that we have reached a new climax in the struggle between the evil forces of Nazi Fascism and practically all the rest of the civilized world is clearly apparent.

History Traced

Let us trace for a few minutes the history of this evil man Hitler in his relations with the Soviet. The central theme of his policy and propaganda from the very first was hatred of Communism and those whom he called the Bolshevist-Jews of Moscow. His rise to power was marked by a succession of furious tirades against Russia. He said that "Nazism and Bolshevism were separated by a gulf which could never be bridged". He upbraided the rest of Europe "for failure to realize that by his victory over the Communists he had saved Germany and Europe from the most frightful catastrophe of all times". In 1937 he said "Bolshevism is a pestilence, and I demand from every German workman that he shall not have any relations with such internationally-dangerous people. It is not suitable that we should ever accept help from a Bolshevist State," yet he is now fighting the world's only Bolshevist state because it has not given help enough.

When, on August 21, 1939, Nazi Germany signed the pact with Russia, Hitler tricked his own people as well as his Axis friends. To suit his schemes of the moment he threw himself into the arms of those whom he had stigmatized as the greatest enemies of mankind. Up to that time that action was the supreme piece of evidence of his cynicism and insincerity. He ordered the passages against Russia to be expunged from "Mein Kampf": he blamed the democracies and the Jews for having kept Germany and Russia at enmity saying that the two countries were only anxious to further peace—had at long last healed their foolish and unnatural differences.

But the world soon found out why Hitler had made that "marriage of convenience." It was only to guarantee himself against hostile Russian action while he attacked and ruthlessly smashed Poland. Hitler raised no objection when Russia annexed the three small Baltic countries of Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia, when she took over the White Russian and Ukrainian provinces of Poland, or when she annexed Bessarabia and Bukovina at the expense of Rumania. Hitler freely consented to what he now describes as Russian encirclement, because it suited his immediate and unscrupulous purpose; he signed new trade agreements and barter pacts because he wanted the sinews of war.

And now, because he has created and become burdened with the Europe he deserves, because he cannot feed it or the vast military Frankenstein monster which he has made the chief instrument of his crazy ambitions, because he cannot beat Britain, her allies and friends until he is re-stocked for the future, he savagely tears up the treaty he so recently hailed as his greatest political triumph, sends his planes, guns and tanks to slaughter untold numbers of erstwhile friends, fulminates against propaganda-made treacheries and trickeries, and reveals himself as the greatest "double-crosser" of all time. Lyingly, he has linked Britain and America in an imaginary plot; to his two Axis partners—Italy and Japan—he said not a word until he struck, because to Tokyo, in the words of one of its leading newspapers "the news came as a thunderbolt," while the Italian propaganda sheet in Shanghai has stated that Hitler's act was "like a bolt from the blue".

Fantastic Chaos

To what fantastic chaos has not this man and his gang reduced our world! What depths of misery has he not caused? How can stability and trust and international good faith ever again be re-established so long as his lust for power and domination still possesses terrible instruments of expression? The only answer is that there can be no compromise. This war is clearly revealed as one of the greatest turning points in history: it is a struggle which must determine decisively which of two conflicting ways of life shall prevail amongst men—whether it is to be the predatory cruelty and lawlessness of gangsterdom, or the decency, fair-play and toleration of a kindly humanity. As Mr. Churchill said in his world-wide broadcast on Monday, "We will never parley, we shall never negotiate with Hitler or any of his gang. We shall fight him in the air, until, with God's help, we will rid the earth of those who have shadowed it." That ringing declaration must be the fully-shared resolve of all free and just men.

And to Russia's aid, as to the aid of all those who fight Hitler, Britain and America have pledged themselves. The world's one and only target is Hitler, the forces he controls, and his partners in crime. Our first task is to destroy the ruthless aggressive treachery of Hitler's Nazi gangsters. I feel it would be presumptuous as well as totally unnecessary to paraphrase or add to the great speech of Mr. Churchill. His pledge of aid to Russia, his renewed acceptance of Hitler's challenge, has evoked world-wide approval; President Roosevelt has pledged America's aid too, and already acted to implement that pledge. All the seeming anomalies and contradictions in the world's line-up become merely incidental. Those who fight to destroy Hitler have a strong common interest though differences of outlook and circumstance remain. We can leave the unravelling of tangles until the imperative task of eliminating Hitler has been accomplished.

I shall attempt no prophecy of international political developments. There are those who profess to see an early closer and more formal bond between America, Britain and the Soviet Union; there are prophets galore on Japan's reactions and the likely developments in the Far East; there are the would-be seers into the future; but I prefer to take history as it comes. The one thing truly clear is that Hitler has flung his friends to the winds and once more shown that an agreement with him is not merely worthless but positively dangerous. Of Italy he makes an obedient but scored watch-dog over what he has captured; of Japan he seems scarcely to have thought at all; of Turkey, still determinedly loyal to her pledges to Britain, he has made a tactical convenience; of helpless and partially-occupied Finland he has made a northern springboard; of Rumania he has made a gain-seeking accessory.

The Nazi-Russian battle is on a vast scale. Along a seventeen-hundred mile front several millions of men, possessing the greatest aggregation of mechanized military might ever seen, are engaged in a titanic, fierce all-out battle. The superiority would seem to lie with the Nazis: their equipment is more modern, their organization more highly developed, their military technique more recently proved. The strength of Russia's Red Army is the subject of much speculation, but at least Russia is fired with the resolve to defend the Fatherland, and putting up strong resistance. We may possibly see divisions of opinion; there are no doubt some Quislings in cold storage awaiting their traitorous opportunities, and one can expect the Nazis to work all the tricks by which they have profited in the past. But the scope of operations is huge and more time must elapse before we can accurately judge the progress of the battle. The outside world can have little information except what the two parties themselves give out, and an attitude of reserve therefore becomes prudence.

Britain Strikes Hard

But meanwhile, Britain is striking hard where she knows it will have most telling effect. The past week has witnessed an extensive and continuous aerial assault on Western Germany and over the occupied coastal regions of Europe, which has not only rained destruction on industrial plants, bases and vital lines of communication but which has been accompanied by heavy German aerial losses. Britain has in her Royal Air Force a weapon of ever-growing strength which she is now using on ever-increasing scale. American and Dominion production is coming more and more to hand to swell Britain's own output, and it is a safe prophecy that Germany, while engaged in an enormous Blitz on Russia in the East, will have to stand heavy aerial assault from the West. This past six day's figures of 108 Nazi planes destroyed to 19 British are extremely significant because this is the first time on the western front that daylight raiders over enemy territory have cut the defenders to ribbons. During the Battle of France and Germany's daylight attacks on England the proportions were the other way round. And we go on sinking supply ships both along the European coast and in the Mediterranean, bombing bases and harbours in North Africa, and generally adding to the record of successes which steadily mounts up in size and effect. In Syria we have captured Damascus, and in Abyssinia further large numbers of Italians have been taken prisoners.

I want to close by making a quotation from the speech of Mr. Sumner Welles, assistant Secretary of State in Washington, when he formally condemned Germany's treacherous attack on Russia and announced that the United Sattes would furnish aid to the Soviet in resisting aggression. He said that "the issue facing the people of America is whether the plan for universal conquest, for cruel, brutal enslavement of all peoples, and for the ultimate destruction of the remaining free Democracies which Hitler is now desperately trying to carry out, is to be successfully halted and defeated. That is the issue which most directly involves America's national defence and the security of the New World in which we live. To which I would add that it is the issue which most directly affects the whole of humanity. Not until Hitler, and his jackals have been overthrown can there be reconstructed out of the ruin they have wrought the new world for which nations and peoples cry.

Briton Faces Assault Charge

A story of continual animosity between two next-door neighbours that finally led to an alleged assault was unfolded in H. M. Police Court yesterday before Registrar C. H. Haines when Mrs. E. C. Palmer-Baker filed a charge of assault against Mr. D. G. J. Keet, accusing the latter of having struck her on the face with his closed fist. The assault was said to have taken place on the evening of June 19 at the entrance of the complainant's home in Passage 316, 3 Route Paul Legendre.

Mr Haines adjourned the hearing to next Monday in order that the complainant may call in witnesses to provide medical evidence.

Throughout yesterday's session, the complainant, an elderly woman, showed signs of evident distress and, at one stage of the cross-examination by the defendant's counsel, she broke down into tears. Mrs. Palmer-Baker was not represented in court: she was unfamilar with the routine of the court and on numerous occasions she had to be enlightened on matters of legal procedure by the Registrar. Defendant was represented by Mr. E. L. Hartopp, and pleaded not guilty.

Long-Standing Friction

The two principals in yesterday's case were next-door neighbours in Passage 316 of 3 Route Paul Legendre and it was revealed in court that friction between the two parties had been of long standing. It was brought out that Mrs. Palmer-Baker and Mr. Keet had been at logger-heads on various matters; they had disagreed on the right of way to the passage; complainant had objected to the flowers of the defendant growing into her garden; she had also objected to Mr. Keet's placing several boxes of bees on their common fence; on the other hand, defendant had disapproved of the gate to the passage being left opened; it was also the contention of the complainant that Mr. Keet had "told on her" when he informed the French police of her building operations which she had begun without obtaining permission.

It was this series of grievances which was said to have led to the assault that took place at about 8.20 on the evening of June 19. According to Mrs. Palmer-Baker's evidence, she had seen a couple of lady friends to the main gate of the passage. On the way back to her own house, Mr. Keet ran out of his house and shouted, "Why did you leave the gate open?" Complainant said she paid no notice to him as the gate was already closed.

Police Informed

Thereupon, as she entered her own gate and before she could bolt it, defendant forced open the gate and struck her on the right cheek. She telephoned the matter to the French Police and they took her to the Ste. Marie Hospital for treatment; she was later given a medical certificate by the Country Hospital.

In the cross-examination by Mr. Hartopp, the complainant denied that she had worked herself up after learning that Mr. Keet had informed the French Police of her building alterations and that her report of an assault was an imaginary one. She strongly denied that she was an unpleasant neighbour with: 'It isn't true, it's the other way around!"

Only one witness was brought up in court yesterday, Mrs. Palmer-Baker bringing forward her Chinese amah to testify. Witness could throw little light on the assault as she heard only the altercation from inside the house and when she had come out saw only her mistress trying to close the gate on the defendant. Witness declared that she saw a black mark on her employer's face—but it was on the left side.

The case was adjourned at this point without the defendant having yet been called to give his evidence.

14 More Britons Join Up for Active Duty

Shanghai's mounting list of volunteers who have joined up for H.M. Forces was further increased yesterday when a contingent of another 14 Britons sailed from these shores to take up active duty in Hongkong, Singapore and Malaya. The majority of those who left yesterday will be joining either H.M. Army or the Royal Air Force, but two of the volunteers will be aiming for a commission in the Royal Navy.

Following were those who left yesterday:—

Royal Navy:—R. O. Baker, V. Baukham.

H.M. Army and R.A.F.:—J. E. Sifton, C. M. Phillippo, J. Herbert, J. F. Buchanan, A. G. Foox, D. D. Carter, L. L. Laurel, A. E. Taylor, J. J. Walsh, E. V. Roche, S. Brownlow, A. Ferguson.

Volunteers have been leaving steadily during the month and in addition to yesterday's departures those who have departed in June to join up the army or the air force comprised:—W. N. M. Coppin, G. B. Godfrey, D. J. Boyd, A. Seaborn, S. R. Dawson, A. Drummond, E. W. Brice, H. V. Gulston, T. A. Cooper, E. B. Cahusac, K. G. Stephenson, D. M. Butt, H. C. Knox, B. Connell, T. A. T. Begg, R. B. Roach.

New Vessel Added to American Mail Line

The motorship Cape Flattery, the second of the new C-1 cargo carriers added to the American Mail Line service, is expected to arrive alongside the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side, at 7.30 tomorrow morning on her maiden voyage with Captain J. O. Story in command.

Like her sistership the ms. Cape Alava which was in Shanghai last month, the ms. Cape Flattery registers Tacoma, Washington, as her home port. Dimensions of the vessel are: length, 418 feet; beam, 60 feet; gross tonnage, 6,751; net tonnage, 3,964 tons.

The Cape Flattery sailed direct to Shanghai from Seattle on June 11 and will discharge a considerable quantity of cargo at Shanghai consisting of lumber, diesel oil, flour, paper and general cargo. In addition to cargo there are 355 sacks of mail for Shanghai.

The American Mail Line are operating a regular fortnightly service between Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Shanghai, Hongkong and the Philippine Islands. Additional new ships will be added to the service during the present year.

The Everett Steamship Corporation are oriental agents for the American Mail Line.

Summer Course for S.M.C. School Teachers

Members of the S.M.C. Education Board have recommended and the Council has approved of a summer institute for teachers of grant-aided Chinese Primary Schools being conducted at the Council's Sinza Road School from July 14 to August 9. The estimated cost of this project is $1,000 and will be financed from grant-in-aid funds. The courses to be offered will include educational psychology, general methods of teaching, classroom management, school administration, teaching of Chinese, teaching of arithmetic, teaching of common knowledge, teaching of English, kindergarten teaching, teaching of music, teaching of manual and fine arts, teaching in ungraded room and special lectures.

The registration fee has been fixed at $1.

Escaped in Home-Built Plane

Corporal Maurice Halna du Fretay now a member of the Free French Air Force, being chaired by his comrades after he had been decorated with the British Empire Medal (Military Division). He built his own plane in Brittany concealing it by day with twigs. When it was ready, he flew it to Britain, risking discovery by the Germans and anti-aircraft fire from the British.

German-Soviet War Discussed At Weekly R.A.F. Luncheon

THE German-Soviet war and the reasons for the attack of Germany on a country that had been supplying the Reich with raw materials and petroleum were dealt with by Mr. H. G. W. Woodhead, C.B.E., editor of the "Oriental Affairs," in an address given at the weekly luncheon of the Royal Air Force Association at the Dome yesterday.

In a speech of welcome to the guest of honour, Capt. V. J. B. Holland, President of the Association, said it was a privilege to have a man of Mr. Woodhead's extensive knowledge to speak at their luncheon.

In his address, Mr. Woodhead spoke of Hitler's treachery toward the U.S.S.R., of his cynical claims in calling this war a struggle between Christianity and Atheism, and of the revolting reason given by the Germans in Ankara about the need of "Russian prisoners as labourers since the French are useless, being tired and unruly."

Following are the excerpts of the address:

"A few days ago I received an invitation from the President and Committee of this Association to be your guest at luncheon today. I was directed to reply to the 'Entertainment Committee' and it appears to have been assumed that it would be my duty in return for your hospitality to attempt to entertain you for a few minutes. I am afraid that whatever else I may feel disposed to undertake at the moment it is not furnishing entertainment. The times are too much out of joint for that. And so I am going to inflict upon you some remarks regarding the latest and most sensational development in the present war.

Hitler's Ruthless Theories

"It is a solemn but inescapable thought that those of us who are alive today are living through the greatest crisis that has ever threatened civilization. This crisis is of such magnitude as to appear to many of us to be utterly fantastic—to be a bad dream from which some morning we shall awake to say: "However I could have dreamed such nonsense —of such horrors?" Unfortunately, it is not merely a nightmare. The crisis is so real and so acute that the next few months or even weeks may decide the fate of civilization.

"Those of you who read 'Mein Kampf' especially the unexpurgated edition, previous to September 1939, might well have regarded its pages as the ravings of an irresponsible lunatic. But if you still hold that view, you must realize that these ravings have been converted into action—that almost everyone of Hitler's preposterous and ruthless theories have been put into practice. You must also have realized in the light of all that has happened since 1939, that a policy of appeasement and conciliation toward Germany never had the slightest hope of success. As long as Hitler remained in power, nothing could have averted this awful catastrophe with its world-shaking consequences, and its awful toll of blood and misery.

Crusade Against Bolshevism?

"Not a month ago, anyone who had suggested that the Reich would today be at war with Soviet Russia would have been regarded as suffering from delusions. For it then appeared that nothing could be less likely to accrue to Hitler's advantage than such a conflict. He might not have been securing all the raw materials and food which he had hoped from the U.S.S.R., but he was free to concentrate all his malevolent energies against the British Empire. Had he not just persuaded Soviet Russia and Japan to sign a non-aggression pact which excluded Japan from any obligation to come to Germany's assistance if she attacked the U.S.S.R.?

"Yet in the very early hours of Sunday June 22 (it is curious to note how Hitler and Mussolini invariably select a Sunday or a Christian festival for each new act of aggression), without demands or warning, without an ultimatum, Nazi forces along a 1,500 mile front started an unprovoked attack upon Soviet Russia. The Nazis have since then been boasting that they took the Russians—with whom they had signed a ten-year Non-Aggression Pact on August 23, 1939—completely by surprise. Whether that is so or not, the fact remains that it was only some hours after the onslaught had begun that the Soviet Ambassador was aroused from his slumber to be informed that Germany and the U.S.S.R. were at war. This treacherous attack has since been represented as a Crusade against Bolshevism—as a struggle between Christianity and Atheism. That is the cynical claim of the greatest Pagan of all time. Hitler evidently expected this move to split the Democracies and probably to lead to offers of peace and cooperation in the attack upon the U.S.S.R. The response of the leading Democracies, however, was immediate and categorical. As Mr. Winston Churchill put it:

"We have but one aim and one single irrevocable purpose. We are resolved to destroy Hitler and every vestige of the Nazi regime."

Repugnant System

"And so we find ourselves supporting one form of dictatorship which we dislike against another which we now hate with all our being. It may be of some interest to give a brief background to the curious situation."

Mr. Woodhead then spoke of the inauguration of the Bolshevik regime in Russia and the part Germany had played in it. Claiming that the Bolshevik system was and is repugnant to all real democracies, the speaker nevertheless stressed the fact that from 1920 to 1939, the Soviets entered into alliances and other commitments designed to check aggression, the only thing in its favour.

The exclusion of Soviet representatives at the meeting in Munich—an affront that Stalin was not likely to forget and which in 1939 rendered all attempts to conclude an Anglo-Franco-Russian defensive alliance a failure—was also recalled by the speaker since, he said, the Soviet dictator took the view that Britain and France were endeavouring to embroil him with the Reich, while dodging their own commitments.

Sheer Desperation

Hitler attacked U.S.S.R. out of sheer desperation, probably due to the British blockade, with Hitler needing foodstuffs, raw materials and petroleum. Another subsidiary and even more revolting reason has been tactlessly given by Germans in Ankara, who have stated that Reich "needs Russian prisoners as labourers since French prisoners are useless, because they are tired and unruly. Nothing could be more fantastic than the suggestion that this marauding expedition is a struggle between Christianity and Atheism, a crusade to save civilization.

"We may continue to reject the principles of Bolshevism," he added, "but there can be no doubt on which side our duty lies. As Queen Wilhelmina put it:

'Our fight is directed against the Satanic principles and abominable practices of Nazism'."

Financial Expert On Visit Here

A recent arrival here to study the financial and economic problem is Mr. Manuel Fox, American member of the Chinese Currency Stabilization Fund Committee who has been staying at the Cathay Hotel since his arrival with Mr. William H. Taylor, alternate member of the same fund committee. It is understood that Mr. Fox will sojourn here for some time.

Non-committal about the details of his work Mr. Fox when seen yesterday afternoon by a reporter of the "North China Daily News" in his suite at the Cathay disclosed that although he is here on his first visit he has seen little of Shanghai beyond a block or two from the hotel. Since his arrival he has been interviewing scores of people and pressure of work has prevented him from doing the sights of the city.

An arrival from Free China Mr. Fox, who is well-known as a financial expert and speaker, having delivered several addresses in the south and in the interior, will not speak in public here. He has been asked to deliver an address, it was learned, but has declined the invitation.

No Comment on Finances

Bespectacled and showing traces of being overworked, Mr. Fox saw a number of newspapermen here yesterday, but pointed out that he was not to be quoted and declined to make any comments on the work of the fund committee. He would not comment on the state of the finances of China it was learned, until he had made an exhaustive study of the whole question.

Mr. Fox's mission in China has just begun. He arrived here by steamer from Hongkong whence he had flown by plane from Chungking. He gave a recent talk before the National Financial Conference in Chungking when he paid a glowing tribute to the industrial progress he had seen in the interior of China and stressed the importance of the internal economic sector in a country's defence effort. He also mentioned the need for improved organization of the financial conference.

The new arrival is a native of Philadelphia, is married and has two children in America and is 52.

Added to Columbia Pictures' growing talent list were the names of Claire Trevor and John Hubbard both of whom were signed on the term contracts. No assignment was set for Miss Trevor, but it was indicated that she is being considered for a top role in one or another of two major productions on the studio's schedule.

Labour Disputes Break Out Once Again

After a respite of two days, the local labour front saw itself again involved in disputes, with about 2,000 employees of Chinese dry cleaning and dyeing shops on strike. The dispute flared up on the afternoon on June 25, when the workers of about 200 shops, both in the International Settlement and French Concession, declared the strike, after making a demand that they be given a holiday on Sundays.

Chinese reports, however, claimed that the strike had been declared because the managements of the 200 shops had failed to issue three days' extra pay to their workers every month, as stipulated in the agreement drafted between the managements and the workers during the last strike a few weeks ago.

Fear of a strike yesterday forced about 100 tea leaf shops in the two foreign areas to suspend business indefinitely. This forced about 1,000 employees out of work. The closure of the shops was the result of a Nantao union attempting to force the managements to review their workers' conditions. The workers themselves, according to well-informed sources, are satisfied with their wages and allowances, but the Union has made an attempt to force the managements to increase the pay of the employees.

New Song in Chinese Wartime Capital

Recently, Chen Lih-fu, Minister of Education, composed a song entitled "Resistance." It is as follows:—

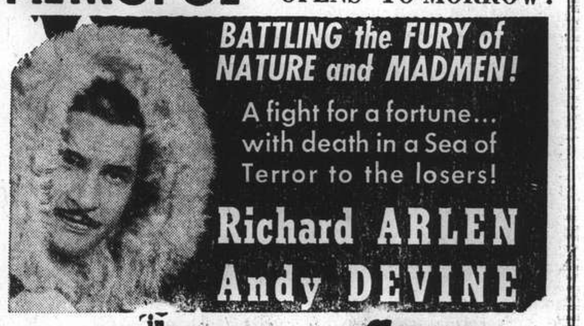
"Are you not citizens of China? Are you not a Chinese with hot blood? The time for life or death has come. Are you going to offer resistance or to wait for death?

"Resist! Resist!! Rise! Rise!! Rise for the sake of the independence of the people. Blood may be shed and heads may fall, but the lost territory must be recovered and the national humiliation must be wiped out. Save the nation, save the people, save ourselves! The responsibility rests entirely on you and on me.

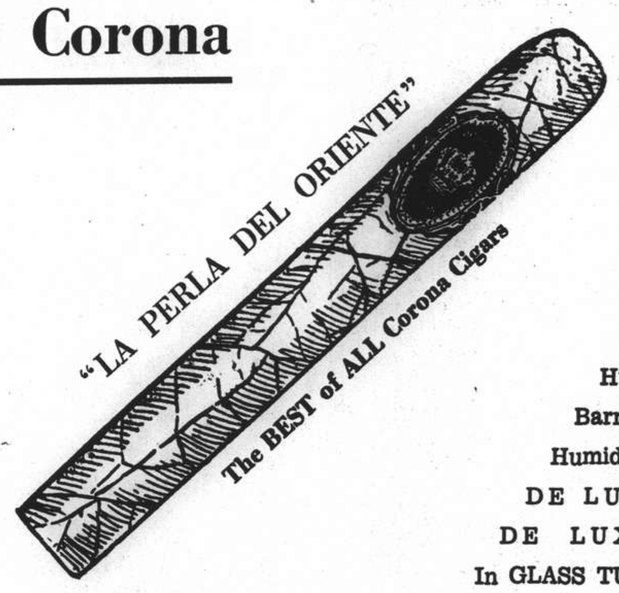
"Resist! Resist!! Let the people do their best to the bitter end!"

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
HELPS PROTECT FINE BAKING INGREDIENTS
8446-T

CANIDROME
TO-DAY
5.30 p.m.
(12 Races)
and
To-Morrow—5.30 p.m.—CASH SWEEP
(12 Races)
(Rain or Shine)

METROPOL—OPENS TO-MORROW!

BATTLING the FURY of NATURE and MADMEN!
A fight for a fortune... with death in a Sea of Terror to the losers!
Richard ARLEN
Andy DEVINE
in
MUTINY IN THE ARCTIC
with
Anne Nagel • Don Terry
Addison Richards • Oscar O'Shea
A NEW UNIVERSAL Picture

The Jessfield Club
TEDDY, FREDDY, HAVSKY AND TWO CHARMING SISTERS
COOLING SYSTEM FROM 10 P.M.

Ingenohl's
Grand Corona


Box .. of 25 $37.50
Humidor .. of 25 $37.50
Barrel .. .. of 25 $55.00
Humidor .. .. of 50 $75.00
DE LUXE box of 10 $16.00
DE LUXE box of 25 $39.00
In GLASS TUBE—box of 10 $16.50
Obtainable at
C. INGENOHL'S CIGAR STORES
"LA PERLA DEL ORIENTE" and other tobacconists

THE SPORTS PAGE

Dodgers, Cards Tie for Lead; Yankees Hold on to Top Spot

New York, June 26.

LEO Durocher's determined Brooklyn Dodgers went into a tie with the St. Louis Cards for the National League leadership when they walloped the Boston Braves 11 to 2 tonight.

With the Dodgers home from their road trip in far better shape than their last disastrous expedition, high hopes were being held by loyal Brooklyn fans that a long overdue pennant might become a reality.

The Brooklyn club battered three Boston hurlers for 14 hits in tonight's game and had piled up an eight run lead at the end of the second frame. The old reliable Whit Wyatt was on the hill for the Durocher nine and turned the Braves back with a measely five hits.

The Braves-Dodgers battle was the only game scheduled in the senior circuit.

Yanks Hang On To Top Spot

Marius Russo came through with a one hit game as the New York Yankees held tight to their newly acquired American League leadership by downing the St. Louis Browns 4 to 1.

Joe DiMaggio also preserved his string of consective hits as he connected with a two Bagger in the eighth inning. It was the 38th consecutive game in which Joe had hit safely and he needs to go only four more days to break the major leagues' record.

Tom Henrich, another Yank outfielder, continued his brilliant hitting by connecting with two homes which represented half of the New York club's runs and one third of their his. Russo was robbed of a no hitter and also a shutout when George McQuinn knocked the ball out of the park in the seventh inning.

Indians Run Wild in Seventh

The dislodged Cleveland Indians stayed a half game behind the Yanks by coming from behind to defeat the Boston Red Sox II to 8.

The Indians ran wild in the seventh inning to push over a half dozen scores.

The longest game of the day was at Washington where the Senators nosed out the Chicago White Sox 3 to 2 in the sixteenth inning. Yesterday's game went thirteen innings and also was won by the Senators.

Jim Bloodworth's single brought in John Lewis with the winning run. Lewis drew a walk, advanced to second on a bunt and to third on a sacrifice fly.

Box Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	1	1	1
New York	4	6	0

Batteries: Auker and Ferrell; Russo and Dickey.

Detroit	4	9	0
Philadelphia	8	16	0

Batteries: Bridges, Giebell, Rowe and Tebbetts; Marchildon and Hayes.

Cleveland	11	13	0
Boston	8	12	1

Batteries: Feller, Brown and Hemsley; Harris, Ryba, Dickman and Pytlak.

Chicago	2	11	2
Washington	3	12	1

Batteries: Smith and Turner; Chase, Carrasquel and Evans.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Night Game

Brooklyn	11	14	1
Boston	2	5	1

Batteries: Wyatt and Franks; Javery, Lamanna, Hutchings and berres, Masi.

—United Press.

LEAGUE STANDINGS

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	39	25	.609
Cleveland	41	27	.603
Boston	35	27	.565
Chicago	33	31	.516
Detroit	34	33	.507
Philadelphia	30	34	.469
Washington	24	40	.375
St. Louis	21	40	.344

National League

St. Louis	45	21	.682
Brooklyn	45	21	.682
New York	34	29	.540
Cincinnati	34	31	.523
Chicago	30	35	.462
Pittsburgh	24	32	.429
Boston	22	37	.373
Philadelphia	18	46	.281

—United Press.

Lawn Bowls Teams

Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club

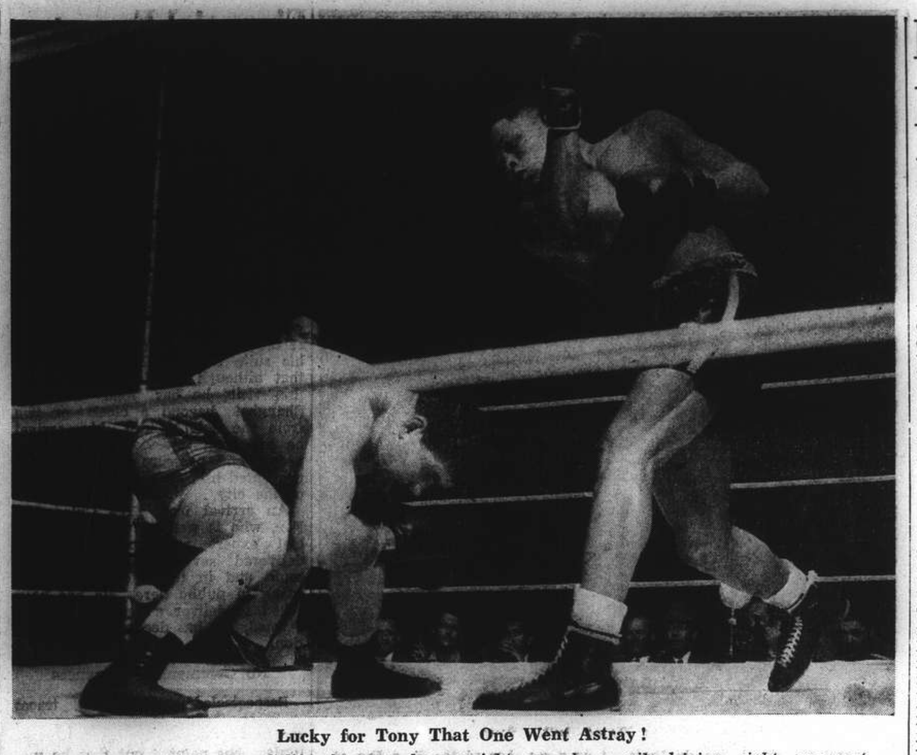
FIRST DIVISION

S.J.G.C. *v.* S.L.B.C. "Blues" at 3.30 p.m. S.L.B.C.:—C. Richards (skip), F. S. Ward, A. Braid, E. E. Wallwork; J. E. Harvey (skip), T. J. Goodman, A. T. Barrett, F. McLennan; E. R. Harmer (skip), J. Munro, H. S. Bell, J. P. Stalker.

S.L.B.C. *v.* Clube Lusitano "Greens" at 3.30 p.m. S.L.B.C.:—W. J. Monk (skip), W. J. Ward, D. B. Scrimgeour, D. A. Macfarlane, W. A. Turnbull (skip), W. J. McDermott, J. J. Evans, H. S. Bartley; A. Harvey (skip), A. S. Russell, E. Owen, J. Stevenson.

SECOND DIVISION

Barbarians Bowling Club *v.* S.L.B.C. at 3.30 p.m. S.L.B.C.:—T. Sayle (skip), S. G. Mills, H. B. Lobb, D. E. Harbottle; C. Pratt (skip), J. A. Stoddart, A. M. Parker, J. Henry; J. Frost (skip), A. R. Eisenhut, G. B. Fryer, L. A. Whittaker.



Lucky for Tony That One Went Astray!

Wham! Turkey Thompson, California negro heavyweight, uncorks a pile-driving right uppercut that would have pulverized Tony Musto had it landed. Unfortunately for the negro, Tony chose that moment to start an earnest survey of the canvas for something he had apparently lost. The two men fought a 10-round draw at Wrigley Field recently.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Prelude To Independence Day Classic

Activity on the home plate between two rivals who will clash again on July 4. Bill Fielden, crack Amateur first base man, slides safely home while catcher Schaull, of the Orphans, falls over him in the game last week-end when the Amateurs nosed out the Leathernecks by the odd run in five.

Welsh Guards Defeat Coldstream at Cricket

London, June 26.

Guardsmen contested at cricket at Lords yesterday, when the Welsh Guards beat the Coldstream Guards by 134 runs.

The winners, under the captaincy of Maurice Turnbull, former England Test player, scored 262 for three wickets before declaring, 2nd Lieutenant E. T. Pelham hitting an admirable 107 before being caught.

The Coldstream Guards, who used six bowlers in attempting to dismiss their rivals, had about two and a half hours batting, but all were out for 128.—Reuter.

Ten Wickets One Run!

London, June 27.

A Royal Air Force cricket team playing another R.A.F. side yesterday was dismissed for one run, the last man hitting a single. One bowler took five wickets for nought.—Reuter.

Golf Is A Great Game But Nobody Knows The Rules . . .

There are millions of golfers, and, to hear Fred Corcoran tell it, there are millions of golf rules. Everybody makes up his own until the only standard equipment is the right to embellish a story in the locker room.

These one-man legislatures don't make their laws with any idea of getting a bulge on an opponent. The situation is due to a profound ignorance of what's in the book.

"Golf is the only sport in which most of the players don't know the rules," Corcoran, P.G.A. tournament manager, declares. "When the game first is taken up the player goes out with some friends, gets the general idea of the game, and let's it go at that.

Women Stumped

"They don't bother to spend a dime for a set of rules and learn what they can do and can't do. Even tournaments are filled with players who are stumped when some simple question arises. Particularly women's tournaments. You've probably been in the officials' tent time after time when some plump matron came huffing and puffing over the hills from a distant fairway to get a ruling on something she would know if she knew her rules.

"I get hundreds of those A-says, B-says, who's-right? Letters, most of them on questions covered by the rules. Do you know, incidentally, that there is no rough on a golf course?"

If he had said fairway, we would have been inclined to agree with him, as when we play a golf course we see nothing else but rough.

"That's right," he continued without waiting for an answer. "There is no rough in the rules. The rough and fairways are the same. When some designation is needed, such as when a preferred lie is permitted, a stipulation is made such as: 'The portion known as the fairway.'

"And do you know there is no penalty for a caddie walking into a trap? And that it costs a stroke to lift a ball out of casual water in a trap? And that practice swings are permitted on the course? And that you can't hold up a match waiting for a ball on the lip of a cup to drop?"

He was reminded that Horton Smith waited five minutes for a ball to drop in a Florida tournament not long ago while a spectator named Kenesaw Mountain Landis sputtered and fumed and wanted to know if there weren't any rules in this game.

"That's right," Corcoran admitted, "and Smith was wrong on that."

Hold Meetings

Corcoran's idea as to how to correct this ignorance-is-bliss situation concerning the rules is for each association, or even club, to hold a meeting each spring, supervised by someone who knows what he is talking about.

Such instruction would lead to greater enjoyment of the game, and save many a friendship, he contends. Many beautiful friendships have been snapped off over some trifling argument over rules.

Incidentally and beside the point, Corcoran says that Jimmy Demaret predicts a new record in the national open at Fort Worth this year. The course favours the long hitter, he says, so no Johnny-Come-Lately will take the crown. It will be some established player.

Jimmy Demaret? Could be.

In the Dugout . . . . .

LONG George Kelly, who played with and against the best of them, was asked how Eddie Miller ranks among the great shortstops of the National League.

"He belongs right up there with Dave Bancroft, Glenn Wright and Travis Jackson," answered the coach of the Boston Braves. "And before Eddie is through, he probably will have passed them all.

"In the field, Miller can go either way," Kelly pointed out. "He can throw and make double plays. The club won't lose many games in his territory. As a hitter, he's getting better, although I wish he'd try to hit with the pitch, instead of pulling everything to left field.

"Jackson never got the credit due him, though," the coach went on. "He was a great clutch hitter—a money player if there ever was one. And he could bunt. Nobody in the league ever laid one down better than he could."

Kelly was reminded that a fellow by the name of Honus Wagner had once toured the short field for Pittsburgh.

"Oh, sure, the Dutchman was pretty good, too," said George, grinning. "He's in the Hall of Fame, isn't he?"

* * *

Reputations, says the man in the straw hat, are a dime a dozen this spring. There is Buck Newsom, who won 21 for the Tigers last year. Buck drops his first three starts this time and is hit hard by the Red Sox on his fourth attempt, although credited with the victory. Bill Dietrich wins three in a row for the White Sox, just missing a no-hitter. Dutch Leonard and Sid Hudson each drop their first three tries for Washington, while Steve Sundra wins a couple. Hugh Casey of the Dodgers already has beaten the Giants three times.

Woody Rich knocks the bats out of the hands of hitters in the Grapefruit League, then is shipped off to join his pal Bill Butland at Louisville by the Red Sox. Charley Gehringer, Billy Sullivan, Jimmy Gleeson, Lou Boudreau, Ernie Lombardi, Lou Finney, Paul Waner, Pinky Higgins, Ernie Koy, Rollie Hemsley and Johnny Rizzo all hitting under 200. The Giants and White Sox factors in their respective pennant races. Any day now, Babe Ruth will make a comeback with the Browns.

* * *

The managers in the western half of the National League, particularly Frankie Frisch, are disturbed by the present schedule, which enabled the contending Dodgers to jump away to a fast start by meeting the Phillies and Braves.

"I don't see why the schedule makers wait so long for the first East-West meetings," said the Pittsburgh manager recently. "Those fellows on the seaboard spend a couple of weeks playing second division clubs and get the jump on the teams in the West, who are tearing one another part. I think the fans, too, would appreciate a change."

* * *

Some of famous big league ball players rarely reach the top in the profession, but Eddie Collins, Jr., is certain to be an exception. Connie Mack is prepareed to stick with young Collins, regardless of the mistakes and slumps one expects from every rookie.

As everyone remotely interested in the game knows, Eddie senior was one of the greatest second basemen the majors ever had, and is currently general manager of the Red Sox. Johnny Cooney's dad once played shortstop for the old Providence Grays and Pop Anson's Colts in the National League. Jim Bagby, Sr., won 30 games for the Cleveland Indians 21 years ago, a rather high standard for young Jim to shoot at. Young Billy Sullivan, Detroit, can remember when his dad pitched for the old Chicago White Sox. The father of Oscar Grimes, Cleveland, once played first base for the Giants and Cubs. Dixie Walker's dad formerly pitched with Washington, Junior Thompson, Ben Chapman, Dick Bartell and Myril Hoag all had fathers who played minor league ball.

Baseball Game Cancelled

Owing to the sodden state of the ground after the recent rains the ball game scheduled for this afternoon between the First and Second Battalions has been called off. In the event of the weather being fine today, however, there is a possibility of the game being played tomorrow.

Flyweight Champion Wins Non-Title Bout

Manchester, June 22.

Jackie Paterson, British flyweight champion from Glasgow, retained his unbeaten record when beating Jimmy Lyden, Lancashire boxer, in a non-title fight here yesterday. The referee stopped the fight in the ninth round when Lyden had a cut over the left eye.

Paterson was to have met Tiny Bostock, who was unable to appear, and Lyden deputised. The latter was handicapped from a inoculation of two days previously but fought well, and a section of the crowd booed when the referee stopped the fight.—Reuter.

CAPITOL

142 Museum Road Tel. 17100

LAST 4 SHOWS! at 2, 4.30, 6.45 and 9.15 p.m.

"I WANT A DIVORCE"

Joan BLONDELL Dick POWELL

$1, $1.30, $1.60

OPENS TO-MORROW!

"CHAD HANNA"

IN TECHNICOLOR!

No Polo Today

Owing to the heavy rains during the week the polo ground at the Race Course will be closed this afternoon. However, if the weather should be fine today there is a possibility of the ground drying up sufficiently tomorrow afternoon in which case pick-up chukkers will be played as usual.

The Sports Forum

"Charlie Chase" Ready For Anyone

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I read about fight card of July 3, and would like to be in it. As regards rounds let the promoter decide. I have not fought in local ring for eight months and am anxious to get started. I am now 31 years of age and time to retire. As far as I am concerned I still believe that I am as full of fight and fun as I first started.

So I hope the promoters will read this and match me against anyone.

Yours for sport,

"CHARLIE CHASE" COLLACO.

Shanghai, June 25.

R.A. Wins Army Cross Country Championship

Nottingham, June 26.

The North Midland area army cross-country championship, held at Woolaton Park yesterday, was won by the Royal Artillery over a five-mile course. Two hundred runners representing 32 teams took part, the first man home being Battery-Sergeantmajor Ald Cutt of the Royal Artillery in 25 minutes 10 seconds. He was a member of last year's winning team.—Reuter.

China Beats S. Australia

Sydney, June 27.

A China team today beat South Australia at Adelaide in a football match by four goals to one.—Reuter.

PARC DES SPORTS (AUDITORIUM)

HAI-ALAI

TO-DAY SOIREE at 8 p.m.

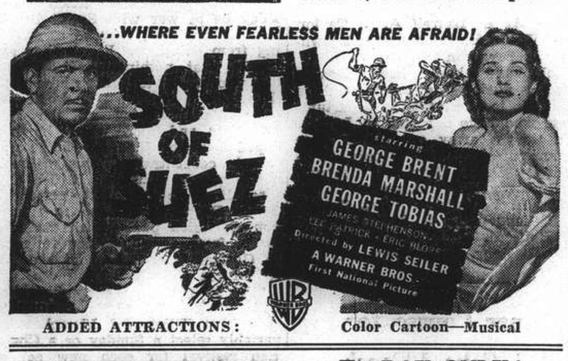
TO-MORROW: SUMMER CHAMPIONS MATINEE ONLY at 2.30 p.m.

AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223

NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

...WHERE EVEN FEARLESS MEN ARE AFRAID!



ADDED ATTRACTIONS: Color Cartoon—Musical

METROPOL TELEPHONE 93322

TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

ALSO: "WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD"—Cartoon

$1.80, $2.80, $4. $1.80, $2.80, $4. $5.

ROXY TEL. 60727

TO-DAY! at 2.30 and 8 p.m.

DAVID O. SELZNICK'S production of MARGARET MITCHELL'S story of the Old South

"GONE WITH THE WIND"

IN TECHNICOLOR

starring

CLARK GABLE as Rhett Butler

LESLIE HOWARD

OLIVIA de HAVILLAND

and presenting

VIVIEN LEIGH as Scarlett O'Hara

A SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL PICTURE

Directed by VICTOR FLEMING

Screen play by SIDNEY HOWARD · Music by Max Steiner

A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER Release

ALL SEATS RESERVED!

Prices: $2.50, 3.80, 4.80 & 6.60 (incl. tax)

Rain Holds Up Week-End Play In City Tennis Championships

WELL laid plans of the Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association to bring to a grand climax this week-end play in the city championships in the ladies' doubles and mixed doubles' competitions, seem to have been knocked awry by the importunities of the weather, and with one semi-final still outstanding, it appears improbable that the champions can be declared by Sunday.

When the outstanding match in the penultimate round of the mixed event will be played off could not even be speculated last night, with the courts definitely unplayable, and the weather still unpredictable and unpromising; and since at least one and possibly two players will be concerned in both finals, it is most unlikely that the schedule can be adhered to.

Interest Runs High

But though the disappointment of the weather put a sprag into the action, the delay only served to heighten speculation on the outcome, with interest enhanced by new combinations of old favourites this year. Two players still concerned are ruling champions, J. G. Forbes and Mrs. H. C. Collaco, but both are involved in new partnerships. Last year the former was victoriously teamed with Mrs. G. N. Lewis-Bryan, who has left the city, while Mrs. H. C. Collaco partnered Miss M. Ouei to win the 1940 ladies' doubles crown. Not only does the Portuguese player seem to have the better prospects of retaining her title, but she stands an excellent chance, like Miss Holwill, of appearing in both finals. These two players have paired together in the Ladies' doubles, and rule strong favourites. But there is irony in the fact that, while urgently concerned that Mrs. Collaco should win one crown, in order that she herself can, Miss Holwill will in all probability be striving, for the same reason, to stop her taking the other: for in the mixed event Mrs. Collaco is partnered by her husband, while Miss Holwill pairs with another outstanding American in Lew Carson. The final of the mixed doubles should be truly dramatic.

Two Games Played

Only two games were played this week, but they narrowed the competitions down to their essence. By surmounting respected opposition in R. Journ and Mme. Saint-Pol Forbes and Mrs. ten bruggen Cate qualified to meet the Collaco's in the semi-final of the mixed series. Carson and Miss Holwill handily disposed of Y. Segalen and Mme. Courtils, another strong French combination, 6-0, 8-6.

The ladies' doubles final is still tentatively set for Sunday, June 29, at 5.30 p.m., and may be proceeded with as scheduled, but it is unlikely that the mixed doubles final, set for Saturday at the same hour, will be accommadated without a postponement. Both matches will be played on the Association's courts, and a charge of 55 cents will be made each day, F.M.C. tax included. Spectators are requested to note that entrance to the ground will be through the Children's park on Avenue Joffre.

The resume of the play up to date is as follows:

Ladies' Doubles

First Round—Mme. L. des Courtils and Mme G. Saint-Pol beat Miss J. Young and Miss R. Yen, 6-1, 6-2; Mrs. B. Krenov and Miss C. Tavares beat Mrs. L. A. Popoff and Miss K. Petroff, 6-2, 6-3.

Second Round—Mrs. H. C. Collaco and Miss M. S. Holwill beat Mme des Courtils and Mme Saint-Pol, 5-7, 1-6, 6-4; Mrs. Krenov and Miss Tavares beat Mrs. L. H. ten bruggen Cate and Miss D. Rudge, 6-2, 6-2.

Final: Mrs. Krenov and Miss Tavares *v.* Mrs. Collaco and Miss Holwill.

Mixed Doubles

First Round—R. Jourdan and Mme G. Saint-Pol beat P. E. Arnvig and Mrs. H. C. Trolle, 6-2, 7-5; J. G. Forbes and Mrs. L. H. ten bruggen Cate beat E. Shibani and Mrs. Iwagami, 6-4, 6-0; L. D. Carson and Miss Holwill beat D. K. Tsai and Miss B. Loo, 6-3, 6-2.

Second Round—Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Collaco beat A. G. Meise and Miss C. Tavares, 6-4, 6-4; Forbes anl Mrs. Cate beat Jourdan and Mme Saint-Pol, 6-1 10-8; Carson and Miss Holwill—beat A. M. Rozario and Miss F. Pereira, 6-0, 6-7; Segalen and Mme des Courtils beat H. K. F. Li and Mrs. B. Krenov, 6-1, 10-8.

Semi-finals—Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Collaco *v.* Forbes and Mrs. Cate; Carson and Miss Holwill beat Segalen and Mme des Courtils, 6-0, 8-6.

Final—Carson and Miss Holwill *v.* Mr. and Mrs. Collaco or Forbes and Mrs. Cate.

All Tennis Matches Postponed

The Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association have announced that owing to weather conditions all matches arranged for this week-end on the Association court have been postponed.

DOUMER TEL. 70785

Last 4 Shows, 2.30, 5, 7, 9.15

Dorothy Lamour—Jack Benny
Betty Grabble—Edward Arnold

"MAN ABOUT TOWN"

Great Revue of Song, Dance, Girls and Laughs

To-morrow Morning, 10.30 Richard Tauber in

"HEART'S DESIRE"

To-morrow 2, 4.30, 6.45, 9.15

GUNGA DIN

UPTOWN TEL. 38484

To-day Only at 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15 p.m.

A Four Star Entertainment Triumph!

Nancy Kelly Robert Cummings
Hugh Herbert Roland Young

"PRIVATE AFFAIRS"

OPENS TO-MORROW!

JOE E. BROWN in

"SO YOU WON'T TALK?"

Sunday Morning Show at 10.30 a.m.

Dorothy Lamour Ray Milland

"TROPIC HOLIDAY"

—Air Cooled—Air Conditioned—

GOLDEN GATE THEATRE 745 AV. FOCH TEL. 74456

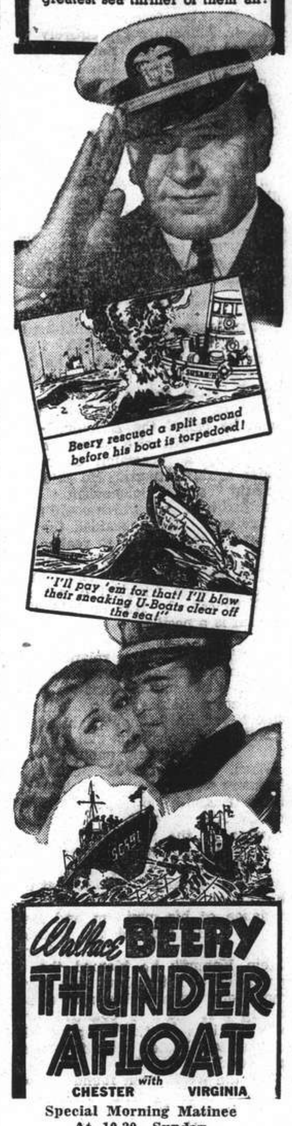
4 SHOWS TO-DAY! At 2.30, 5, 7, 9.15 p.m.

Admission: $1, $1.50, $1.80

TIMELY! THRILLING!

U-Boat Drama!

Startling, incredible, but TRUE! Beery...at his tip-top best...in the greatest sea thriller of them all!


Beery rescued a split second before his boat is torpedoed!
"I'll pay 'em for that! I'll blow their sneaking U-Boats clear off the sea!"

Wallace BEERY THUNDER AFLOAT with CHESTER VIRGINIA

Special Morning Matinee At 10.30, Sunday.

Greta Garbo in

"ANNA KARENINA"

Admission 70 cts., Any Seat

NIGHT CLUB

Fritz Strasser *Piano and Accordion*

DE PARIS

Exquisite Atmosphere American Grill

W. Stern, *Proprietor.*

"Happy George" *Violin*

247 Avenue du Roi Albert

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AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133

NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

DEANNA'S ROMANTIC DILEMMA!

ADDED ATTRACTION: CARTOON IN TECHNICOLOR!

RESERVATIONS: Can Only Be Held Until Two Hours Before The Show Starts Come Early!

SALE OF RESERVED SEATS FOR ALL A.T.I. THEATRES AT THE CATHAY, GRAND, METROPOL, NANKING, OR DOWNTOWN AT SAM LAZARO BROTHERS

AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED

CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757

NOW SHOWING! at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

THEIR LOVE LIVED IN THE SHADOWS!

ALSO: "LIFE BEGINS FOR ANDY PANDY"—Color Cartoon—

Shanghai Stock Exchange Official Weekly Share Report with Opening Quotations, June 27, 1941

REPORT No. 25/1941 for week ending June 27 (Friday), compiled by the Shanghai Stock Exchange

Comparative Opening Cash Prices (Quotations in Chinese Dollars unless otherwise stated * H'kong $) This Friday Morning June 27, 1941 Buyers	Sellers	Last Sales	Nom.	Last Friday Morning June 20, 1941 Buyers	Sellers	Last Sales	Nom.	Business Recorded During Week Closing Friday Highest	Lowest	STOCKS	Authorised Capital (No. of Shares)	Issued Capital (No. of Shares)	Paid up Value (or Face Value)	Fin. Year ends	Last Dividends, etc.	Paid or due	Business Done Year 1940 Highest	Lowest	Business Done Year 1941 Highest	Lowest	Total No. of Shares Done for Last Week	This Week	Total Amount of Sales Reported 1940	27-6-41
										Banks, Finance Companies														
21½	22½	21½	....	....	22	21½	....	22.00	21½	Central Properties, Ltd.	5,000,000	180,000	$10	Dec.	Fin. $1.50 (Mkg $3.50 a/c 1940)	28-2-41	25½ May	12 May	22½ June	17.00 Feb	1,700	1,800	138,950	47,850
....	....	....	12	....	....	....	12	....	....	China Bond & Shares Co., Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	200,000	120,000	$10	Dec.	Fin. 6% (Mkg. 12% a/c 1940)	10-3-41	12 Mar	12 Mar	....	....	....	....	500	....
1.24	....	1.28	....	1.18	1.22	1.20	....	1.28	1.20	China Finance Corp. Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	400,000	400,000	T5	Dec.	Div. $0.07½ a/c 1940	15-3-41	3.60 Jan	65 May	1.60 Jan	0.90 Feb	15,000	11,500	1,511,910	208,100
....	....	1,315.00	....	....	....	1,315.00	....	....	....	Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corp.	400,000	160,000	H $125	Dec.	Fin. £2-10-0 (Mkr. £5-0-0 Less I/T a/c 1940)	26-2-41	1,520 Apr	975 June	1,415 Feb	1,312½ May	....	....	560	161
28½	29½	28½	....	25½	25½	25½	....	29½	26½	Inter. Invest. Trust Co. of China, Ltd.	2,000,000	525,000	T10	Mar	Int. $1.25 a/c 1941-42	Pending	39½ May	8.60 May	32 Jan	18.00 Feb	24,150	64,700	5,683,798	2,607,408
22½	....	22½	....	19.00	19.40	19.00	....	24.00	20.00	Shanghai Loan & Investment Co., Ltd.	700,000	350,000	T5	Dec.	Fin. $2.00 (Mkr. $4.00 a/c 1940)	7-2-41	41½ May	10.40 May	49½ Jan	15.40 Feb	500	136,300	3,037,502	1,718,325
....	....	5.90	....	....	....	5.90	....	....	....	Shanghai Securities, Ltd.	4,000,000	925,000	$5	Dec.	Int. $1.25 a/c 1941	26-5-41	8.50 May	3.00 May	8.00 Jan	4.75 Feb	....	....	4,426,063	3,359,300
....	....	21	....	....	....	21	....	....	....	Union Mobilière	100,000	100,000	$20	Dec.	6 % a/c 1940	5-5-41	....	....	21.00 May	21.00 May	....	....	....	2,010
18.80	19.00	18.70	....	16.80	17.00	16.90	....	19.20	17.80	Yangtsze Finance Co., Ltd.	2,000,000	617,500	T10	Mar.	Int. $0.75 a/c 1941-42	Pending	24½ Apr	7.05 June	22 Jan	13.20 Feb	43,650	127,690	4,901,308	2,426,395
										Insurances														
29.00	....	....	....	29	....	....	....	--	--	American-Asiatic Underwriters (ord.)	75,000	75,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $1.40, a/c 1939	8-6-40	26 Sept	5 Jan	....	....	....	....	7,431	--
....	....	....	200.00	....	....	....	200	....	....	Asia Life Insurance Co.	100,000	40,000	*U.S. $5	Dec.	Div. 10 % = G $0.50, a/c 1940	12-5-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	90.00	....	....	....	90	....	....	Assurance Franco-Asiatique	70,000	70,000	F100	Dec.	Div. 5%, 1938	10-5-39	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
26.00	28.00	26.00	....	....	....	26.00	....	....	....	International Assurance Co., Ltd.	933,333	280,000	10/-	Dec.	Div. $0.30 1933 (Nil 1939)	18-5-34	19.70 May	8.90 Jan	31½ Jan	19 Feb	....	....	1,024,876	24,408
--	--	400.00	....	--	....	410.00	....	400.00	400.00	Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd.	200,000	135,000	£6	Dec.	Fin. 12/6 (Mkg. 25/- a/c 1940)	20-6-41	520 Apr	345 July	440.00 Apr	400.00 Jan	....	22	1,279	625
										Lands														
--	....	....	200	....	....	....	200	....	....	Anglo-French Land Invest. Co., Ltd.	25,000	19,335	T100	Feb.	Fin. $8.00 (Mkg. $10.00 a/c 1940-41)	4-4-41	200 Jan	200 Jan	175 Mar	175 Mar	....	....	100	23
....	3.00	2.50	....	....	....	2.50	....	3.00	3.00	Cathay Land Co., Ltd.	500,000	480,374	T10	Dec.	Final 2 % = $0.29 (Mkg. 6 % 1933) (Nil 1939)	5-5-34	5.10 Feb	1.70 Nov	3.00 June	2 Jan	....	2,000	38,150	21,450
12.00	....	12.00	....	11.80	11.90	11.90	....	12.50	11.80	China Realty Co. Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	1,250,000	890,000	$10	Dec.	Int. $0.50 a/c 1941	10-5-41	10.90 Jan	6.30 Oct	12.50 June	8.00 Feb	76,194	75,661	3,471,916	1,013,074
360.00	....	....	....	320	....	....	....	....	....	Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine	20,000	20,000	T100	Dec.	Int. $15.00 a/c 1941	29-5-41	275 Feb	275 Feb	....	....	....	....	605	....
....	14.00	13.00	....	....	....	13	....	13.00	13.00	Metropolitan Land Co., Ltd. " A "	500,000	39,800	T10	Sept	Fin. $1.00 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1939-40)	10-12-40	15.70 Feb	9 Jan	13.00 Feb	12 Mar	1,000	500	119,666	3,000
....	14.00	13.00	....	....	....	13	....	....	....	do. " B "		155,018	T10	Sept	Fin. $1.00 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1939-40)	10-12-40								
....	....	....	....	9.00	....	....	....	....	....	San Sing Properties, Ltd.	2,000,000	805,007	$7	Mar.	Div. $0.60 a/c 1939-40	2-6-41	10.00 Nov	7.50 Oct	6.00 Jan	6.00 Feb	....	....	45,500	5,000
16.80	16.90	16.00	....	15.70	15.80	15.60	....	16.80	15.60	Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd.	2,386,800	2,386,800	($7) T5	Dec.	Div. 6% a/c 1940	22-4-41	20½ Feb	8.80 May	16.80 June	10.50 Feb	111,215	145,415	4,007,822	1,872,958
....	F.R.B.	320	....	....	F.R.B.	320	....	....	....	Tientsin Land Investment Co., Ltd.	120,000	64,281	$50	Dec.	Int. F.R.B. $2.00 a/c 1941	16-5-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
										Docks, Wharves and Transport														
15.20	15.30	15.30	....	12.20	12.30	12.20	....	16.00	12.80	Asia Navigation Co., Ltd.	10,000,000	3,000,000	$10	Dec.			....	....	....	....			2,705,120	....
29½	30.00	29½	....	27½	28	27½	....	31.00	28½	Shanghai Dockyards, Ltd.	2,000,000	1,125,000	$10	Sept	Int. $1.00 a/c 1940-41	30-6-41	75 May	19.10 June	38½ Jan	23½ May	111,354	128,750	7,454,687	2,657,215
....	....	425.00	....	....	....	425.00	....	....	....	Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.	80,000	60,000	T100	Dec.	Fin. $33.00 (Mkg. $50.00 a/c 1940)	19-3-41	560 May	267 Jan	475 Feb	425.00 May	65	....	8,947	1,654
110.00	111.00	109.00	....	98	98½	98	....	112.00	105½	Wheelock & Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	478,720	T10	Mar.	2nd Int. $5.00 (Mkg. $10.00 a/c 1940-41)	31-3-41	272 Apr	38 July	118½ Apr	78.00 Feb	57,440	113,530	2,960,262	2,480,418
										Utilities														
16.90	....	17.00	....	15.80	....	16.00	....	18.20	16.50	China General Omnibus Co., Ltd.	500,000	200,000	T10	Dec.	Fin. Div. $0.70 (Mkg. $1.26 a/c 1938) (Nil 1939)	20-4-39	37 May	15 June	22½ Jan	13.30 Feb	17,342	17,100	844,224	214,682
15.30	15.50	15.30	....	....	14.50	14.30	....	15.70	14.40	Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd.	700,000	700,000	$10	Dec.	Div. $0.80 a/c 1940	4-4-41	37 May	12.30 Jan	21½ Jan	12.80 May	9,000	8,925	631,429	198,716
....	....	32½	....	31½	31½	31½	....	33½	31½	Shanghai Telephone Company Fed. Inc. U.S.A.	2,000,000	1,151,420	$10	Dec.	Div. $0.75 a/c 1940	15-1-41	55 May	23 Jan	43½ Jan	29½ May	3,800	8,460	1,624,952	167,316
....	....	40.00	....	....	....	40.00	....	....	....	S'hai Electric Construction Co., Ltd. " Reg."	700,000	670,000	£1	Dec.	Div. 2 % a/c 1940 Coupon 58	29-4-41	54 Apr	41½ Oct	45 Jan	38.00 June	....	....	13,829	2,750
....	....	43½	....	42½	....	42½	....	44½	42½	do. " Bear "							69½ May	40 June	51 Jan	41.00 June	1,250	2,250	328,610	69,200
950.00	....	945.00	....	950.00	....	945.00	....	947½	947½	S'hai Waterworks Co., Ltd. " A "	40,236	40,236	£20	Dec.	Fin. 26/- (Mkg. 31/2 a/c 1940)	27-3-41	1,250 May	797 Aug	947½ June	750 Mar	50	7	1,160	1,001
....	....	39.00	....	....	....	39.00	....	....	....	do. " B "	359,280	£108,505	£1	Dec.	Fin. 10.8d (Mkg. 1/1.9 a/c 1940)	27-3-41	46 Feb	32½ Jan	40 May	30 Mar	....	....	1,980	3,087
....	....	39½	....	....	....	39½	....	....	....	do. " C "		£250,000	£1	Dec.	Fin. 1/1.2 (Mkg. 1/3.6 a/c 1940)	27-3-41	50 Mar	32½ Jan	42 May	30 Mar	....	....	8,815	2,804
										Miscellaneous														
27.00	....	19.00	....	27.00	....	19.00	....	....	....	Auto Palace Co., Ltd.	150,000	118,500	$8	Dec.	Int. $2.00 a/c 1941	13-6-41	24 Dec	16 Jan	26½ Mar	25 Feb	....	....	11,255	6,710
....	....	47½	....	44.00	....	47½	....	45.00	45.00	Bakerite Co., Fed. Inc., U.S.A. " B "	50,000	49,703	$10	Dec.	Tax. Div. $2.50 on record 31/12/40	10-3-41	24 May	15.50 Oct	19.00 June	16.00 Apr	....	....	5,245	365
55.00	55½	54½	....	52.00	53.00	52.00	....	57½	52½	Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd. (ord.)	200,000	140,000	T10	Dec.	Fin. $5.00 (Mkg. 7.50 a/c 1940)	30-4-41	38 Apr	18 Jan	47½ June	40 Mar	....	350	13,928	550
....	....	40.00	....	....	40.00	39.00	....	40.00	39½	China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd.	500,000	231,803	T10	Feb.	Int. $3.00 a/c 1941-42	Pending	81 May	30 May	61.00 Jan	41½ Feb	22,800	30,650	744,234	613,716
										Chinese Eng. & Mining Co., Ltd. " Bearer "	2,000,000	1,960,000	£1	June	Div. 9d. a/c 1939-40 Coupon 47	1-4-41	84 May	35½ Oct	57 Jan	36.00 May	700	250	158,146	47,950
....	....	....	4	....	....	....	4	....	....	Chosen Corporation, Ltd.	750,000	725,000	£1	June	Div. 1/-(Mkg. 1/9d. 1937) Less Tax (Nil 1939)	15-1-35	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	37.00	....	....	....	37	....	....	....	Cuity Dairy Co. Ltd.	40,000	40,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $2.50 a/c 1940	8-4-41	44 May	35 Aug	37 Feb	35.00 May	....	....	5,432	300
30.00	....	....	....	....	....	....	20	....	....	Champ de Course : French	30,000	30,000	$20	Dec.	Div. $4.50 a/c 1934 (Nil 1939)	1-3-35	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
30.00	....	....	....	....	....	....	20	....	....	non-French	....	....	....	Dec.	Div. $4.50 a/c 1934 (Nil 1939)	1-3-35	15 Sept	15 Sept	....	....	....	....	30	....
8.05	8.10	8.00	....	7.55	7.60	7.50	....	8.15	7.65	Ewo Breweries, Ltd.	4,000,000	1,400,000	$5	Dec.	Div. $0.25 a/c 1940	22-4-41	8.25 Dec	6.50 Nov	9.50 Jan	6.15 May	128,650	195,375	1,774,305	2,940,195
34½	....	....	....	34½	....	....	....	....	....	Hall & Holtz, Ltd.	28,000	26,342	$20	Feb.	Div. 15% = $3, a/c 1940-41	29-5-41	34 Aug	25 Feb	....	....	....	....	1,532	....
....	....	....	3	....	....	....	3	....	....	Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.	1,500,000	1,193,867	H $7.50	Dec.	Div. Hk. $0.25 a/c 1940	16-4-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	11	....	....	....	11	....	....	Kelly & Walsh Ltd.	75,000	45,000	$10	Feb.	In. $0.50 a/c 1940-41	19-2-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
33½	....	33½	....	29½	30.00	30.00	....	....	34½	Metal Industries of China, Ltd.	2,000,000	500,000	$5	Dec.	Fin. $5.00 (Mkg $7.00 a/c 1940)	24-3-41	55 May	17.10 June	36½ Jan	24½ Apr	....	....	3,900,210	....
....	....	9.00	....	....	9.00	....	....	....	....	Millington, Ltd.	300,000	110,000	$4	Dec.	Fin. 5 % = $0.80 (Mkg. $0.80 a/c 1940)	6-5-41	8.00 Mar	6.00 Sept	6.00 Mar	6.00 Mar	108,470	151,400	2,095	2,770,623
....	....	....	30.00	....	....	....	30	....	....	Moutrie & Co., Ltd.	10,000	9,970	$50	Mar.			....	....	....	....	....	....	....	250
....	....	....	3.00	....	....	....	3	....	....	Office Appliance Co., Ltd.	80,000	60,000	T8.50	Dec.	Div. $1.00 a/c 1939	26-6-40	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
5.30	5.35	5.30	....	5.00	5.10	5.10	....	5.50	5.10	Paper Industries Ltd.	5,000,000	1,320,000	$5	Dec.	Int. $0.25 a/c 1941	9-6-41	....	....	5.50 Mar	4.20 Apr	130,250	278,800	....	1,859,300
28.00	28½	27½	....	25.00	25½	25½	....	28½	26.00	S'hai Exploration & Development Co., Ltd.	1,200,000	860,039	T2.50	Dec.	Fin. $1.20 (Mkg. $2.40 a/c 1940)	21-4-41	34 May	8.60 Jan	30½ Apr	18.60 Apr	185,020	328,240	9,922,252	5,096,575
....	....	2.25	....	....	....	2.25	....	....	....	S'hai Waterworks Fittings Co., Ltd.	500,000	301,765	T1	Dec.	Div. 15 % a/c 1940	1-5-41	435 Apr	1.90 Jan	2.50 April	2.20 June	....	....	20,478	6.165
15½	....	16.00	....	....	....	14.00	....	16.00	14.00	Union Brewery, Ltd.	500,000	200,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $1.25, a/c 1933 (Nil 1939)	27-5-34	10.80 Apr	4.25 Mar	16.00 June	9.00 Jan	1,000	3,625	32,325	37,125
										Bonds and Preferences														
....	....	100.00	....	....	....	100	....	....	....	American-Asiatic Underwriters Cum. Pref. 8 %	5,000	5,000	T100	Dec.	4 % for ½ year ended 30 June 1940	29-6-40	120 Sept	85 Apr	100.00 May	100.00 May	....	....	262	107
....	....	....	120	....	....	....	120	....	....	do. Cum. Pref. 7 %	7,500	7,500	T100	Dec.	3½ = $4.89 for ½ year ended 31-3-41	31-3-41	115 Aug	75 Feb	....	....	....	....	320	....
....	....	17.00	....	....	....	17	....	....	....	Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd. 8 % cum. pref	100,000	80,000	T10	Dec.	Div. 8 % = $1.12 for 1940	30-4-41	15 July	15 July	17.00 June	13½ May	....	....	950	1,475
....	....	....	3	....	....	....	3	....	....	Ch. Finance Corp. Fed. Inc. U.S.A. (Pref.) 8 %	600,000	205,125	T5	Dec.	Quarterly Div. Tls. 0.10 = $0.14, 1938	30-12-33	2.00 Dec	2.00 Dec	....	....	....	....	150	....
....	....	180	....	....	....	180.00	....	....	....	Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd. 8 % cum. pref	10,000	9,000	T100	Dec.	Div. Tls. 8 = $11.19, 1939	2-5-40	160 May	160 May	180.00 Feb	180.00 Feb	....	....	221	86
....	....	134½	....	....	134½	134½	....	134½	134½	S'hai Power Co. Tls. 6 cum. Pref. stock	230,000	220,000	T100	Dec.	2nd qr. Div. Tls. 1.50(Mkg. Tls. 3.00 a/c 1941)	Pending	138½ Sept	120 May	134½ June	128 Feb	210	310	38,530	14,395
....	....	....	73.00	....	....	....	73	....	....	Shanghai Tug & Lighter Co., Ltd., 7 % pref	10,000	10,000	T50	Dec.	Fin. 3½ % (Mkr. 7 % a/c 1940)	28-3-41	....	....	61½ Mar	59.00 Apr	....	....	....	39
....	....	13.70	....	....	....	13.70	....	....	....	S'hai Waterworks Co., Ltd. 7 % cum. pref.	100,000	100,000	T10	Dec.	3½ = $0.49 for half year ended 30-6-40	27-9-40	15 May	13½ Apr	13.70 Mar	13.70 Mar	....	....	2,400	450
....	....	13.50	....	....	....	13½	....	....	....	do. 6½ % cum. pref.	100,000	100,000	T10	Dec.	3½ = $0.45 for half year ended 30-6-40	27-9-40			13.50 Oct	13.70 May	13½ Feb	....	7,340	2,445
										Cottons														
40½	40½	40.00	....	36½	36½	36½	....	41½	38.00	Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd., Ordinary	2,000,000	1,687,500	T5	Dec.	Fin. $4.50 (Mkg. $6.00 a/c 1940)	7-5-41	82 May	27 July	53 Jan	33.00 May	83,950	196,856	6,433,028	3,517,971
8.60	8.80	8.60	....	7.90	8.00	8.00	....	8.90	8.15	New China Textile Co., Ltd.	2,000,000	1,440,600	$5	Dec.	Fin. $0.75 a/c 1940	28-3-41	9.80 Oct	6.10 Oct	10.30 Jan	5.40 May	47,700	44,200	2,565,275	1,733,286
270.00	....	265.00	....	265.00	....	265.00	....	265.00	265.00	Shanghai Cotton Mfg. Co., Ltd.	240,000	240,000	$50	Apr.	Fin. $7.50 (Mkg. $15.00 a/c 1940-41)	30-5-41	244 May	154 Oct	265 May	185 Feb	250	14	7,859	6,791
5.40	5.45	5.40	....	5.35	5.40	5.35	....	5.65	5.30	Shanghai Worsted Mill, Ltd.	1,000,000	1,000,000	$5	Mar.	Div. $0.25 a/c 1940-41	Pending	7.35 Dec	6.60 Dec	7.35 Jan	4.75 April	26,260	32,015	684,435	998,603
....	....	90.00	....	....	....	90.00	....	....	....	Tung Yih Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	400,000	255,000	$10	Dec.	Div. $7.50 & Bonus $7.50 a/c 1940	12-3-41	83½ Dec	105 Feb	90.00 Jan	90.00 Jan	....	....	170	556
70.00	....	70.00	....	....	....	70.00	....	....	....	Zoong Sing Cotton Mills, Ltd.	200,000	150,000	$10	June	Int. $15.00 a/c 1940	25-11-40	75 Aug	47 Jan	70.00 Jan	70.00 Jan	....	5,150	200	
										Plantations														
....	....	48.00	....	....	....	48.00	....	....	....	Alma Estates, Ltd.	70,000	70,000	(Tls. 9)£1	Sept.	Fin. $5.00 (Mkg. $8.00 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	61 May	35 June	52 Mar	47½ Mar	....	....	24,694	2,180
16.90	....	17.20	....	15.10	15.30	15.40	....	17.50	16.50	Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plantations, Ltd.	400,000	350,000	10s	Dec.	Fin. $1.50 (Mkg. $2.00 a/c 1940)	28-5-41	34 Feb	$8.80 July	25.00 Jan	14.80 June	8,300	20,700	661,660	344,320
34.00	34½	33½	....	32½	....	32½	....	34½	32½	Anglo-Java Estates, Ltd.	500,000	496,000	10s	Dec.	Fin. $2.00 (Mkg. $5.00 a/c 1940)	Pending	61 May	18.20 June	49½ Jan	30½ June	32,700	63,300	1,579,801	1,039,094
....	....	6.50	....	....	....	6.50	....	....	....	Ayer Tawah Rub, Plantation Co., Ltd.	500,000	335,499	T1	Sept.	Fin. $1.20 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	11.70 Feb	4.25 Aug	7.20 Jan	5.05 April	....	....	50,164	4,933
1.34	1.40	1.36	....	....	....	1.28	....	1.36	1.32	Batu Anam (Johore) Rub, Ests., Ltd.	960,000	960,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.30 a/c 1940)	7-5-41	2.90 Feb	81 May	1.70 Jan	1.20 Feb	8,500	3,000	1,240,645	169,950
....	....	6.80	....	6.40	....	6.40	....	7.00	6.80	Bute Plantations (1913), Ltd.	500,000	353,698	T1	Dec.	Fin. $0.80 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1940)	2-5-41	15 Feb	6.00 May	8.20 Jan	5.50 Feb	700	1,500	180,980	47,270
....	....	1.98	....	1.92	1.98	1.90	....	1.98	1.92	Chemor United Rubber Co., Ltd.	1,200,000	956,804	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.30 (Mkg. $0.40 a/c 1940)	25-3-41	5.20 Feb	1.55 May	3.05 Jan	1.90 June	9,000	5,150	1,379,647	187,201
0.74	....	0.74	....	....	....	0.75	....	0.77	0.74	Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd.	1,095,850	1,051,438	T0.10	June	Div. $0.05 a/c 1939-40	1-10-40	1.74 Jan	0.50 May	0.95 Jan	0.70 Feb	5,000	7,000	4,860,615	374,900
6.90	....	7.00	....	6.50	7.00	6.50	....	7.20	6.80	Consolidated Rub. Estates (1914), Ltd.	500,000	484,837	2/-	Dec.	Fin. $0.53 (Mkg. $1.23 a/c 1940)	2-5-41	14.50 Feb	4.95 May	8.20 Jan	5.90 Feb	5,500	7,000	506,585	64,560
9.40	....	9.40	....	....	....	9.40	....	....	....	Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd.	350,000	200,000	T1	Dec.	Fin. $0.80 (Mkg. $1.80 a/c 1940)	30-4-41	19.00 Feb	8.95 July	12 Jan	8.75 May	....	500	163,681	13,700
....	....	....	62	....	....	....	62	....	....	Gula-Kalumpong Rub. Ests., Ltd.	750,000	665,000	£1			6-4-39	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	3.85	3.75	....	....	....	3.95	....	3.80	3.75	Java-Cotta. Rub. & Coffee Ests., Ltd.	850,000	750,000	2/-	Dec.	Fin. $0.50 (Mkr. $0.75 a/c 1940)	14-5 41	7.70 Feb	2.15 June	4.70 Jan	3.75 June	....	8,000	935,271	143,450
24.00	....	....	19.00	....	....	....	19	....	....	Kapayang Rubber Estates Co., Ltd.	15,000	14,800	T10	Dec.	Fin. $3.00 a/c 1940	23 6 41	40 May	18.00 July	15 Feb	15 Feb	....	....	3,300	816
4.50	5.00	4.70	....	4.50	....	4.70	....	4.95	4.45	Kota Bahroe Rub. Ests. (1921), Ltd.	500,000	461,804	T0.75	June	Int. $0.20 a/c 1940-41	9-5-41	10.10 Feb	4.00 May	5.80 Jan	3.90 Feb	6,500	1,015	573,445	74,885
....	1.98	2.00	....	....	1.90	1.88	....	2.07½	1.92	Kroewoek Java Plantations, Ltd.	2,200,000	2,200,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.15 (Mkg. $0.40 a/c 1940)	3 6 41	4.70 Feb	1.30 June	3.45 Jan	1.80 June	20,500	44,000	4,340,580	830,700
22½	22½	22½	....	21½	22	21½	....	23½	20½	Langkat	300,000	250,000	Gs.10	Oct.	Div. Guilders 0.10 a/c 1939-40	Pending	47½ May	12.50 July	37 Jan	19.60 June	37,355	92,200	1,854,788	1,192,941
....	2.35	2.30	....	....	....	2.30	....	2.35	2.30	Padang Rubber Co., Ltd.	500,000	500,000	T1	Apr.	Int. $0.15 a/c 1940-41	27-2-41	5.20 Feb	1.68 June	3.15 Jan	2.25 June	....	5,000	756,251	5,000
....	....	1.10	....	1.08	....	1.10	....	....	....	Permata Rubber Estate, Ltd.	350,000	317,219	$1	Oct.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.28 a/c 1939-40)	19-3-41	3 Feb	0.90 May	1.44 Jan	1.10 May	....	....	336,006	141,393
1.08	....	1.04	....	....	....	1.04	....	1.18	1.12	Repah Rubber & Tapioca Ests., Ltd.	1,350,000	1,350,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.12 (Mkg. $0.22 a/c 1940)	17-4-41	2.60 Feb	0.81 July	1.50 Jan	1.04 Feb	13,000	3,000	2,072,462	396,132
11.20	11½	11.20	....	10.10	10.40	10.00	....	11.80	10.40	Rubber Trust, Ltd.	25,000,000	1,082,000	T1	Sept.	Fin. $1.00 (Mkg. $1.60 a/c 1939-40)	17-12-40	16.30 May	6.20 July	13.20 Jan	8.00 Feb	1,900	20,400	2,058,224	148,100
....	....	1.48	....	1.50	....	1.48	....	1.66	1.62	Samazaga Rubber Co., Ltd.	6,000,000	1,011,000	T0.10	Sept.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.35 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	3.55 May	1.25 June	2 Jan	1.36 Feb	....	5,000	1,003,635	110,300
1.12	....	1.08	....	....	....	1.08	....	1.18	1.12	Semamba Rubber Ests., Ltd.	900,000	900,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.10 (Mkg. $0.20 a/c 1940)	8-4-41	3.10 Feb	0.85 May	1.54 Jan	1.08 June	14,000	2,000	712,995	431,785
1.64	....	1.60	....	....	....	1.55	....	1.72	1.60	Senawang Rub. Ests. Co. (1921), Ltd.	1,140,000	1,140,000	T0.10	Jan.	Int. $0.10 a/c 1940-41	30-1-41	3.60 May	0.99 July	1.96 Jan	1.28 Feb	2,000	58,425	2,983,168	20,833
9.20	....	....	8.90	9.60	....	9.50	....	....	....	Shanghai Kedah Plantations, Ltd.	400,000	300,000	T1	Sept.	Int. $0.60 a/c 1940-41	Pending	18½ Feb	6.55 June	13.20 Jan	9 25

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI. *To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."*

Volunteering:

Reply to Mr. R. G. Morrison

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—My! My! My! what has sprung up in our midst? The conglomeration of vituperative nonsense, cloaked neath the trade mark of "VIEWS OF A YOUNG BRITON" appearing in the N.-C.D.N. of even date, certainly is worthy of a place in the Nasty Bible "Mein Kampf" and a consolation prize not only of one feather, but the whole bird itself.

From the letter in review, it would appear that a generous stand is taken by its author, viz., an offer to supply information re the difficulties encountered by a would-be volunteer, this emanating from a number of local Britons, excerpts from letters received from pals in Malaya and introductions to certain firms on the Clyde.

Excellent, but what instrument are you prepared to play in the band? The noisy one. However, here is a little more second-hand information which will swell your stock-in-trade, coming from a one-man band and should the music not be to your good taste, substitute your own, not your pals.

Joining Up:—If the difficulty is the Boss, drop him. A visit to the recruiting office will suffice to enlighten you as to the chances of acceptance or rejection. If the former, you will eventually receive a uniform which without doubt will not include a silk shirt as part of the facings, nor the imprint of a cane bottom chair on the seat of the pants as a badge. Should you be classed in the latter category, you will receive a written notification in recognition of your action.

The Clyde side offer:—£10-£15 weekly was very often passed in the dock yards during the last war—is certainly more inducive than two bob a day. Why then pass it by? Remember there are jobs and other jobs in a dock yard.

The Editor is at liberty to furnish you with my name and address. The name of one who together with thousands of others—some who are no more—fought in order that you may abuse them and their cause.

Conscription is unnecessary for a select few in our midst. What is required is a Press Gang.

EX SUBMARINE SERVICE 1914-18.

Shanghai, June 26.

Men Urgently Needed

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Of course, every person is entitled to his own opinion, both the old and the very young, but I, and many others here strongly resent Mr. MORRISON'S letter in your issue of June 26. To start with, there is a hidden slur against the men who served in the last war and I am sure there is not one of us who served who does not today say "thank God I did go." Mr. MORRISON'S letter is also in my opinion a very dangerous one, such expressed thoughts as his make for conscientious objectors, etc.

Taking his letter as it goes the matter of "wasting months" in India and Malaya. Does he think the military authorities are going to risk sending untrained soldiers with practically no knowledge of the language to the Near East and Indian Frontier; they will see all the service when they know their job.

As regards conscription the rules of the game are fairly simple, you should serve unless you are in a job of national importance or you cannot be replaced by a woman or older man; and goodness knows very, very few of us here can say that our job could not be filled at once or the work distributed in the office if we got killed or fell sick here.

Yes, men from 18—40 are most urgently required for all services and men up to 50 can now always find jobs in armament and other works.

Why does Mr. MORRISON think England had only last month to call up 300,000 girls aged 20?

Referring to the last paragraph of his letter, who does Mr. MORRISON think is going to fight for all we hold dear, if it is not the "Younger Britons."

I read a very excellent letter in your paper on this subject which concluded with "England expects every man to do his duty" this I commend to Mr. MORRISON and his friends.

If they do not like the idea of training in India I understand there is a steamer at an early date going to England.

Mr. MORRISON says some people stayed at home in comfort last war and did not play the game, but as the old proverb says "two wrongs do not make a right" anyway.

He surely would hate people to think that in his opinion as his letter conveys, that old men and young women should fight battles.

N. H. RUTHERFORD.

Shanghai, June 29.

A Veteran's Views

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I find it difficult to understand the views and attitude expressed by Mr. R. G. MORRISON in his letter to you of June 24 on the subject of volunteering for service by young Britons. I agree that the indiscriminate sending out of white feathers by anonymous individuals is futile and despicable. MR. MORRISON says that he is eager to take a more active part in the prosecution of the war, but that he has no intention of being driven to it by others. That appears to be contradictory or, at least, a curious sentiment. If he is whole-hearted about serving, and is convinced that he should do more than he is doing, surely the opinion of others matters not at all. He has only to consult his own conscience.

I know nothing of conditions in Malaya, but I do know that one young man from my office, who left here for training in India last September, is now serving in the Middle East with an Indian Regiment, and another from my office who left here in April commenced hard training at a Cadet School in India early this month. That seems to indicate that men are urgently required.

MR. MORRISON further states that he does not propose to be misled by the unfortunate experiences of the last war during which men remained at home in comfort and, after the war was over, refused to help realize Lloyd George's promise that the soldiers should return to a land fit for heroes. Those post-war years were of course most disappointing, full of broken promises and regrettable political blunders, but the British Empire is still worth fighting for (and always will be) and if all took the view which MR. MORRISON advocates, we should be in a sad position now. We are undoubtedly fighting with our backs to the wall and every single individual should be "going all out" to help, without reservation of any kind. When it is over, then those who have given their help will have the right—and the duty—to continue their "all out" effort to see that those previous blunders and mistakes are not again allowed to occur.

In spite of MR. MORRISON'S admonitions, I say "Go to it, you younger men—you will never regret it."

F. R. BARRY
Major late R.F.A.

Shanghai, June 27.

Germany and Russia:

The Real Struggle

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The new military adventure started by Hitler in Soviet Russia has undoubtedly facilitated the maturity of mutual collaboration between the democracies and the Soviet Union in their common struggle against aggression. This turning point which has brought the world to a much brighter side, indeed, gives us a great joy and high inspiration, especially after reviewing the trend of development of the world situation during the past two years.

However, I would like to stress one point which the "Shun Pao" in its editorial today mentioned and which, I think, will determine the fate of the world, to put it seriously. The only point which we should make clear before every one of us according to that journal, is the struggle between justice and aggression, besides which nothing would be more important. It seems that while promising aid to be rendered to Soviet Russia, the British and the U.S.A. authorities have failed to give up old grudges, particularly against ideological differences, and hence, have made certain reservations in their promises. As a matter of fact, we should not compare Nazism with the Soviet Union, for the former is an aggressor jeopardizing international justice and humanity while the latter is not. The democracies are fighting the aggressor and naturally not the principle of national socialism. Should we consider Communism and Nazism as one thing, we would fall into the error of tolerating the crime of Nazi aggression. That was why Hitler had once endeavoured to induce the democracies to provoke the so-called anti-Soviet "crusade." Fortunately for us, Hitler has failed in this attempt, because he is a liar whom no one can trust. And now, the democracies should not be so short-sighted as to assume an indifferent attitude towards the resistance of the Soviet Union against Hitler. It is now not time for them to bring up old grievances and indirectly enhance the prestige and strength of their common foe. Let them help each other in championing the common cause of anti-aggression; for if they hesitate to do so, Hitler will get all what he wants from Soviet Russia and will laugh at the British and American blockade. And by that time, he will hurl all the material resources in the European continent into a much larger-scale military campaign against the democracies. After all, what should we side with: justice or aggression? Naturally, with justice and let all sponsoring justice come together under the same banner, no matter what kind of principle they believe.

HARRY YOUNG.

Shanghai, June 26.

The Western Floods:

A Call for Action

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Yu Yuen Road, from St. George's to Jessfield, is still flooded to such an extent that buses are unable to run and therefore residents in this district must pay exorbitant prices for transportation.

At present, although it is only low tide, the level of the water is actually higher than it was this morning. However, though bad enough to risk damage to one's cars, the water could be pumped at the rate of several hundred gallons per minute on to any open space or even the Soochow Creek with an ordinary fire hose. The whole district could be cleared in a few hours.

Surely someone should be called to give an account of why nothing has been done to remove this water which must cause tremendous damage to road surface which we ratepayers will be called upon to pay.

Not only this, but the question of sanitation arises. During the last floods there were many deaths of Shanghai's residents directly attributed to this cause.

Trusting that this letter will catch the eye of at least one of our Councillors and that something may be done for the long-suffering Western District ratepayers.

N. T.

Shanghai, June 26.

Some Suggestions

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The floods are on us once more and resulting from them several thousand dollars worth of loss and damage. If the floods are not preventable, much of the loss can be prevented. A little guidance and initiative from the police could at least save the stranding of numerous motor cars. The city is not entirely flooded; it is only flooded in patches.

Diagrams, showing the flooded patches, should be published in all the morning and evening papers, and should be prominently displayed in central points of the city. When radio stations are themselves put out of action by the floods, the present attempt of the police to broadcast the names of flooded streets obviously reaches very few persons; besides people would far rather see a diagram before them than have to remember from a list read out to them.

Barricades from certain dry streets should be removed while the floods last. For example, there are two bad patches in Tifeng Road and Avenue Haig, but these can be avoided by going along Rue Magy which is at present blocked by a barricade.

Barricades for inspection should be removed from the dry central parts of roads, so that traffic does not have to go into the flooded sides of the road.

The police are the guardians and directors of traffic. The public expects them, in flood time as in normal times, to direct traffic along safe routes. If they are overworked, why not call out the Boy Scouts to help?

X.

Shanghai, June 27.

That Motorist:

A Really Clever Fellow

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I beg the hospitality of your columns to congratulate the driver of car No. 648 on the most superb and skilful exhibition of cutting in and out that I have been privileged to see for many a long day.

The exhibition took place on Avenue Edward VII this morning at about 9 a.m., and for the benefit of others who may enjoy a thrill on the way to town in the morning, I would suggest that "648" informs the public whether his show is a daily one.

Conditions were grand, as there was an unusual congestion of traffic owing to Avenue Joffre and other roads being flooded. The manner in which "648"—a large car—avoided touching anything on either side was a perfect joy to behold. At times the wings were overlapped by the chassis of trucks passing in the opposite direction, but the driver's judgment of speed and space was peerless, and the resolute manner in which he bored a passage through left nothing to be desired. There was never a hit—really a most exhilarating performance.

The course ran from Yu Ya Ching Road to The Bund, and was covered like a streak. From the fleeting glimpse I had I was left with the impression that the driver was a foreigner.

Since witnessing the exhibition, however, I have been wondering what traffic conditions on the roads would be like if all drivers exercised their skill and determination as boldly as did the driver of No. 648 this morning.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Shanghai, June 26.

Howlers:

One That Was Not

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your yesterday's "In Parenthesis" column you publish for our amusement three presumably locally-produced "Howlers." The first and second can pass but the third one is an answer to the question "What is the difference between character and reputation?" and the alleged Howler consists of the following reply—"Character is what you are, and reputation is what other people think you are."

If this answer, so admirably concise and accurate, was produced by a local child I would like him or her to know that in the opinion of one reader he has produced a very neat little aphorism, deserving full marks. From "Chambers 20th Century Dictionary" I take the following definitions—

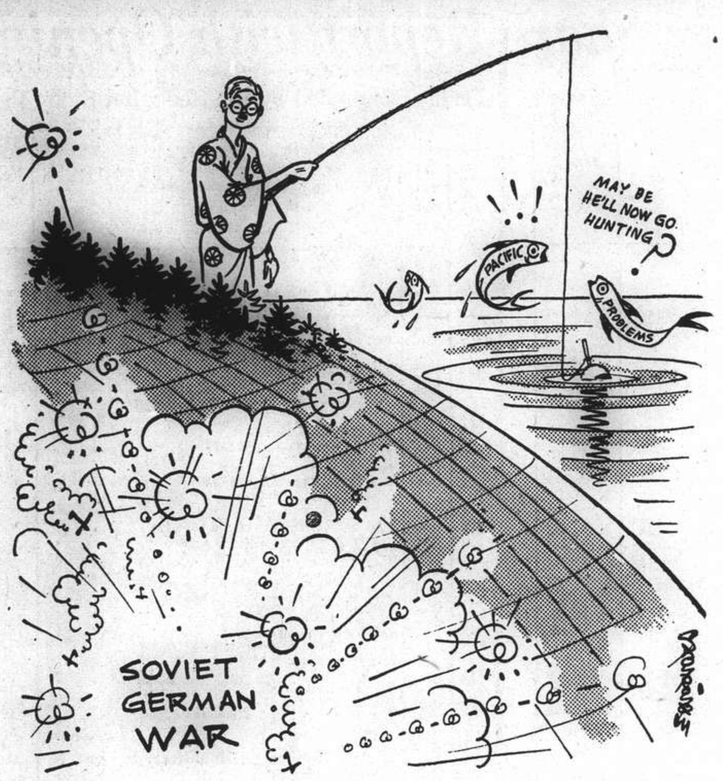
Character. The aggregate of the qualities which constitute individuality.

Reputation. Character in public opinion.

But perhaps the pedagogue concerned will explain to us where we are to howl, and why.

W.

Shanghai, June 26.



BY SAPAJOU.

Wishful Thinking

CHURCH SERVICES

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—June 29.—3rd Sunday After Trinity—St. Peter, Apostle and Martyr. 8 a.m. Holy Communion (also in Bubbling Well Chapel) 10.30 a.m. Mattins and Litany. Psalm: 19. Lessons: I Samuel 1; Mark 4, 1-29. Stanford in B flat. Hymns: 161, 176, 297. Preacher: The Dean 11.45 a.m. Holy Communion 6. p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Psalm: 20. Lessons: I Samuel 3; Matthew 4, 23-5, 16. Hymns: 261, 163, 193, 13. Preacher: Rev. E. J. Ottewell, L.Th. 6 p.m. Bubbling Well Chapel: Preacher: Rev. G. A. Scott. (Mattins and Litany at 10.30 a.m. will be broadcast from Cathedral over stations XMHC., 700 kc., XCDN., 1440 kc., and noon day Intercessions from XMHC., only.)

St. John's Pro-Cathedral.—Jessfield Evening Prayer in English at six o'clock.

"Church of the Air" Programme
760 kc. 395 m.
Sunday, June 29.
10.00 XMHD Service, Dr. L. S. Huizenga
11.00 Sacred Music
12.00 Dr. Bob Jones Service
1.10 Devotional Service
4.00 Sacred Music
4.30 Bible Study, Rev. G. A. Jacobson
7.45 "Miracles and Melodies"
8.00 XMHD Sacred Concert
8.30 Gospel Service. Major G. H. Walker
9.15 Russian Evangelistic Service and Music
Weekdays June 30-July 5.
7.30 Sacred Music
8.30 Thought for the Day, Rev. G. A. Jacobson
8.45 Gospel Songs
9.00 Prayer and Music for the Sick
12.00 Popular Music
12.45 N.C.D.N. News Items
13.10 Devotional Service and Song
16.00 Sacred Music
17.00 Classical Music
19.45 NCDN Weekly Review (Friday)
20.00 Sacred Music
20.30 Gospel Service and Song
21.00 NCDN News Items
21.30 Russian Service (Tuesday)

Saint Joseph's Church (Rue Montauban) Tel. 85353. Sunday: Masses at 6.15, 7, 8, 9.15 and 11 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Week-days: Masses at 6 and 7.30 a.m.

Sacred Heart Church (260 Nanzing Road) Tel. 41428 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6 and 7 a.m.

Saint Peter's Church (Avenue Dubail) Tel. 80725 Sunday: Masses at 5.15 6, 7, 8 9.15, 11 a.m. Benediction at 3.30 and 6.45 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.15, 6, 6.45 and 7.30 a.m.

Saint Theresa's Church (370 Tatung Road) Tel. 39359 Sunday. Masses at 6.15, 7, 8 a.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6.15, 7 a.m.

Our Lady's Church (694 Baikal Road) Sunday Masses, at 7.30 and 9 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays Mass at 7.30 a.m.

Church of St. Aloysius Gonzaga (734 Kiaochow Road.) Tel. 32313 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.30, 6 and 6.30 a.m.

Church of Christ the King: 235 Rue Bourgeat. Tel. 72873 Masses on Sunday at 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 a.m. Benediction at 7 p.m. Masses weekdays at 7 and 8 a.m. Catechism classes every Saturday at 9 a.m.

Saint John Bosco's Church (740 Hangchow Road) Sunday Masses at 7, 8.30, 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays Mass at 6.30 a.m.

Foreign Y.M.C.A.—Informal Sunday Evening Service, 6 p.m. in the Junior division room. (mezzanine floor) Speaker. Mr. K. J. Faulkner. All welcome.

Shanghai Free Christian Church.—(Evangelical) 5 Tifeng Road. (Near Jessfield Road). Sunday 11 o'clock. Morning Worship: Preacher; Bishop F. Houghton. Evening 6 o'clock, Gospel Service. Preacher; Mr. J. A. Eggo During the week: Monday 8 p.m Young People's Meeting. Thursday afternoon 5.45 o'clock, Prayer-meeting.

Community Church.—53 Ave. Petain. Rev. H. Eugene Davis will preach in Community Church Sunday at 11 a.m., on the subject: "Power of the positive—Be not deceived, God is not mocked." Text, Matt. 6:16-34. Mr. R. V. Dent will be at the organ, and Bella Resek will sing "O Loving Father" by Teresa Del Riego. All departments of Church School will meet at 9.30 a.m. The Navy "Y" will have its programme for Service men at 6 p.m.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.—1647 Avenue Road. Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject: "Christian Science" Sunday School 9.45 a.m. Testimonial Meeting Wednesday, 6 p.m. Reading Room at the Church open Monday, Tuesday, and Friday from 10.30 to 12.30, Wednesday from 4 to 6 p.m.

Bethesda Gospel Hall.—(International) 729 Yu Yuen Road, Shanghai Gospel Services are held in: German: Sundays Breaking of Bread Meeting at 3.30-4.30 p.m. Sundays Bible Class at 5-6 p.m. Wednesdays Bible Class for Ladies at 4-5.30 p.m. Chinese: Sundays Breaking of Bread Meeting at 10-11.30 a.m. Sundays Gospel Meeting at 2.30-4 p.m. Tuesdays Prayer Meeting at 7.30-9 p.m. Thursdays Bible Class at 6-7 p.m. English: Fridays Prayer Meeting at 5.30-6.30 p.m.

Endeavourers' Church.—Morning service will be held at 9.30 a.m. in the hall of the Shanghai Free Christian Church. 5 Tifeng Road. The speaker will be Rev. F. G. Onley. Mid-week prayer meeting will be held on Wednesday at 5.30 p.m. in room 305, Missions Building 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

Society of Friends (Quakers).—A meeting for worship to which all are welcome will be held at 6 p.m. on Sunday in room "D" at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., 150 Bubbling Well Road.

Three "Lawrences" Work For British

Count Byron de Prorok, who has just returned to New York after twenty years' work in Africa as an archæologist, believes that he knows the names of three new "Lawrences of Arabia" working in Africa for the British, writes the correspondent of the "Evening Standard."

From scraps of information revealed by the Cairo communiqués, and from knowledge he has picked up in Africa, he believes they are:

Major Ralph Alger Bagnold, leader of desert expeditions, veteran of the last war, and one of the greatest authorities in the world on the movements of sand dunes;

Mr. William Boyd Kennedy Shaw, a former member of the Sudan Forest Service and the Palestinian Department of Antiquities, a noted botanist and archæologist;

Captain Norman Hillier, explorer, author, veteran of the last war, and organizer of a trading company which operated across the Libyan Desert, using light cars instead of camels.

Count de Prorok declared today that "two other probable heroes of Britain's North African campaign" are Major John Glubb known to the Arabs as "the man with the scar," who organized the Bedouins in the twenties to fight Saudi Arabian raiders; and Major James Maxwell, former commander of Kurmuk, a friend and adviser of many Ethiopians.

"For years he has been studying trails through sand dunes. He must be the man who found the way to get light tanks through to attack Sidi Barrani, where the Italians were so confident it could not be done that they did not even post sentries over the dunes.

1,000ft. Hills

"Behind Sidi Barrani the dunes form hills 300 to 1,000ft. high, the height of the Eiffel Tower. They change constantly. Major Bagnold knows the winds of those parts; he knows how the dunes would change, and with his records and data and personal knowledge, he could very well have kept track of the changes until ithe exact moment when the dunes would pass and light cars could fly along on the rock surface beneath.

"In the Libyan desert that rock is as hard and flat as a billiard table.

"Mr. Shaw could have been the link between the British and Free French forces coming up from Lake Chad. He used to spend his time mapping the desert spaces in winter and then going to England in the hot weather to lecture and write.

"Captain Hillier was without a job after the last war. With his experience of the desert he organized the Western Desert Transport Company.

"His headquarters were at Mersa Matruh where the British drive into Libya started, and Siwa, the great Oasis of Jupiter, in the heart of the desert.

"He had rest houses and deposits of water and food placed strategically all over the desert. The Senussi, who still call Graziani "the Butcher," are behind Hillier. They are behind anyone who is against Graziani.

"Hillier helped hundreds of the tribesmen to escape from the Italians through the barbed wire fence Mussolini had set up along the Libyan-Egyptian frontier."

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF JUNE 28, 1871

On Monday evening last to inaugurate the successful laying of the China Submarine Telegraph Cable, by the ships and staff of the Telegraphic Construction and Maintenance Co.'s expedition, the captain of the Belgian, E. Leighton, gave on board his ship an evening entertainment, consisting of a most excellent private theatrical performance, which was preceded by a dinner to the heads, officers, and staff of the expedition and followed by a feast for the whole crew.

Before buying a refrigerator, get acquainted with a Westinghouse.

1941 models on display
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TO-DAY'S RADIO

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION
FFZ
193 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai
TELEPHONE 80567

Medium wave: 214m., 1400kc.
Short wave: 42.80m., 12.09mc.
Daily broadcast in four languages

Time table
12.00 Light music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Children's hour.
2.00 Chinese music.
4.30 Light music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. Echoes of Paris. The zone of barracks around Paris is about to disappear.
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

Pastorals:
Rossini: Wilhelm Tell (overture); Witkovsky: My lake; Glazounov: The seasons; Beethoven: Pastoral Symphony.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"
XCDN
"The Voice of Democracy" in Shanghai
Wave leangth 208m. Frequency 1440kc.
P. O. Box 433, Shonghai
Telephone 16967

To-day's Programme
7.45 a.m. News in Chinese
12.00 Mid-day Concert including songs by Alfred Piccaver and Essie Ackland
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.30 News in German
2.00 English Comedians
2.30 Novelty Recordings
3.00 Dance Music
4.30 Chinese Programme, including Professor Chao Mei-pa's Musical Programme at 5.00. News at 5.20 and 6.00 and a Commentary at 6.15
7.00 Greek Programme
7.30 News in French
7.45 Light Music
8.00 Relay of B.B.C. News and Talk
8.30 "Flying High" Part II—a B.B.C. Recorded Programme
8.55 "The Lowdown on the Follies"
9.00 News in English and B.B.C. Programme Announcements
9.20 "People who are Themselves"—Talk by Sir George Sansom, read by a friend of his.
9.30 Songs by Peter Dawson and Gracie Fields
9.45 "The Cop and the Anthem." Short Story by O. Henry
10.00 "Music a la Carte"—Request Programme conducted by Kenneth Mackenzie Tel. 16967
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' NeWs SummaFy
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and GSF in the 19 metre band are:—

p.m.
8.00 News and Topical Talk.
8.30 Calling British Forces in the Far East.
9.15 Sandy Macpherson at the Theatre Organ.
9.30 Orchestral Concert.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
11.00 Happidrome. Variety.
Midnight. Books and People. Talk.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"
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CONCISE
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XMHD broadcasts news in English daily at 12.45 and 9 p.m. and news in Chinese daily at 12.30 and 9.15 p.m.

MAILS COMING AND GOING
EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS
WEATHER REPORTS
LOCAL EVENTS OF THE DAY

At other hours, the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association broadcasts in English and Chinese language programme of music and talks.

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88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

In Main Salesroom—Now On View
To-day, Saturday, June 28, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, day beds, corner settee, curtains, cushions, carpets, willow furniture, Imported wardrobe and leather trunks, large clothes wringer, table fans, radio receiving sets, electric coffee percolators and hot plates, E.P., glass, porcelain pewter and bronze ware, cutlery, dinner and tea crockery, vases, lamps, new shades, pictures, filter, writing set, dressing and manicure sets, **jade incense burner, "Elgin" gold watch**, projector, chromium black Duco painted furniture, child's prams and bicycles, wall mirrors, gramophones, books, magazines, desks, desk chairs, bookcases, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, Simmons iron and wooden bedsteads with mattresses, cupboards, wooden crates, electric waffle irons and toaster, etc., also

1 Fine tone iron framed 3-pedal upright piano by "Moutrie"
1 Imported iron safe with keys, 1 Floating card compass
1 G.E. Electric vacuum cleaner 220 volts with accessories

At No. 5 Route Francis Garnier
On Monday, June 30, 1941, at 10 a.m.
Superior Household Furniture, Carpets and Sundries

Tientsin, Peiping and Axminster Carpets, rugs, stair carpets, rods, awnings, pot plants, wall mirrors, pictures, fenders, fire brasses, medicine chests, "Corona" portable typewriter, writing desks, chairs, bookcases, books, blackwood teapoys, low table, flower stand, bronze figures, brass smoking table, tapestry upholstered double spring couch, arm chairs, covers, spring exerciser, teakwood sideboard, cellarette, dining table with 8 leather covered chairs **made by Arts and Crafts**, soap stone inlaid blackwood high screen, crockery, glass ware, electric toaster, willow chairs, child's slides, swing, garden settee, bamboo poles, kitchen cupboard, tables, wall shelves, partitions, garret, filter, square heating stoves, shower bath, porcelain bidet, mirror door wardrobes, chest of drawers, dressing tables, round table, chairs, stool, wooden single bedsteads with Simmons springs, box springs and kapoc mattresses, child's wooden bedsteads, light fittings, curtains, wrought iron and brass curtain rods, door check, pad locks, bolts and sundries, etc.

Also

2 Wilton carpets, 1 "Success" gent's bicycle with license
2 "W.S." 4-blade ceiling fans 110 V. with speed regulators

NOW ON VIEW

IN CARGO SALESROOM
On Monday, June 30, 1941, at 2 p.m.

7 Cases Woodfree Artprinting Paper, (1 side and 2 sides coated)
10 Bales Indian Tobacco Leaf (Gulla)—Slightly Damaged
23 Bags Rice Sweepings and 1132 Pairs American Rubber Shoes

NOW ON VIEW

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(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)
AUCTIONEERS AND APPRAISERS

Will sell by public auction under instructions from the concerned

IN CARGO SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)
To-day, Saturday, June 28, 1941, at 11 a.m.

9 Hogsheads American Leaf Tobacco (Damaged)

NOW ON VIEW

IN CARGO SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)
On Monday, June 30, 1941, at 2.30 p.m.

Damaged Cargo Ex: ss. "Tsinan" (General Average)

A Quantity of Cotton Towels and Shirts, Caps, Mufflers and Sundries, also,

1086 Pieces and 1 Case cotton piece goods

ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director*

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Yokohama Specie Bank Building, 24 The Bund
Read About the History-Making Changes in the Orient To-day in the June Issue of *The Far Eastern Review.*
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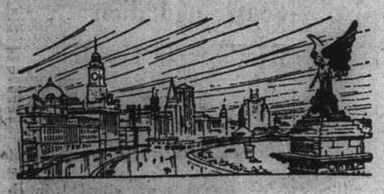

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

AT LONG LAST

The statement contained in the Russian communiqué that the Rumanian oilfields have been bombed from the air, and that refineries at Ploesti are burning is about the most satisfactory piece of news that has been made public this week. It will certainly be pleasing to those who for months past have been asking why they had not been attacked. When the Germans invaded Rumania, and made it in fact an occupied country, there was every reason why the British air force should have attacked Ploesti and inflicted all the damage possible. It might not have been able entirely to destroy the oilfields, but they could have been put out of operation for very many months and the Germans would have lost considerable oil supplies which at the moment form the main part of their fuel and lubricating resources. Why this step has not been taken before has not been made entirely plain, though the argument was officially advanced that it was better to attack refineries in Germany than to strike at the actual oilfields. That this view was not unanimously held is shown by the declaration of the managing director of one of the British-owned oil concerns in Rumania who said he would welcome the news that his company's holdings in that country had been bombed and destroyed.

Very different considerations applied in the case of the Iraq rebellion when the fields at Mosul and Kirkuk were for a time menaced. It was contended by some that those fields should have been immediately destroyed, but the argument does not apply with the same force to the Iraqi oilfields as it did in the case of the Rumanian. Iraq was not enemy territory. There was reason to believe that the rebellion would be quashed as it ultimately was, and it would have been a confession of complete desperation to have destroyed those valuable resources before an attempt had been made to restore order in Iraq and reestablish a Government friendly to Great Britain in Baghdad. As matters turned out the British were successful in their task of restoring order, and with the subjugation of Syria the oil of those fields will continue to be available to the British in the eastern Mediterranean.

Failure to deal with the oil fields at Ploesti again gave rise to the uncomfortable suspicion that in some way or other the powerful oil interests of the world are removed above the ordinary exigences of war. It is hoped that this is not the case, for, if it is, it would import an uncomfortable degree of unreality into a war which is completely real. Whether that is so or not, it is clear that Soviet Russia views the matter of enemy-controlled oilfields in a proper, realistic light, and has proceeded with an attempt to deprive the enemy of one source of supply. It may be possible, unless the Germans succeed in driving the Russians so far into the interior of their country as to be no longer within flying distance of the Rumanian fields, that successive raids may keep the oilfields largely if not entirely unusable, and, if they succeed in doing that, they will have succeeded in dealing out a remarkably severe blow to the Germans which may ultimately have a very profound effect upon the outcome of the war.

This attack upon Ploesti may be an indication of what the Russians themselves contemplate should the Germans have shown any likelihood of reaching their objectives in the Caucasus. If they follow their historic practice of laying waste the country through which they retreat it might very well be that they would destroy the oilfields which have tempted Hitler into his latest adventure, and the prospect of other oil-producing centres in that area and its vicinity being similarly treated does not in the circumstances appear unlikely. The destruction of so large a section of the world's oil sources may seem appalling, but it is more appalling that they should be allowed to fall into the hands of the enemy who would thus be in a position to carry on the war indefinitely, while the strain imposed upon the remaining oilfields of the world to supply the wartime needs of the democracies would indeed be great. That is a contingency which may have to be faced, and the Russian action against Ploesti appears to indicate in exactly what manner they would face it.

THE LOST PEACE

It was this day twenty-two years ago that the German Foreign Minister signed the peace treaty, which ended the last war, in the Salle des Glaces at Versailles. Much has been written since about that historic document, the delay in holding the peace conference, and the manner in which its terms were applied by the victorious Allies, and evaded by Germany. It has been contended with considerable justification that the better method of dealing with defeated Germany—defeated in the field of battle, and not, as the Nazis claim, by a stab in the back,—would have been to have negotiated a preliminary peace treaty as soon as possible after the conclusion of the armistice, and then have dealt with the question of the permanent peace treaty at leisure afterwards. The continuance of the blockade during the six months delay in holding the Paris Conference has been open to very considerable criticism and cannot now be defended.

Viscount Esher, who played an important part in maintaining liaison between the British Government, and the British High Command, was present throughout the whole of the Conference and his diary is a revelation of how it proceeded. Following the signature of the Treaty he expressed in his journals considerable anxiety as to its wisdom, and remarked that he doubted whether it would be successful in maintaining the peace even for another generation. That it did not do so was due mainly to the defects inherent in the Treaty, failure of the Allies to keep Germany up to her commitments under its terms, and the German desire, fostered since Hitler came into power, for revenge and that worldwide domination which Imperial Germany had in mind when it started the war in 1914. That there were injustices in that ill-fated document no one will for a moment deny. They were largely the product of that hate which the infamous conduct of Germany throughout the war had inspired, and which Hitler is again inspiring.

It is no use crying over the spilt milk of the past but rather to look forward to the future. The time will come when the victorious democracies will again have to dictate terms of peace to Germany. It is to be hoped that as a result of all that has happened during the past two decades the statesmen of the world will bring to the conference table a better realization of the huge task which will confront them. They will have to continually bear in mind that the new peace must be a just peace, just to Germany as also the Allies. But they will also have to remember that they will have to be prepared at all times to enforce its terms upon the defeated Germany, who no matter who may then be her rulers, will endeavour to wriggle out of her obligations as she commenced doing hardly before the ink was dry at Versailles. This is no time to talk about the war aims of the democracies save to state that President Roosevelt's four freedoms must be the basis of any peace which is negotiated.

That a new order must come in Europe is apparent. It will not be a new order of Hitler's fashioning, leading to the unutterable degradation of mankind, but one in which Europe shall be assured a permanent peace, with security, and the full opportunity of all nations to work out their destinies along lines dictated by their own national geniuses. But the story of the past twenty-two years clearly shows that the victorious Powers will need to maintain sufficient forces to be able to coerce a beaten Germany should she endeavour to evade her commitments or break the terms of the new treaty. One of the most necessary things in the world today is to ensure by the application of sanctions if necessary that nations entering into agreements shall keep them. Only by such means can the rule of law ever be reestablished. International morality must be restored, and the economic problems which have arisen since 1919 must be solved in the interests of all, for a sound international economy is the best guarantee for the permanence of any peace.

Their Own Medicine

Proof that the Royal Air Force is fulfilling the Prime Minister's promise to make the German people gulp sharper doses of the miseries they have showered on mankind, is given in the latest despatches from London, relating details of the raids being daily carried out over Germany and German-occupied territory. It has been revealed that the R.A.F. sent in a single night as many bombers as the Nazis used in some of the heaviest raids they made upon Britain last winter. British planes have also dropped a greater tonnage of bombs on Germany in the last fortnight than they did during the whole month of April. The toll taken of German aircraft in the daylight sweeps over the occupied Continent has also been remarkable, with comparatively little loss to the British. In short, the Germans are now being given something far more serious to think about than they ever had before. The effectiveness of the intensified British bombing disproves the Nazi theory that their attack upon Russia does not bring them into a war on two fronts. It is true that on the western front they have not to face the masses of Allied infantry that they had to face during the last war. But it would appear that the R.A.F. is quite as great a menace. To put a stop to the terrific damage being done to the Nazi communications and factories in western Germany, it will be necessary for the Luftwaffe to divert a number of machines from the Russian battle zone, and the R.A.F. may thus relieve the strain under which the Soviet armies are suffering at the moment. To achieve this will be worth the loss of far more British planes than have already been shot down. In the *Blitzkrieg* against the Low Countries and France, the Germans were not distracted by attacks upon their rear. In the present battle, however, they are being severely attacked while their defensive forces are busily engaged elsewhere. The magnificent resistance being put up by the Soviets is probably taxing the resources of the German High Command to the utmost, and they can ill afford to have their attention divided by raids upon their lines of communication, their supply factories, and their industrial centres by an enemy against whom they have been unable for the last six weeks to do more than make symbolic gestures. The Germans never wanted "war on two fronts." That was why they signed their treaty with the Soviet Union in August 1939. Now, thanks to Hitler, they have got it. It is obvious that their Luftwaffe is not sufficiently strong to attack Britain and the Soviets at the same time on a scale which might have a decisive effect. And they have therefore to concentrate upon one front at the expense of the other. Doubtless they believe that they will be able to put up with the losses on the western front while they make sure of a quick victory on the eastern one. But are they so sure of a quick victory there? It is noticeable that the German propaganda bureau is putting out stories of momentous success which will be reported within a short while. They are not recording momentous successes which have already been scored. And if the time ever comes when they can with truth claim victories which they have up to now won only on paper, then the Allies and Soviet Russia can rest assured that the cost of these victories has been infinitely greater than the Nazis ever anticipated.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

June 26.—Red is much in the news at present and from *erythros*, the Greek term for red, was derived the name *Erythrina* which was given to one of our favourite Summer flowering plants, a member of the *Leguminosæ* family. Under its common name of Coral Bush, this plant is fairly well known and valued for its suitability for lawn planting. The plant is native to Brazil, but it has many close relatives which are found in the East Indies, South America and other places. The plant bears conspicuous scarlet flowers in abundance on long stems and as they are rather odd in shape, they have resulted in the plant being referred to as "Tigers Claws" in Hawaii. The stems die down to ground level in winter, but the fleshy rootstock remains alive and strong new shoots grow rapidly from it the following Spring. When allowed to develop properly the Coral Bush makes a fine display on the lawn, but it is liable to become overcrowded in the shrubbery and then it loses its attractive appearance. A number of plants grown by themselves in a group are most attractive and we are sure that few people have passed the large group on the East side of McLeod road, about 100 yards or so from the Hungjao road corner, without admiring the effect produced. These plants are not young; they have remained undisturbed for years and their rootstocks must be enormous at present. There is one drawback to planting a large bed of *Erythrina*, and that is the fact that the bed has a very bare appearance all the Winter; but we cannot expect everything. Propagation may be carried out by the seed method, but we prefer to bury several long and thick stems in the late Autumn: plants will grow from each node and it is a simple task to cut through the stem and thus divide the plants in the Spring. Cuttings may also be taken from growing stems during the Summer, but plants take longer to develop by this method. "Our" species of Coral Bush loves moisture, so we expect the plants have thoroughly enjoyed the five and a half inches of rain that has fallen during the past 24 hours: it is nice to think that some things have enjoyed it: plenty of our bedding plants have not!!!—W.J.K.

A PARSON'S LOG

(From a Correspondent)

Dr. James Martineau's first child died in infancy and was buried in the French cemetery at Dublin. Before they quitted Ireland for Liverpool the father and mother paid a farewell visit to the grave of their first-born. The years went by, and it became Martineau's sacred duty to guide the descending steps of his beloved wife. At the age of eighty-seven he was a lonely old man. But when he was attending the tercentenary of Dublin University, he stole away from the brilliant functions to stand once more by the tiny grave that held the dust of his first-born child. No other living soul recalled that little one's smile, or remembered where the child was sleeping. But the father knew, and the little buried hands held his heart! This was fatherhood, unable to forget. And we remember that Lord Jehovah said to His people by the mouth of the prophet Isaiah, "Can a woman forget her sucking child, that she should not have compassion on the son of her womb? Yea, these may forget, yet will I not forget thee. Behold I have graven thee upon the palms of My hands."

One of the beauties of the New Testament is the extraordinary emphasis Jesus laid upon the Fatherhood of God. The word 'Father' occurs about ninety times in the Gospel of St. John, and the one subject on which Jesus claimed to have unique and absolute knowledge was the Father. In this scientific age men ask for a definition of God. The Bible never defines God, it takes Him for granted and teaches that He loves erring men and women with an intensity greater than that of an earthly father or mother. The height and depth of what Jesus meant by the term 'Father' we learn both from His words and from His life. From His words we understand that He chose this term to describe the character of God. Thus He teaches that, as it is the very nature of a father to give good gifts to his children, so is the very nature of God to give His good things to those who ask Him. Earthly fathers, though evil, give to their children; much more will God give who is absolutely and unchangeably good. He is waiting to bestow the Kingdom of Heaven upon the poor in spirit, and to give the vision of Himself to the pure in heart; that is to say, He gives the best He has to any and all who will receive it. And even upon those who will not receive the best, He bestows much; for He maketh His sun to rise on the evil and sendeth rain on the unjust. Jesus encourages His followers to cultivate this spirit in order that they may become sons of the heavenly Father and share His perfection. The story of the Prodigal Son in St. Luke's Gospel interprets Jesus' conception of the Father. When, in this story, Jesus says that the father watched and longed for the son's return, and welcomed him at last with kisses and a joyful feast, He gives us an insight into the very heart of God. And in the parables of the Lost Sheep and the Lost Coin Jesus declares that there is joy in heaven over one sinner who repents. It is in keeping with this teaching that Jesus, when addressing the multitudes as well as His disciples, said to all who heard Him, "Call no man your father on earth; for one is your Father, who is in heaven."

Again, the whole life of Jesus shows what he meant by the Fatherhood of God. He portrayed His own attitude towards weak and sinful humanity when He drew the picture of the father and his lost son. His brotherhood interpreted the spirit of the Divine Father. He did not simulate brotherliness. He lived it. As His love flowed out to men and women irrespective of all merely outward circumstances, He must have believed that God loves every one irrespective of all outward circumstances; in other words, that the heavenly Father's love is universal.

God is our Father not because He created us, not because He rules over us, but simply and only because He loves us. 'God is love', and in these dark days we must cling to this great truth. Let the words of the Psalmist speak peace to our well-nigh-broken hearts: "Like as a father pitieth his children, so the Lord pitieth them that fear him."

WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 359 days and there have been 7,636 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 365 days and there have been 1,186 contributors. The latest totals follow:—

Fund	*Amount* Ch. $	*Contributed* £ Sterling
Central British War Fund	15,257.60	62,731. 4. 5*
Vol. War Contribution Fund	4,483.72	173,726.16.10§
War Savings Association	84,774.08	60,118.15. 7‡

*—Including weekly transfers from CN$ into £.
§—Including daily transfers from CN$ into £.
‡—Including monthly transfers from CN$ into £.

IN PARENTHESIS

Overlooked

"Oh, waiter, I have only one piece of steak today instead of my usual two."

"Pardon me, sir, the cook forgot to cut it in half."

* * *

Ginger Cat's Letters to His Son

My Dear Son,

Meeting "the only girl in the world" was, I think, the subject of my last letter. This time we will discuss settling down with her, which is not nearly so exciting.

Of course, the first few weeks will be wonderful. To be always with her, to have her with you wherever you go, to share the same chair by the fire, to be relieved of the torture of separation, even for a moment, will be the realization of all your dreams.

But after a time you will both discover that you are getting on each other's nerves. This is quite natural, and should cause no heartburnings or doubts. Two cats cannot always want to do the same things at the same time. There will be occasions when you need the company of tom cats (perhaps a bachelor party round the dustbin), and there will be occasions when she, like Greta Garbo, wants to be alone.

As you get older, my dear son, you will realize that one certain way to the heart of a she cat is to be sensitive to her moods. She does not always want to have her ears washed. Nor is she always ready for a game of hide and seek behind the sofa. She may want to go for a walk or merely go to sleep. To ignore her immediate desires is to invite spitting and scratching and face slapping. It will be difficult not to hit back, and you will find yourself involved in your first quarrel.

Making it up after the first quarrel can be a delightful experience. You will both be very sorry about it all, and you will probably end the day with your paws round each other's necks exchanging licks on the cushion with the cosy smells. It is when the quarrels become regular and there is no making up that your partnership will reveal itself as a failure. And all through being incapable of sympathetic understanding.

And oh, I almost forgot. The kittens. The first kittens. These will be a great joy to both of you. I can think of nothing so thrilling as the first sight of your very own kittens (at least we hope they're your own) and the first touch of their tiny paws on your nose when you turn them over on their backs to wash their tummies.

Naturally, the novelty begins to wear off after the first hundred, but then, my dear son, boredom is the penalty of experience. The best fish dinner in the world never tastes so good as the one you shared with your mother when you could only just walk to the plate. I remember you sat in the middle of the plate and ate round yourself. How proud your mother was.

I shall be writing to you again soon, my dear son. Isn't it pleasant to have summer with us again?

Your affectionate father,
The Ginger Cat.

—By a British columnist.

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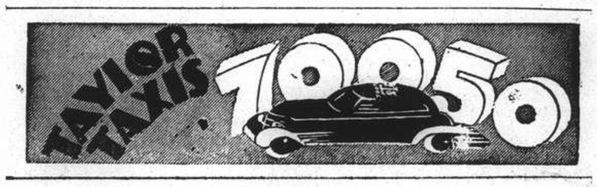

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Sir Victor Sassoon Says Views Misrepresented in U.S.

Honolulu, June 27.

SIR Victor Sassoon, now en route to China by clipper, yesterday said here that a recent Los Angeles newspaper story misrepresented his views.

He said he did not favour England and the British Empire becoming states under control of the United States.

"What I urged was a confederation between Britain and the United States with neither losing any power and designed only to bring about better economic circumstances," Sir Victor said.

Sir Victor said he believed there was little likelihood of Japan entering the war with the Axis or of invading the Netherlands East Indies because "The Japanese have seen what happened to other Nazi partners."

Referring to the Sino-Japanese war, Sir Victor said that Japan's resources had been "seriously drained....I see neither victory nor defeat for either side."

Difficult War

Referring to the Russo-German war he said that if the Soviets put up the same type of battle as that put up by China against Japan. "Chancellor Hitler will have a hard time accomplishing victory, and it would be a blow to his plans.

"On the other hand," said Sir Victor, "should he make a swift peace then he would be confronted with the problem of having to patrol a country which is much too large for the German troops available."

Sir Victor said, however, that, should Russia give in, both the United States and Great Britain would be in "grave danger."

"Should Russia hold out, however, it will be a long war in any event. Chancellor Hitler has vast resources except for oil. It must be a war of England and America hanging on," Sir Victor said.

Sir Victor said that should Germany win the war he believed Germany's power would last no longer than two generations because the necessity of police work would destroy the *moral* of war minded armies. Chancellor Hitler will never be satisfied until he has conquered the United States, because the United States and Nazi idealogices "can not live together," Sir Victor said.—United Press.

Economic Troubles For Japan Brought By New Conflict

Tokyo, June 27.

Japan faces new and unprecedented economic hardships as a result of the German declaration of war against Soviet Russia.

The outbreak of Russo-German hostilities has virtually isolated Japan from Europe, economically, and has confronted the nation with new difficulties in obtaining raw materials.

The "Asahi Shimbun" reported that Japanese financial leaders were advising the government to re-examine completely the recently drafted plans to convert Japan into a "national defence state." The Russo-German hostilities, the paper said, rendered the original defense state programme impractical in many respects.

Even before the outbreak of Russo-German hostilities, the paper said, raw materials shortages in Japan were forcing some factories to close down or reduce operations

Stricter Regimentation

Financial quarters here predict that the new economic problems now facing Japan will result inevitably in stricter regimentation of industry by the government and more intensive conservation of raw materials.

Japanese business leaders see little hope of off-setting the loss of European trade by corresponding increase in trade with the United States. They point out that the United States in recent weeks has been curtailing exports of vital materials because of the American rearmament effort. On top of this, it is expected, the United States now will begin diverting supplies to the Soviet Union and will further curtail exports to Japan.

Japanese imports of machinery from Germay dropped off sharply after the outbreak of the European war. Some machinery was delivered to Japan via the trans-Siberian railway, but Japanese trade papers assert that the shipments were very limited. Now, however, Japan faces complete isolation from Germany.

New Programme Urged

Industrial circles in Japan advocate a readjustment of the nation's economic planning programme whereby the country would concentrate on industries which can be supplied with raw materials from the Far East. This aim undoubtedly will lead eventually to the reopening of Japanese trade negotiations with the Netherlands East Indies, observers believe.

Immediate prospects, however, indicate that Japan will be driven more and more into the confines of the yen bloc, according to the "Asahi."

One Japanese industry that might benefit from the new European situation is the shipping industry—provided that Japanese national policy does not conflict with business opportunities. Presumably, Russia and the United States would welcome the availability of Japanese shipping to carry American aid for Russia from the American west coast to Vladivostok.—United Press.

Philippines May Ship Materials to Russia

Manila, June 27.

Washington notified Mr. Francis B. Sayre, United States High Commissioner of the Philippines, that general licenses were being issued for the shipment of war materials to Russia.

In the future the U.S.S.R. would be considered a country under general export license, Mr. Sayre's office said. The announcement added that an order freezing Russian assets in the United States had been lifted.—United Press.

Reshuffle Reports in Tokyo "Stupid Rumours"

Tokyo, June 27.

Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Board of Information today branded as "stupid rumours" reports that there would be a reshuffle in the Konoye Cabinet, resulting in the removal of the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka.

Mr. Ishii said that reports from Hongkong that Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, British Ambassador, had disclosed that a military alliance had been completed between the United States, Britain and Chungking could not yet be considered correct. He added that the Japanese Government was at present investigating the reports which were previously ignored a few months ago.

Nothing New on N.E.I.

Mr. Ishii disclosed that Mr. Joseph C. Grew, United States Ambassador, was not due to call on Mr. Matsuoka after a correspondent had asked whether Mr. Grew had met the Foreign Minister.

The spokesman declared that there was nothing new on the Netherlands East Indies question, and said that Mr. Yutaka Ishizawa, Japanese Consul General at Batavia, had quite possibly reaffirmed to the Netherlands East Indies Government that materials from the Dutch colony would not be transhipped to Germany. At present the Netherlands East Indies had not clarified her attitude, he added.—Domei.

Several More Arrested For Stealing Cable

The arrest of a cable thief on June 7, taken into custody by members of Wayside police station and resulting in the apprehension of eighteen more criminals and the recovery of electric cable to the approximate value of $20,000, has brought further results in the past few days and the number of thieves taken into custody by detectives investigating the case has increased to about thirty, with more expected to fall into the police hands in the near future.

At the same time, police recovered more cable, all believed to have been stolen from the Shanghai Power and Shanghai Telephone Companies.

This gang of cable thieves, the majority of whom have been proved to have operated in the Wayside and Yangtszepoo districts for the past several months, is said to be responsible for the theft of cable, worth scores of thousands of dollars. The crimes, as already reported, were as a rule committed in the dead of the night, with the thieves using rope belts and wire cutters for their work.

The police have been working on the case for some time and believe that with these men behind the bars, the city's largest organization of cable thieves is smashed.

Flames Destroy Large Quantity of Cotton

A quantity of cotton was destroyed early yesterday morning when flames broke out at a godown of the Yo Za Ka Transportation Co. at 360 Dalny Road.

The call was received by the Shanghai Fire Brigade at 1.40 a.m. and four engines from the Yangtszepoo station, under Station Officer J. W. Currie, arrived at the scene of the blaze a few minutes later. Mr. R. G. Watkins, Third Officer of the Shanghai Fire Brigade, was also present.

The fire broke out on the ground floor of the building where cotton had been stored. Working under most difficult conditions, the firemen were able to bring the blaze under control within forty minutes after their arrival.

This, however, was not the end of the firemen's troubles as they had to work to keep the cotton from re-igniting and to extinguish flames that had at first threatened to envelop the entire building. The work was completed by 4.30 a.m. Fortunately, no one was injured.

Japanese Protest to Mexico Likely

Tokyo, June 27.

Japan considers reports that Mexico and the United States are negotiating a pact committing Mexico to prohibit all exports to destinations outside the Western Hemisphere, as "an unfriendly attitude" toward Japan, Mr. Koh Ishii told correspondents during today's press conference. Mr. Ishii replied to that effect when questioned whether Japan would protest to Mexico regarding such reports.—Domei.

India May Benefit From Lease-Lend Act

Simla, June 27.

The United States Lease-and-Lend Act, it is learned, contains provisions under which India can make purchases from America. An Indian purchasing commission, led by Sir Shanmukham Chetty, will endeavour to utilize these provisions to the best advantage.—Reuter.

Inoculation Certificate Needed for Weihaiwei

Tientsin, June 26.

All travellers to Weihaiwei must bring with them a cholera inoculation certificate, failing which they will not be allowed to enter, the "Yong Pao" declared today, publishing a statement by the Japanese Vice-Consul in Weihaiwei.—Havas Telemondial.

U.S. Press Sees Japan in Dilemna

New York, June 27.

"Japanese calculations have been upset; Japan now faces the most serious situation politically and economically," says the Tokyo Correspondent of the "New York Times," commenting on the German-Soviet war.

Japan "now realizes that Germany can win only by defeating Russia, Great Britain and the United States, and that is a large order for even the most sanguine Axis champions....

"If Germany loses or is unable to win a decisive victory, Japan can expect little profit from her triple alliance....

"Some Japanese are beginning to fear that Japan may be pushed into the role of Italy. The press is already hinting at the failure of Japan's policies."

Delirious Conflict

The St. Louis "Globe Democrat" declares: "Hitler's war on the new front ushers in a new phase of the delirious conflict. It may well be regarded as his admission that Great Britain cannot be conquered now. It presages a protracted war and by that token both England and the United States may be encouraged. Time is the most potent ally both possess."

The "Los Angeles Times" states: "No one can possibly foresee the long-range results of this seismic shift in the general aspect of the war. It is to Great Britain's advantage and ours, mainly in that it will afford us more time—perhaps enough time—for our aid to England to attain its maximum and for our own preparations. It minimizes the probability of an early renewal of the attempt to invade England, heretofore regarded as imminent. By diverting much of the German air force to the eastern front, it will make easier the task of the Royal Air Force."

Attack on World

The New York "Daily Worker" says: "This military aggression by the Fascist rulers of Germany is also an attack upon the people of Germany. It is an attack, likewise, upon the peoples of the United States and the entire world....

"With the fullest support of all its people, the Soviet Government is now waging a struggle not only in defence of its socialist land but also in defence of the most vital interests of the peoples of all countries. It is waging a just struggle for the cause of freedom of all nations and peoples."

The "Washington Post" asserts: "Let there be no mistake about it. Germany's attack on Russia is an admission of failure. The far-reaching attempt to extricate the Reich from the perils that confront her—that final victory, which loomed so close a year ago at the time of the fall of France, remains beyond the horizon. Great Britain is unconquered and uncowed. America's contribution to the Allies grows more impressive with each successive month. The war threatens to be a long one. Though she has the resources of a continent to draw on, Germany cannot match the resources which, in the course of time, can, and will, be placed at Great Britain's disposal."—Reuter.

Chungking Bombing Raised in Commons

London, June 27.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Robert Harry Morgan, National Conservative member for the Stourbridge division of Worcestershire, asked whether a British protest had been sent to Japan against the bombing of the district in Chungking set apart for non-combatants.

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in his reply, presumed that Mr. Morgan referred to the south bank of the Yangtze river, against which the Japanese Government last year stated they would not carry out attacks.

During the air attack on June 15, at least four bombs fell in this "safety zone," but no information had been received of any casualties, Mr. Butler revealed.

"Mr. Eden (British Foreign Secretary) is satisfied that the British Government's attitude towards the indiscriminate bombing of civilian populations elsewhere is already sufficiently well known to the Japanese," he added.—Reuter.

Floods in Japan Take Heavy Toll of Lives

Tokyo, June 27.

A heavy toll of lives has been taken and widespread material damage done by a cloud burst which broke over western Japan, including northern Kyushu, two days ago.

Fifteen people were killed and 16 are missing in Fukuoka prefecture, where nearly 20,000 houses were flooded and 33 washed away. Sixteen persons lost their lives and two were seriously injured in Saga prefecture, where 10,000 houses were flooded and three washed away. Railway services in Kyushu have been interrupted. A coal mine in the Matsuura district of Saga prefecture was flooded, resulting in the death of 11 miners.—Reuter.

Constitutional Problems In India to Be Studied

Simla, June 27.

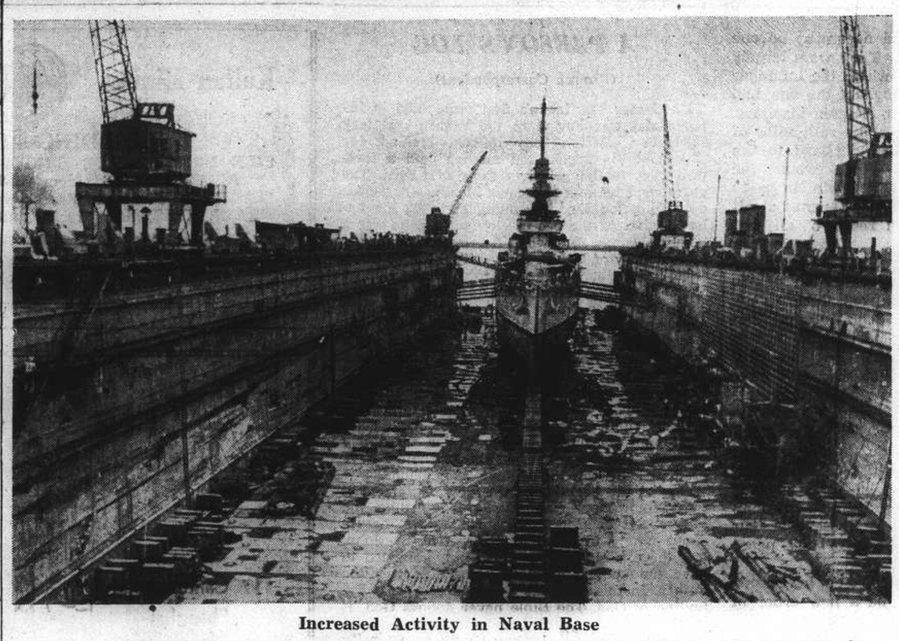
India's new reforms commissioner, Mr. Hodson, has actively taken up threads of work connected with constitutional discussions which will take place soon after the war.

It is expected that Mr. Hodson will seek to keep in touch with current Indian political thought by touring the country and meeting leaders of all shades of opinion.—Reuter.

Japanese Envoy Calls On Von Ribbentrop

Berlin, June 27.

Gen. Hiroshi Oshima, Japanese Ambassador to Germany, yesterday called on Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, Foreign Minister, at the latter's villa at Sonnenburg, to discuss the current questions relating to the hostilities between Germany and the Soviet Union, it was reported today.—Domei.



Increased Activity in Naval Base

In his recent broadcast, Sir Geoffrey Layton, the Commander-in-Chief of the British navy in the Far East, referred to the increased activity at the Singapore Naval Base. This picture shows a a British warship in the floating dock at the Base, where many vessels have recently been refitted.

Nazi Troops Now Making Four Chief Lines of Attack

London, June 27.

Although the German attack is less than a week old and news apart from official communiques is very scarce, it is already possible to form some idea of the German lines of attack, says Reuter's military correspondent.

Judging by the news to hand and the topography of the country, the Germans may be expected to attack in four directions to the east of the Baltic, in addition to the direct Leningrad attack from Finland across the Karelian Isthmus, he states.

The two main attacks at present are developing through the Baltic states and north Poland, the former with Leningrad and the latter with Moscow as the main objectives. The other two thrusts may be expected to be on Kiev and Odessa.

Separate Lines

The movement has already started to take these four separate lines. Along the Baltic the Germans will find the flat agricultural country to their liking and most suitable for their mechanized divisions. Roads however are not too good and may well crumble in hot weather under heavy loads. Pskov is likely to be their principal objective prior to the final objective of Leningrad.

The second line along which the Germans already are attacking is north of the famous Pripet marshes through the Baranovitch gap and on to Smolensk and Moscow. This is the route Napoleon took. The territory here is also suitable to major operations and mechanized vehicles as far south as Bialystok. Owing to the Pripet marshes the Germans can hardly make a thrust until a point where the river Bug leaves the frontier near Sokol.

The German aim would be to capture Lvov (Lemberg) and make their way on to Kiev. They may be expected to launch a minor line of attack in a southwesterly direction. Although this seems to be the obvious line for the Germans it has not yet been strongly developed and the Russians now claim the recapture of Przemysl.

Fourth Attack

The fourth line of attack, the correspondent further states, may be expected along the Rivers Pruth and Dniester into the southern Ukraine and on to Odessa. The German and Rumanian attack here however appears to be held. North of this line run the Carpathians and it is unlikely that the Germans will attempt any major operations over this difficult terrain.

The country in north Bukovina is also hardly suitable for military operations on a large scale, as it is hilly and wooded, but given good weather the rich soil of Bessarabia would be favourable. The Russians will particularly have to watch for an attack across the Dniester from north Bessarabia, which if successful would cut off their troops fighting to the northwest. The Dniester however usually is fordable only after July and the only bridge is near Tiraspol in middle Bessarabia, the correspondent concludes.—Reuter.

Famous New Zealand Journalist Missing

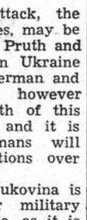
London, June 27.

Bert Hall, well-known New Zealand journalist, has been missing since the Greek campaign. He was appointed New Zealand's war correspondent to the Dominions expeditionary force and not long ago was made a public relations officer with the rank of captain. The New Zealand Command presume that he is a prisoner of war.—Reuter.

The Famous American genuine Nail Polish

THEON

In a new "Rosebud" Cup, and 30 new attractive natural colours have been received direct from New York.



All Pharmacies and Department stores carry THEON Nail Polish, and Manicurists prefer it for its excellent quality (does not peel or crack) pleasant shades, and reasonable prices.

ASK FOR THEON

-9160

Japan Refuses to Take Tin, Rubber in Saigon

Singapore, June 27.

Informed sources here yesterday said that "large amounts of tin, rubber and other raw materials were now lying on quaysides in Saigon because Japanese purchasing agents were refusing to take delivery since outbreak of Soviet-German hostilities."

Herr Helmut Wolthat, chief of the German economic mission in Japan, purchased 15,000 tons of rubber in French Indo-China which now is being held by the Carlowitz company of Shanghai awaiting shipment, the informed sources also said.—United Press.

Japanese in Thailand Publish Anti-British Propaganda

London, June 27.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said he was aware that certain Japanese in Thailand were circulating stories calculated to cause ill-feeling against Great Britain, but he was satisfied that no credence was attached to them by the Government or people of Thailand.

Mr. Butler made this statement in reply to a question by Major-General Sir Alfred William Fortescue Knox, Conservative member for the Wycombe division of Buckinghamshire, who had asked what information was available about anti-British propaganda by Japanese agents in Thailand and what steps were being taken to counter-act it.—Reuter.

Australia to Use Secret Detectors

Canberra, June 27.

Establishment of an extensive system of radio location finders to forewarn Australia of raids is announced by Mr. McEwen, Air Minister. A School is opening immediately to train personnel to operate the recently-discovered secret device which will relieve tremendous strain on sea and air patrol of Australia's long coast line.—Reuter

Swedish Mails Cut Off

Stockholm, June 27.

Sweden's mail service has been curtailed by the Russo-German war, it was announced here yesterday. The post office said there were no mail facilities from Sweden to Britain or elsewhere in the British Empire due to cancellation of mail facilities via Russia.—United Press.

COMING BIG ATTRACTION!

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A FRANK BORZAGE Production
Screen Play by Wells Root & Commander Harvey Haislip
Directed by FRANK BORZAGE · Produced by J. WALTER RUBEN

— ROXY —

German, Italian Taken From Train By G.P.U.

Manchouli, June 26.

Members of the Japanese military mission headed by Lieut.-General Tomoyuki Yamashita, who arrived here at 8.40 o'clock tonight from Moscow after a six-week tour of Germany and Italy, revealed that a German technical expert and an Italian government official, who were en route to Tokyo by the same train, were caught in the middle of Siberia by the sudden outbreak of the Soviet-German hostilities, and taken off the train by members of the G.P.U., the Soviet secret police.

The Italian official, it was revealed, was en route to Japan to assume the post of counsellor of the Italian Embassy in Tokyo. The radio announcement of the outbreak of war was received for the first time at 8 o'clock on Sunday morning.

As the train pulled into Novosibirsk that night, officials of the G.P.U. stepped into the train and ordered the German off. He was hustled away between uniformed men.

A Sudden Change

As the train resumed its trip, there was nothing to indicate that anything untoward was in the air. Yesterday, however, the atmosphere suddenly changed, and all day military roads stretching in a straight line across the steppes were rumbling under the continual movement of mechanized armoured units, all moving in one direction—west, they said.

At the Siberian-Manchoukuoan border station, all passengers were subjected to a five-hour customs examination, even to a close examination of their persons. The Italian official was taken into custody here and was led away by five or six soldiers, they revealed.—Domei.

Prominent Germans Said Held

Dr. Johannes Barth, President of the East Asia Society, German sponsored cultural organization with headquarters at Tokyo, and well known member of the local German community, was believed taken prisoner by the Soviet authorities while travelling to Germany via trans-Siberian Railway when the Russo-German war broke out.

When the last European war commenced, Dr. Barth was in Japan where the Japanese authorities interned him in a concentration camp for the duration of the war.

Dr. Alfred Dierschke, Japan representative of Heinrich Koppers, manufacturers of oil refinery equipment of Essen, Germany, was en route to Germany on furlough on the same train accompanied by his wife and daughter, being presmuably taken prisoner.

Additionally about 40 German refugees from the United States and South America were travelling home across the Soviet Union at the time hostilities began.

Sudden illness at the Manchoukuo border believedly prevented Dr. Stedefeld, outstanding German eye, nose, and throat specialist, from taking the same train which left Manchouli on June 16.

Dr. Stedefeld was formerly the consulting phyysician of the Tokyo Diplomatic Corps before the outbreak of the European war, and administered medical treatment to Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador to Tokyo.

Although no reports have been received from Dr. Stedefeld, well informed German quarters here believed the physician will return to the Japanese capital soon.—Domei.

Spanish Volunteer Corps To Fight U.S.S.R.

Madrid, June 27.

Spain officially announced yesterday that a volunteer Spanish corps would be sent to fight beside the Germans against Soviet Russia. The Falangist Party has invited Spaniards to volunteer for such service.—United Press.

Soviet-Nazi War Causes Emergency Railway Measures

Tokyo, June 26.

Owing to the outbreak of the German-Soviet War, the Railway Ministry has adopted a series of emergency measures regarding passenger and luggage traffic from Japan to Europe via Siberia.

The principal meaures are the following: 1. For the time being no luggage will be accepted by the railroad services; 2. Luggage accepted already but not yet despatched will not be forwarded; 3. All luggage shipped already but which has not yet reached Tsuruga will be sent back to original stations; 4. Unloading of luggage already arrived at Vladivostok will be suspended until further instructions have been received; 5. Luggage from Japan to Europe and vice versa which is already in Soviet territory, will be the subject of negotiations between the Japanese and Soviet Governments; 6. The sale of all passenger tickets for the trans-Siberian will be suspended, and tickets already sold and not yet used will be refunded.

Furthermore, should the Siberian mail service be closed, the letters will be forwarded via the United States and Lisbon, taking 35 days from Japan to Germany instead of 20 via Siberia.—Havas Telemondial.

Centre of Indian Earthquake Located

Bombay, June 27.

The epicentre of the severe earthquake registered at various points in India yesterday has been tentatively located by Bombay Observatory as in the Nicobar Islands.

These islands are situated in the Bay of Bengal, about 800 miles east of Ceylon and 150 miles north-west of Sumatra. Bombay observatory states that the shock was of "very great intensity" and estimates its origin as about 1,470 miles from Bombay.—Reuter.

Probably in Japan

Ottawa, June 27.

An earthquake of "intense severity" was recorded at the Dominion Observatory yesterday. Indications are that it might have occurred in Japan.—Reuter.

Introducing

BLUE PLATE DINNERETTE

$7

(including 10% tip)

Consisting of soup, fish, plate, dessert and beverage.

Served 6—9 p.m.

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"BEWISE"

I've always said Craven 'A' are the smoothest cigarette!
"I quite agree! and they have a touch of quality that makes them so very satisfying to smoke. Another thing I appreciate is the Craven 'A' cork-tip which protects my lips and fingers from nicotine stain."
in FLAT TINS of 20
ideal for the handbag—convenient for the pocket. Sealed in moisture-proof Cellophane for factory freshness.
Patent TRU-VAC tins of 50
protect against all climatic conditions until seal is broken by pulling rubber tab. No cutter—no jagged edges.
CRAVEN 'A'
VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
MADE IN LONDON BY CARRERAS LTD.—150 years of Reputation for Quality
MADE SPECIALLY TO PREVENT SORE THROATS

FROM DAY TO DAY

OWING to the flood in the western area the Concert scheduled for tonight is postponed to Saturday next, at 9.15 p.m.

AN interesting talk by Sir George Sansom on "People who are themselves" will be read by a friend over XCDN tonight at 9.20.

CEREMONIES marking the rebuilding of Chinese naval forces will be held by the Nanking Government toward the end of July in the presence of Admiral Jen Yuan-tao, Navy Minsiter, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

OWING to the rapid increase in number of typhoid fever and dysentery cases among the local community, Dr. John Yui, Chairman of Publicity Committee of the Health League of China, will broadcast over XMHD, frequency 760, today at 3.30 p.m. on "Summer Diseases."

DUE to the inclement weather the Rotary Club regrets to announce the postponement of the President's Garden Party which was to be held today, at the residence of Mr. E. F. Harris, 172 Route Pershing, until a date later in the season, which will be announced in the newspapers.

THE garden tea dance in aid of aged Jewish emigrants, under the auspices of the Jewish Emigrants' Children's Welfare Association, which was to have been held tomorrow, has, owing to unforeseen circumstances been cancelled. Ticket holders may obtain refund by returning the tickets.

DR. George Thorngate has been asked to broadcast for the Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association today from 7 to 7.30 p.m., on "The results of tuberculin injections at the Hangchow Christian College" over XMHD (through the courtesy of the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association) operating on frequency of 760 kilocycles, wave length 395 metres.

MR. S. Y. Euren, manager of the American-Far Eastern Match Co. in China, has now been appointed head of the home division of the company in Sweden which is concerned with its interests in China, Hongkong and the Philippines. Mr. Euren left Shanghai in May 1940, to join his wife and children in Sweden and will not therefore return to Shanghai. Mr. T. A. Hultman is in charge of the company's affairs in China.

A total sum of C$120,675,414 has been raised in Chungking alone for Chinese Government war loans, it was announced at the conclusion of the first campaign on Thursday, says a Chungking message to the "Cheng Yien Pao". This amount, however, does not include another C$89,320 contributed by the people towards the various banks in Chungking, the report states. On behalf of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, Dr. H. H. Kung, the Chinese Finance Minister, read a message of congratulation to campaign leaders at a special meeting held in Chungking, when an announcement of the results was made.

DR. Quo Tai-chi, newly appointed Chinese Foreign Minister and former Chinese Ambassador to London, arrived in Kunming on June 24, by way of the Yunnan-Burma highway, the "Cheng Yien Pao" learns. General Lung Yun, chairman of the Yunnan Provincial Government, was host at a dinner reception given on the same evening in Dr. Quo's honour. More than 100 officials of the provincial government were present it is stated. Dr. Quo informed newspapermen on Thursday at Kunming that he was very pleased with the results of his meeting with President Roosevelt, Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, and other American Government officials during his stay in the United States. At Manila, Dr. Quo added, he had had an interview with Mr. Manuel Quezon, President of the Philippine Commonwealth, while in Singapore he was given an opportunity to see the strong British defences of land, sea and air. "Singapore is in a position to repel invasion from any quarter," Dr. Quo declared.

First Church of Christ, Scientist

"Christian Science" is the subject of the Lesson Sermon to be read in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, throughout the world on Sunday, June 29. Golden Text:—Isa. 52.10. "The Lord hath made bare his holy arm in the eyes of all nations; and all the ends of the earth shall see the salvation of our God." Among the citations which comprise the Lesson Sermon is the following from The Bible:—"If ye love me, keep my commandments. And I will pray the Father, and he shall give you another Comforter, that he made abide with you forever; even the spirit of truth; whom the world cannot receive, because it seeth him not, neither knoweth him: but ye know him; for he dwelleth with you, and shall be in you... These things have I spoken unto you, being yet present with you. But the Comforter, which is the Holy Ghost, whom the Father will send in my name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance, whatsoever I have said unto you." John 14.

The Lesson Seamon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures", by Mary Baker Eddy:—"Truth's immortal idea is sweeping down the centuries, gathering beneath its wings the sick and sinning. My weary hope tries to realize that happy day, when man shall recognize the Science of Christ and love his neighbour as himself,—when he shall realize God's omnipotence and the healing power of divine Love in what it has done and is doing for mankind. The promises will be fulfilled. The time for the reappearing of the divine healing is throughout all time; and whosoever layeth his earthly all on the altar of divine Science, drinketh of Christ's cup now, and is endued with the spirit and power of Christian healing.

In the words of St. John: 'He shall give you another Comforter, that he may abide with you forever.' This Comforter I understand to be Divine Science."

R.A.F. Attacks W. Germany to Relieve Pressure on Russia

WHEN the Prime Minister stated that British policy was to give the Russians all possible aid, he clarified the strategy behind the recent R.A.F. raids on Germany and occupied France, is the opinion of Mr. Oliver Stewart in a B.B.C. broadcast picked up here yesterday. The Germans are supposed to be afraid of having to fight a war on two fronts. As things are at present on land the Germans can concentrate most of their forces in the East and cannot be involved on land in the West. This is not true of the air and in this sphere the Germans may have to fight a war on two fronts, but we cannot be sure about this until we know what resistance the Russian air force is able to put up to the Luftwaffe.

In the west recently the Germans have been suffering very heavy losses in the proportion of about ten of their planes to one of ours. This is in daylight. At night we are continually hitting hard at the German industries. Germany is being hit harder than at any other period of the year and in fact Western Germany is being subjected to the heaviest air attack it has ever had to endure. It will be interesting to see how the Germans stand up to this, but we must of course be somewhat in the dark as to the results.

Position Sized Up

Clearly the British government has judged the position pretty accurately. In order to lift the weight of the German offensive from the Russians we must launch a heavy air offensive against Germany. At this time of year the nights are too short to permit of long raiding by large forces of bombers and we have therefore been concentrating mainly on western Germany. The chances are that the damage done has been fairly extensive although it is, of course, difficult to give any real estimate without access to all the reports. The damage done in the daylight raids is more likely to be serious.

These daylight attacks recently have been carried out by Blenheim bombers escorted by large numbers of fighters. Their object is both to attack ground targets and to shoot down enemy aircraft. The Germans have a very large air force but they cannot obviously be equally strong on both fronts. If the Germans have moved many machines to the Russian frontier their defences in the west would be less effective and our raids could do more damage with smaller casualties. So when the Germans began to get busy in the east we struck in the west. In these conditions either we find less resistance in the west owing to machines being sent east or else the Russians meet with less resistance in the east owing to machines being kept back to protect the west.

Well-Timed

Frequently in the past we do not seem to have been well informed about the situation, but this time we seem to have had a very good appreciation of it. Our assault has been well timed and well planned. If only we can push up the attack in the west to sufficient strength we might be able to derange the German plans for their attack on Russia.

It is, however, a characteristic of the Germans to concentrate all their efforts on their major objective to the neglect of other matters. It may be that the Germans in Western Germany and occupied France will accept heavy punishment from our raids without being disturbed if they know that their army is making a successful advance in Russia. In order to justify our attacks, therefore, we must have results.

Our objectives are still much the same as when we started bombing Germany, they are still mainly the German lines of communications, marshalling yards, railway lines and stations and canals or docks. These are our primary targets. Where huge armies are involved, as in this case, supply is of the first importance. We are at the starting point of the largest military operation that the world has ever known and we should throw everything we have into the air assault on Western Germany.

Remember that the assault on Russia, as has been admitted by the Germans themselves, is but the prelude to the assault on this island and so any aid we give to Russia by attacking Germany from the air is of direct value to ourselves. Already the R.A.F. is finding Germany's weak points and it will not be slow to seize any opportunities which the enemy may offer.

New-Type Carrier Hope for Britain

Washington, May 27.

The Navy's experiment in converting a standard cargo vessel into an aircraft carrier was viewed by unofficial observers here today as a possible future boon to Britain's raid-menaced shipping.

If the new carrier proved successful, it was suggested, Great Britain might receive a number of these craft to carry fighter planes which could combat German bombers preying on North Atlantic shipping.

Pursuit planes operating from such a carrier also might locate German submarines and attack them with depth charges.

The Navy recently disclosed that the 7,886-ton Mormacmail was being converted at Newport News, Va., into an experimental carrier, but officials of the department declined to discuss possible expansion of the conversion programme. In other quarters, however, there were reports that from 16 to 30 such carriers might be developed.

The Navy acquired the Mormacmail from the Mormack Lines at a cost of nearly $3,000,000. It is one of the Maritime Commission's standard C-3 type vessels.

One valuable feature was said to lie in the speed—about forty-five days—with which C-3 type ships could be turned into carriers. Involved is construction of a flight deck with a clearance of about twelve feet above the original deck, which would be transformed into a storage and service deck with connecting ramps. Moving of the bridge and stacks and installing of ballast to stabilize the vessel is also required.

Each carrier could carry about thirty fighter planes.

Rejuvenation Secret Of Himalayan Yogi

Raj Vaidya Anand Swami, a Himalayan Yogi, wants to turn President Roosevelt, Gandhi and George Bernard Shaw into Peter Pans.

They are included amongst a number of the world's greatest men and women whom the Yogi has invited to visit his special rejuvenation treatment.

The treatment is secret. But it is believed to be simple.

Each patient will be placed in an underground cell for 60 days. His food will consist of plain rice, orange juice and fruits. And he will be given a Kaya Kalp medicine, consisting of Indian avala fruit, honey and essence of a Himalayan herb, the secret of which is known only to the Yogi.

A year ago, an eighty-years old Indian Congress leader underwent the treatment. When he came out of the cell he issued a Press statement in which he said that his grey hair had turned black, complexion, sight and hearing had greatly improved, and that he felt much younger and vigorous.

He also said that he was cutting new teeth.

The Swami has only one condition on which he is prepared to turn aged men and women into robust and vigorous personalities full of vitality and dynamic energy.

They must be famous people whose lease of long life could be devoted to the benefit of humanity.—"The People."

"Phantom" Puts New Heart Into Norway

The Norwegian phantom destroyer Sleipner, according to reports here, has again encouraged Norwegian patriots to continue their resistance against Quisling by the raid on a fjord north of Tromso and not far from the Lofoten Islands, reports the "Evening Standard" correspondent from Stockholm.

The exploits of this ship are so daring and numerous that it is almost a proverb in Norway to say when things are going badly, "Never mind. Sleipner will get them."

The crew are mainly Lofoten fishermen and pilots with a perfect knowledge of the coastline of Norway.

The Sleipner is unusually well informed on the movements of German ships, attacks them at the most convenient time and disappears before help can arrive.

The Quislingists who are already complaining that it is difficult to get recruits because of the universal hatred in which they are held, are becoming increasingly uneasy in view of these raids.

They never know when Nemesis, which once seemed so far away, may appear at their own door in a British or Loyalist uniform.

Cat-flu in England

While the excellent health of the nation has agreeably disappointed those who feared the results of massing all sorts and conditions of men together in night shelters, there seems to have been quite an epidemic of a small complaint latterly, of which the symptoms are aching bones and utter lassitude, writes O. M. Green from London. For 48 hours or so you lie in bed unable to do anything. Then it passes off. I suppose it is some sort of flu.

Apropos of that there has also been a serious outbreak of what the vet calls cat-flu. We lost one much treasured pussy in 24 hours. Then his senior got it, but, though fourteen years old, recovered. That particular cat seems practically indestructible. The vet, says it is due to some germ from the foxes, which swarm round where I live, though only 20 miles from London. Oddly enough it does not attack dogs. But there has been more than enough mistaken mortality among dogs and cats already in this war.

Berlin Thinks Japan Will Eventually Fight Soviet Union

Stockholm, June 26.

It is suggested in Berlin that Japan will shortly make Cabinet changes, including the dropping of Mr. Matsuoka as Foreign Minister, as a preliminary to revising her attitude towards Russia, according to the Berlin correspondent of the "Stockholms Tidningen."

There is speculation in Berlin regarding whether Japan will seize Vladivostok following a "Russian disintegration," he adds.

Japan's decision is keenly awaited in Berlin, according to a Berlin despatch to the "Social Democraten," which adds that without doubt a lively exchange of views is at present going on between Tokyo and Berlin.

Political circles in Berlin profess to be optimistic, believing there are good grounds to suppose that Japanese neutrality will be no more than temporary.

Japan will, it is suggested, await America's attitude.

It is rumoured in Berlin, the despatch continues, that Japanese representatives abroad are shortly to meet in Madrid for a big conference which would be attended also by representatives of other Axis powers as well as Gen. Franco and Senor Suner, Spanish Foreign Minister.

It is suggested in Rome, according to the "Stockholms Tidningen," that the Nazi-Soviet war will have the immediate effect of delaying a formal outbreak of war between the United States and the Axis despite the fact that the Communists are now in favour of United States intervention. Reuter.

SHIPPING NEWS

Under the charter of the Kailan Mining Administration, the fast Finnish freighter **Tilda** is scheduled to arrive here late this afternoon from Chinwangtao. The vessel will be docking alongside the company's Pootung Wharf.

* * *

The next steamer to arrive here on the Dairen-Tsingtao-Shanghai run will be the D.K.K. liner **Tientsin Maru** which is due in Shanghai at 9 a.m. today. She will be berthing alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf upon arrival and, after a stay overnight, will be sailing on her return trip tomorrow at 3 p.m. to Dairen and Tsingtao.

* * *

Held up by adverse weather conditions, the fast French freighter **Albert Sarrault** will be sailing today at about 9 a.m. after a delay of 24 hours. She will be leaving from the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company's Pootung East Wharf for her return trip to Saigon by way of Haiphong. The vessel will be carrying 500 tons of local cargo and has been chartered by Wallem and Company.

* * *

The fast freighter **Cape Flattery** has been added to the American Mail Line service and is expected to arrive here tomorrow morning at about 7.30 o'clock on her maiden voyage. The vessel is coming from Seattle without stopping at any ports en route and will tie up alongside the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side. She is a sistership of **Cape Alava** which, was here last month, and has a net tonnage of 3,964 tons.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From **SEATTLE:** Cape Flattery, with mail, due this afternoon, Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side.

From **NAGASAKI:** Kobe Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Yangtsepoo Wharf.

From **DAIREN:** Tientsin Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Whangpoo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York		From Manila	
D. Aurora	— 8/7	P Pierce	28/6 4/7
P Jackson	— 9/7	Asama M	28/6 9/7
Dona Nati	— 19/7		
From Los Angeles		**From Yokohama**	
P Taft	— 2/7	Tatuta M	21/6 2/7
Tatuta M	2/6 2/7	Toyooka M	— 6/7
Nitta M	16/6 21/7		
From Honolulu		**From Nagasaki**	
Nitta M	25/6 21/7	S'hai M	3/7 4/7

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen	
Hoten M	27/6 29/6

Vessels Discharging

ADRASTUS, ANTILOCHUS, PHRONTIS, AUTOLYCUS and THESEUS. Cargo ex these vessels has arrived and is being discharged at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Friday, July 4, at 9.30 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 30-6

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.C.J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA and NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS.—For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N. V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone 16247.

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Karachi		For Manila	
Toyooka M	7/7	P Jackson	10/7
For New York		Dona Aurora	11/7
Dona Aurora	11/7	Dona Nati	22/7
Dona Nati	22/7	**For Hongkong**	
For Los Angeles		Cape Flattery	29/6
P Pierce	5/7	P Taft	3/7
Asama M	10/7	P Jackson	10/7
Dona Aurora	11/7	Dona Aurora	11/7
P Taft	16/7	Dona Nati	22/7
Tatuta M	19/7	**For Kobe and Yokohama**	
Dona Nati	22/7	Taiyo M	1/7
For S. Francisco		P Pierce	5/7
P Pierce	5/7	Asama M	10/7
Asama M	10/7	P Taft	16/7
P Taft	16/7	**For Nagasaki**	
Tatuta M	19/7	Nagasaki M	28/6
For Seattle		Kobe M	29/6
Cape Flattery	29/6	Shanghai M	5/7
For Manila		**For Dairen**	
Cape Flattery	29/6	Tientsin M	29/6
P Taft	3/7	Hoten M	1/7
Tatuta M	3/7	Dairen M	3/7
		Tsingtao M	5/7

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Peian	Keelung	K.U.K.
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Chung Hua
Fukuei M. 6	Genzan	H. Shokai
Taiyo M.	Japan	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Meiyi	Am.	S.V.O.C.
Syuntai M.	Jap.	M.S.K.
Tsingtao M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Husan M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.

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Arrivals and Departures on Application to Agents

PRINCE LINE — Apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited

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17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

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110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE (Summer Time)

ss. TIENTSIN MARU	(Arrive) June 28	(Leave) June 29	at 3 p.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	June 29	July 1	at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	July 1	July 3	at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	July 3	July 5	at 9 a.m.
ss. TIENTSIN MARU	July 6	July 7	at 3 p.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)

ss. MANJYU MARU		July 3	at 5 p.m.
ss. PEKING MARU		July 4	at 5 p.m.
ss. HOKKAI MARU		July 6	at 5 p.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE (Freight only)

DE LA RAMA LINE

NEW YORK

VIA HONGKONG, MANILA, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

mv Dona Aurora July 11

mv Dona Nati July 22

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De La Rama Steamship Co., Inc.

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Tourist Class	.....	250 lbs.
Third Class	.....	175 lbs.
Excess baggage trans-Pacific	.....	$0.05 per lb.

Baggage is construed to consist of wearing apparel, toilet articles and similar effects for actual use while traveling.

Merchandise, notes, bonds, documents, manuscripts, pictures, specie, bullion, jewellery, plate, lace or similar valuables, do not constitute baggage and will not be handled as baggage.

CAMPHORWOOD CHESTS, TEA TABLES, CHOW BENCHES, BOXES, CRATES, WOODEN CHESTS, BARRELS AND FURNITURE WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED AS BAGGAGE BUT MUST BE SHIPPED AS FREIGHT.

STRICT ENFORCEMENT OF THE ABOVE REGULATIONS IS NECESSARY DUE TO THE HEAVY PASSENGER LISTS NOW BEING CARRIED.

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JULY 3, 1941

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Regular Service to United Kingdom Ports.

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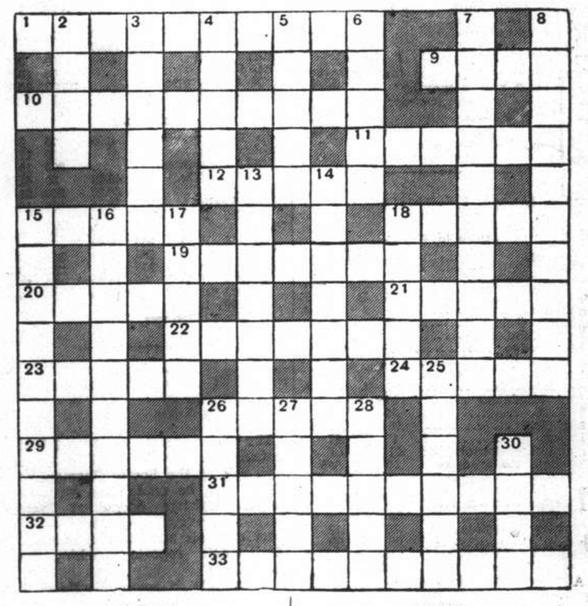

ACROSS

1 He and I made an English town (10)
9 Turk unmanned, but on the scent (4)
10 It is rigid etiquette to appear interested even when this (two words—5, 5)
11 The shape of a domino (6)
12 It helps the factory turn-out (5)
15 Not an expensive form of fruit (5)
18 The start of this musical work might give one a headache (5)
19 Has no connection with petrol feed, though its consumption might keep up horse power (7)
20 Its reading may be for current consumption (5)
21 One of the U.S. (5)
22 Continue in sound to appeal to kites (7)
23 Tree with no straight middle (5)
24 Drink not even at heart (5)
26 Mix me about a spot of work (5)
29 I'm going back like mother in a mist (6)
31 Thoughts of light returns (10)
32 Varied line in Egypt (4)
33 The voters choose to speak (10)

DOWN

2 A German owning banks in Britain (4)
3 In Spain she was not far from a miss (6)
4 Kind of organ that needs to be blown (5)
5 From ways out to be (5)
6 English writer whose end wasn't friendly (5)
7 Beloved of dictators and bridge players (two words—6, 4)
8 The elephant they say has one (two words—4, 6)
13 This is free (two words—2, 5)
14 An aid to sound judgment (7)
15 Remark about a twisted lip, but a nice one (10)
16 Outside but the end will help (10)
17 It protects the caller from the rain (5)
18 Sounds a very weak pretence (5)
25 His job is to the last part of 33 across (6)
26 French river (5)
27 It is innocuous in the hands of the aimless (5)
28 Straight up from Crete (5)
30 Plunder (4)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 8, Land-mine; 9, Airing; 10, Sphere; 11, Together; 12, Stroke; 13, Asterisk; 15, Lank; 17, Charity; 19, Islands; 22, Aunt; 24, Fanlight; 27, Author; 29, Park Lane; 30, Dilate; 31, Change; 32, Larkspur. DOWN: 1, Carpet; 2, Idle hour; 3, Life-belt; 4, Gentian; 5, Target; 6, Crater; 7, Unversed; 14, Skin; 16, Ayah; 18, Headache; 20, Standard; 21, Art class; 23, Utterly; 25, Liking; 26, Gravel; 28, Output.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/16d.	$ 72.45
U.S. $100 @ 5 3/8	$1,860.47
Yen 23 3/4	$100
Guilders 10	100
Rupees 18 3/4	100
Pesos 10 5/8	100
Hongkong $22	100

Closing rates unchanged.

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 3/16d.	$ 71.11
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/2	$1,818.00
London—demand. $1=	3 3/16d.
4 months' sight credits	3 7/16d.
4 months' sight docts	3 1/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 1/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 1/16d.
New York—demand. $100=	U.S. $5 1/2
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5 7/16
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5 7/16

Closing rates unchanged.

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03 1/2 U.S. $1=59 4d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling 3 1/16d. U.S. $5 3/8

Hongkong/London 1/3

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders Selling 10 1/16

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,818.181 £1=$71.111

Selling U.S.$100=$1,860.465 £1=$72.452

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.K.$ 1

U.S.$ Selling „ @ 99 3/4 „ H.K.$100

Local $ (Fapi) buying @ 180 per H.K.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing	$2.794
CRB$ or	@ 183
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar	$5.113

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest	Lowest
U.S. $	5 1/32	5 1/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING	BUYING
June		June/July
£ T.T.	3 5/8	4 m/s. l.c. 3 7/16
U.S.$ T.T.	5 3/8	4 m/s. l.c. 5 1/2
Rs. T.T.	18 1/4	15 d/s. 18 7/8

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	23 3/8	23 3/8
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34 3/4	—

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for June 26	4.03 1/2
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.91 3/4
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.92 1/4

The local market opened with sellers at 3 7/16d. sterling and 5 1/8 U.S.$. Business was very quiet with no change from the opening level until shortly after the afternoon opening when small buyers appeared at these rates; the market closing quiet, with an uncertain undertone, at:—

3 1/32 Sterling 5 1/16 U.S.$. Cash/July

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, June 26.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

Japan	81 1/2 N.	London	1/5 1/32
N.Y.	333 1/4-333 3/4	2 mths	
Shanghai	19	„ sellers	1/5 1/32
Hongkong	84 1/2	„ buyers	1/6
		Japan 2 mths	
		„ sellers	83 N.
		„ buyers	77 1/4 N.

London & Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6
Madrid	40.00	Hongkong	1/3 1/32
Berne	17.30	Singapore	2/4 1/16
Bel. Congo	176 1/2	Yokohama	1/2 1/2
Shanghai	3 1/2d.	„ buying	1/2

New York U.S.$. T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Shanghai	5.54
Paris	2.3/4	Hongkong	24.62
Montreal	88.000	Hungary	19.85
Brazil	6.05	Manila	49.87 B.
Japan	23.45/48*		

London	4.03 1/2
Buenos Aires Paper	29.78
„ „ „ market rate	23.75
Montreal on London	4.58 1/4

B—Bid N—Normal *—Offered †—Official. —Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:		June 27.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 1/8%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2 1/4%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3 1/4%
Call money		1/4%
New York:		
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months		0 1/32%B 0 1/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months		0 3/32%B 0 1/16%A
Call money		1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

June 27.	Sales	Prices p.m.	
	10 a.m.	Close	
Atoks	35	B .345	B
Antamok	.05	A .05	A
Bagiuo Gold	.14	B 14	B
Batong Buhay	.0075	A .0075	A
Big Wedge	.43	.42	
Coco Grove	.07	.07	
Consolidated Mines	.0047	.0044	
Demonstration	.05	A .05	A
East Mindanao	.07	B .075	
I. X. L.	.22	.22	
Ipo Gold	.05	A .05	A
Itogen	.17	B .17	
Mambulao Consolidated	.01	A .01	A
Masbate Consolidated	.09	B .095	
Mine Operations	.055	A .055	A
North Camarines	.025	A .025	A
Paracale Gumaus	.255	B .255	B
San Mauricio	.30	A .30	A
Surigao Consolidated	.185	B .19	
Suyoc	.09	A .09	A
Syndicate Investment	.025	A .025	A
United Paracale	.165	.165	
Mindanao Motherlode	.34	.34	
Manila Hal-Alai	8.00	B 8.00	B
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.15	A —	

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Tebong R.E. Report

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Tebong Rubber Estate, Ltd., held yesterday the directors decided to recommend to the shareholders at the annual general meeting which is to be held on July 22, that the balance of Ch.$1,291,318.56 standing to the credit of profit and loss account be dealt with as follows:—

To pay a final dividend of Chinese Dollar cents per share making a total of 25 cents per share for the year	Ch.$ 600,000.00
Pay the general managers commission of 2 per cent. on the total dividends	20,000 00
Write off certain assets	113,378 93
Carry forward	557,939.63
	1,291,318 56

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

After opening at levels higher than those of the closing of the previous day, the market continued firm and active yesterday with confidence being shown in all stocks of both sections.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
462.56	165.32	General	307.27	+6.15
465.40	95.55	Rubbers	260.16	+5.91

Total 838,736 shares, 200 bonds.

Morning Session

Yangtsze Finance				$500	19.00
5000	18.90	1000	*19.00	3500	19.10
1000	*19.10	1000	19.00	500	*19.20
2500	19.20	1000	19.10	500	*19.10
3500	19.00				
S'hai Loan		500	*23.00	1500	22.75
4000	23.00	1000	23.25	2000	23.75
1000	*23.50	1500	*24.00	500	23.50
500	23.25	1000	23.00	3000	23.25
I. I. Trust		2000	29.00	1500	*29.00
2000	29.25	1000	*29.50	1000	29.50
Central Prop.				800	21.75
China Realty		1000	12.30	6000	12.40
2500	12.50	500	*12.50	2500	12.40
S'hai Land		1500	16.50	1000	16.60
17000	16.80	500	*16.80	3500	*16.70
2000	16.70	3500	16.80	1000	*16.80
1500	16.70	500	16.60	500	16.50
1000	16.40	2500	16.50	500	16.60
Dockyards		5800	30.00	300	29.75
700	*30.00	1700	*30.25	3700	30.25
900	30.00	500	*30.00	400	*30.25
3600	30.50	900	30.25	500	*30.50
8400	30.75	2700	*30.75	3100	*31.00
2800	31.00				
Asia Navigation		8000	15.30	8000	*15.20
3000	15.30	1000	15.40	3500	15.50
2500	*15.50	14000	15.60	500	*15.60
4000	*15.70	9500	15.70	1500	15.60
31000	15.70	4000	15.80	11000	*15.70
11000	15.80	19500	15.90	5000	*15.90
7000	15.70	3500	*15.70	500	15.80
500	*15.80	8000	15.90	3000	*16.00
10500	15.80	4000	15.70	7500	15.80
500	*15.70	3500	15.90	1000	*15.90
4500	15.80	2000	*15.80	4000	15.90
Ewo Brewery		6000	8.10	2000	*8.15
11000	8.10	1000	8.05	12500	8.15
Wheelock		1300	110.50	900	111.00
100	*110.50	600	111.50	2300	111.00
400	*111.00	700	110.50	100	*111.00
900	111.50	100	*111.50	5200	112.00
1100	111.50	2400	111.00	1000	*111.50
2500	111.50				
Ewo Mills (Ord)		2700	40.50	200	*40.75
1900	40.75	200	41.00	800	*40.50
1400	40.75	200	*40.75	300	40.50
7400	40.75	900	*41.00	7400	41.00
300	40.75	800	*41.00	6800	41.25
1900	41.00	1700	40.75	2800	41.00
Textile		500	*8.70	1000	8.65
1500	8.70	1000	8.75	3500	8.80
2000	8.85	500	8.90		
Worsted		500	5.40	7000	5.45
4000	5.50	500	5.45	1000	5.50
Tram (Bearer)	£1			800	44.25
C. G. Omnibus		900	17.20	200	17.30
100	*17.20	400	17.50	700	17.40
100	17.30	1300	17.50	200	17.60
100	17.80	1000	18.00	100	18.10
100	18.20				
Telephone		500	32.75	200	32.50
400	33.00	100	33.25	1200	33.50
400	33.75				
S'hai Gas		100	15.50	100	*15.50
1000	15.30	1600	15.40	200	15.80
200	15.60	600	15.70		
Paper		1000	5.30	7000	5.35
500	*5.30	2000	*5.35	6500	5.40
4500	*5.40	1000	5.35	4500	*5.45
3000	5.45	5000	5.50	15500	*5.50
6000	5.45	1000	5.50	2000	*5.50
7500	5.45	2000	*5.45	3000	*5.40
500	5.40				
Lumber		400	55.50	500	*55.50
3100	56.00	100	56.00	600	*56.50
200	*56.00	1600	57.50	700	57.00
200	57.50	900	*57.00	1500	57.00
100	*56.50				
Metal		300	33.00	300	33.25
1700	33.50	100	*33.50	400	33.75
500	*33.25	4400	33.50	600	33.25
3200	33.75	900	*33.75	1500	*34.00
7200	34.00	100	33.75	500	*33.75
200	*34.25	200	34.25	2700	34.00
1000	33.75	300	*34.00	2600	33.75
1200	34.00	400	33.75	800	34.00
Exploration		9000	28.00	1000	*28.25
11000	28.25	5000	28.00	1500	*28.00
1000	*28.50	5500	28.50	1000	*28.75
8000	28.50	1000	28.25	500	28.75
6000	*28.75	3000	28.50	6000	28.25
3500	*28.25	2000	28.00	2000	*28.00
5000	28.25				
Anglo Dutch		400	*17.20	100	17.20
800	17.10	200	*17.10	2000	17.20
200	17.30	400	*17.20	200	*17.30
200	17.10	100	17.20	1000	17.30
Anglo Java		1200	34.50	500	*34.50
2000	34.25	500	*34.25	400	34.50
600	*34.50	100	34.25	1300	34.00
300	33.75				
Bute		500	7.00	500	6.90
Cheng		2000	0.76	1000	0.77
Consolidated		500	7.00	2000	7.20
Java Consolidated				3000	3.80
Kroewoek		1000	1.98	5000	*1.96
2000	*1.98	2000	1.98	2000	2.00
1000	2.07 1/2	2000	2.02 1/2		
Kota				1000	4.95
Langkat		100	22.75	1300	22.50
700	*22.75	3700	22.75	300	*23.00
2500	23.00	2800	22.75	500	*22.50
600	22.75	400	*23.00	5100	22.75
1500	22.50	200	22.75		
Padang				1000	2.35
Repah		1000	1.12	1000	1.18
1000	1.16				
Rubber Trust		1000	11.50	2000	11.40
500	11.50	500	11.60	1000	11.80
Samagaga		2000	1.62	1000	1.64
2000	1.66				
Semambu		1000	1.12	1000	1.18
Senawang		10000	1.64	30000	1.62
2000	1.70	10000	1.72	4000	1.70
Pahang				1000	*4.35
Seremban				5000	2.45
Tanah Merah		4000	3.30	1000	*3.30
Tebong		3000	1.44	6000	1.46
9000	1.48	1000	1.50	3000	1.48
1000	1.46				
Ziangbe		100	19.70	400	19.50
300	19.70	200	19.80		
Cathay Land				2000	3.00
S'hai Land				500	16.20
S. M. C. 5% 1934				20000	86.00
Caldbeck Macg. (Ord)				350	45.00
ODD LOTS					
Ewo Brewery		200	8.05	175	8.15
Rubber Trust				100	11.60
Yangtsze Finance				200	19.10
Ewo Mills (Ord)		75	40.75	50	41.25
Exploration		200	28.50	200	28.75
China Realty		274	12.40	200	12.40
307	12.30				
Paper		250	5.30	250	5.30
250	5.35	250	5.40		
S'hai Land		355	16.70	300	16.70
Asia Navigation		200	15.30	250	*15.40
200	15.60	300	15.50	450	15.70
300	*15.70	200	15.70	400	15.80
100	16.00				

*—Direct Business.

Manila Shipments To U.S.S.R.

The first shipment of United States materials to Soviet Russia since the outbreak of the Soviet-German hostilities will be made soon with four Soviet freighters docked at Manila harbour carrying cargoes of tin, machine tools and other materials to Vladivostok, reports reaching here revealed.

Meanwhile, it was understood that four Soviet freighters now docked in Shanghai undergoing repairs will soon sail for Manila where they will also carry American goods to Vladivostok.—Domei.

Senawang R.E. Report

At a board meeting held yesterday the directors, of the Senawang Rubber Estates, Co., (1921) Ltd., decided to recommend to the shareholders at the annual general meeting which is to be held on July 11 that the balance of Ch. $634,069.75 standing to the credit of profit and loss account be dealt with as follows:—

To pay a final dividend of fifteen Chinese Dollar cents per share making a total of 25 cents per share for the year	Ch.$ 471,000.00
Pay the general managers commission of 2 per cent. on the total dividends	5,813 93
Write off certain assets	213,483.87
Carry forward	243,771.95
	634,069.75

New York Stocks

Thursday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 26.

Trading was fairly active on Wall Street today, with stock values generally finishing fractions to about one point higher. Persistent reports of stubborn resistance from Moscow and the Nazi admission of these imparted a better sentiment.

Consequently, a quiet upswing was noted throughout the day, which was carried through to the close, with aviations and specialties taking the lead.

Meanwhile, the impending Reconstruction Finance Corporation's loan to Britain, with British securities as collateral, was viewed bullishly.

The volume of business done totalled 530,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	124.13	123.42	123.96	+0.44
20 Rails	28.74	28.47	28.64	+0.14
15 Utilit.	18.00	17.76	17.95	+0.22
40 Bonds	—	—	91.15	+0.01

June 25	26		June 25	26
Adams Exp	5 1/2	5 1/2	Johns Man	63 1/2	63 1/2
All L St	22 1/2	22 1/2	Kennecott	36 1/2	37 1/2
Allis Chal	27 1/2	28	Libbey O F	27 1/2	28
Amer Can	84	83	Lockheed	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am Cyan	37 1/2	38 1/2	Loew's	29 1/2	30 1/2
Am For Pr	0 1/2	0 1/2	Martin	28 1/2	29 1/2
„ $7 pfd	*19	19	Mont Ward	35	35 1/4
Am Loco	13 1/2	13 1/2	Nat Avian	*8 1/2	8 1/4
Am Metal	17 1/2	*17 1/2	Nat C B	*27 1/2	*27 1/2
Am Radtr	6 1/2	6 1/2	Nat Dairy	13 1/2	13 1/2
Am R Mill	14 1/2	14 1/2	Nat Dist	20 1/2	20 1/2
Am Smelt	41 1/2	42	Nat P & L	6 1/2	6 1/2
Am Sugar	*16	16 1/2	Nat Sup	6 1/2	6 1/2
Am T & T	156 1/2	156 1/2	N Y Cent	12 1/2	12 1/2
Am Tob	69 1/2	69 1/2	Niag Hud	2 3/4	3 1/2
Am Wtwrks	4 1/2	4 1/2	N A Avian	14 1/2	14 1/2
Anaconda	27 1/2	27 1/2	N Am Co	12 1/2	12 1/2
Atchison	29 1/2	29 1/2	N Pacific	6 1/2	6 1/2
Avian Corp	3 1/2	3 1/2	Packard	2 1/2	2 1/4
Bald Loco	15 1/2	15 1/2	Packard	2 1/2	*2
Balt & O	3 1/2	3 1/2	Pantepec	3 1/4	3 1/2
Bendix	27	27 1/4	Paramount	11 1/2	11 1/2
Beth St	73 1/2	74 1/2	Penn R R	23 1/2	23 1/2
Barns Oil	9 1/2	9 1/2	Phil Pet	44 1/4	44 1/2
Bliss	16 1/2	16 1/2	Pullman	27	27 1/4
Boeing	16 1/2	16 1/2	Pure Oil	9 1/2	9 1/2
Borg War	17 1/2	17 1/2	Radio	4	4
Briggs	19 1/2	19 1/2	Reading	15	16 1/2
Budd	4	4	Rem Arms	*4 1/2	*4 1/2
Can Pac	3 1/2	3 1/2	Rep Avtn	3 1/2	3 1/2
Celanese	22 1/2	22 1/2	Rep St	19 1/2	19 1/2
C N Bank	*31 1/2	*31 1/2	Rey Tob B	32	32 1/2
Ches & O	38 1/2	37 1/2	Schenley	10	9 1/2
Chrysler	57 1/2	57 1/2	Shell U Oil	14 1/2	14 1/2
Col G & E	2 1/2	2 1/2	Soc Vac	9	9 1/2
Col Credit	23 1/2	23 1/2	Sthrn Pac	11 1/2	12
Com & Sth	0 1/2	0 1/2	Sthrn Rly	24 1/2	24 1/2
Cons Edis	18 1/2	18 1/2	Spicer	*32 1/2	36
Con Oil	6 1/2	6	Std Brands	5 1/2	5 1/2
Copld St	*14 1/2	14 1/2	Std G & E	*0.7 1/2	*0.7 1/2
Curtis Wr	8 1/2	9	Std Oil	40 1/2	—
Dist Cpn	14 1/2	14 1/2	Studebaker	5 1/2	5 1/4
Douglas	73 1/2	72 1/2	Swift Int	*18	*18
Du Pont	154	155 1/2	Technicolor	*8 1/2	8 1/2
E P Lead	8 1/2	8 1/2	Tex Cpn	39 1/2	39 1/2
Elec Auto	27 1/2	27 1/2	Transamer	4 1/2	4 1/2
Elec B & S	2 1/2	2 1/2	Twn C Fox	5 1/2	6
„ $5 pfd	*50 1/2	52	Un B & P	11	11
„ $6 pfd	56 1/2	57 1/2	Un Pac	81	80 1/2
E P & L	32 1/2	33 1/2	Un Air	40	40 1/2
Flintkoet	12 1/2	12 1/2	Un A Lines	10 1/2	10 1/2
Gen Elec	32 1/2	32 1/2	Un Corp	0 1/2	0 1/2
Gen Motors	38 1/2	39 1/2	„ $3 pfd	22 1/2	22 1/2
Gen Rly	14 1/2	15 1/2	Un Gas Imp	7	6 1/2
Gen. T & R	*10 1/2	10 1/2	U S Rub	23	23 1/2
Goodrich	13 1/2	13 1/2	U S Steel	56 1/2	57 1/2
Goodyear	17 1/2	17 1/2	Vanadium	25	25 1/2
Gt N I Ore	15 1/2	15 1/2	Whitee	*8 1/2	8 1/2
Gt N Rly pf	29 1/2	28 1/2	Walworth	4 1/2	4 1/2
Gt W Sug	23 1/2	24 1/2	War Bn Pct	3 1/2	3 1/2
Int Nickel	25 1/2	26	West Elec	94 1/2	95
Int P & P	14 1/2	15	Woodward	*26 1/2	27 1/2
Int Tt & T	*2 1/2	*2 1/2			

BONDS

Am For Pr 56	56 1/2	Erie	29 1/2	29 1/2
Australian	*63 1/2	*63	Int T & T	45 1/2	45 1/2
Brazil	20 1/2	20 1/2	N E G & E	57	57
„ 6 1/2%	17	17	Sthrn Pac	52 1/2	51 1/2
C S P & Lt	98 1/2	98 1/2	St Gas	88 1/2	88 1/2

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

The German admission that the Russians are obstinately resisting aided a quiet advance on a light turn-over on the stock Exchange today. Moody's business activity index on June 21, hit 139.6 per cent. of the 1928 average, being the seventh successive weekly rise to a new high. Carloadings for the past week were the highest recorded since November 1940. Various leaders have reported substantial earnings gains, and several have declared increased dividends.

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

The week-end news of a German declaration of war against Russia caused a sharp advance at the opening of the stock market Monday with trading the most active since last September. This early spurt did not last long, however, and selling on the theory that the German blitzkrieg would be successful kept net gains for the entire session within moderate limits though the market as a whole closed at its best level since April 7. While reports concerning military operations were conflicting, increased misgivings as to the ultimate results of the hostilities caused quotations to sag somewhat on Tuesday and in the early part of Wednesday's session but the fact that the volume of trading diminished noticeably on the decline was encouraging from a technical point of view inasmuch as it indicated an absence of liquidating pressure. Before the close on Wednesday, it was announced that the Reconstruction Finance Corporation would probably make a loan to Great Britain of several hundred million dollars to provide funds to pay for supplies ordered before the Lease-Lend Bill was passed. The British would deposit as collateral United States securities both listed and representing direct investments. The elimination of this potential liquidation caused a firm tendency on both Wednesday and Thursday.

Commodities responded buoyantly to the news of the German-Russian conflict on the belief that aid to Russia from the United States would stimulate reports of domestic commodities. Wheat, corn, cotton, lard and cottonseed oil, as well as No. 4 sugar, reached new highs though bullish sentiment was somewhat dampened on Wednesday by intimations from Price Administrator Henderson that ceilings on agricultural products might be imposed in the event of further price advances. No indication was given, however, as to where any such ceiling prices might be fixed. Trading in rubber was entirely suspended on Monday and though it was resumed on Tuesday, it was announced that operations would hereafter be restricted to the liquidation of outstanding commitments and that prices would not be allowed to move more than half cent daily. Because of control measures of one kind or another, copper, hides and rubber now offer little scope to traders. Despite all efforts of the Administration to control the cost of commodities, a gradual rise of from 10 per cent. to 25 per cent in the general price level is expected over the next six to twelve months.

Domestic business news continued very encouraging so far as volumes were concerned, but it is still uncertain how much net profit will remain for corporate stockholders in view of such adverse factors as increased production costs arising from higher raw materials and wages, the Government's antagonism to increased selling prices and the inevitable heavier taxation. Already some companies are reporting decreased earnings in comparison with the same period of 1940. Steel operations on a tonnage basis were at an all time high and carloadings are estimated at the best level since 1930.

THE MARKET IN FIGURES

	Thursday June 19	June 26	Change
D.-J. average for 30 Indust.	123.43	123.96	up .48
D.-J. average for 20 Rails	28.07	28.64	up .57
D.-J. average for 15 Utilit.	18.04	17.95	down .09
D.-J. average for 40 Bonds	91.12	91.15	up .03
D.-J. 11 Commodity Index	71.47	—	—

COMMODITY INDEX

Chicago Wheat	99 3/4	104 5/8
Corn	73 1/4	73 7/8
Cotton	14.19	14.70
Rubber	21.20	21.25
Hides	14.67	14.46
Sugar	.94	1.06
Cocoa	7.88	7.61
Lard	10.55	11.10

BUSINESS

	Previous	Latest
N.Y. Times Business Index	128.0	130.2
Steel operations (% of capacity)	99.0	99.9
Carloadings (carloads)	863.000	886,000
Elec. power prod. (kw. hrs.)	*3,057,000	*3,056,000
Aver. daily oil prod. (bbls.)	3,823,000	3,858,000
Automobile output (cars)	134,682	133,565

*000 omitted.

Stock Outlook: Market movements in the immediate future are likely to be determined by the news concerning the German-Russian conflict. Indications that Russia was successfully resisting the German onslaught would undoubtedly mean firmness while if it appears that Germany will soon get control of the wheat fields of the Ukraine and the oil wells of the Caucasus—thus greatly strengthening her position for a long drawn out war—the market is liable to sag. From a technical point of view, the upside resistance levels confronting the market are the April highs of 124.65 for Industrials and 29.75 for Rails. The checking of the recent advance as these figures were approached is perhaps an ominous sign that a technical reaction is to be experienced.

China's Foreign Trade For May

According to the monthly returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs covering the foreign trade of China, net Imports during May, 1941 totalled G.U.78,548,164 (G.U. =40 1/2 pence sterling for May). Net Exports were $248,465,411. January-May figures were G.U$.386,815,954 and $1,118,-404,103, as against G.U. 290,-573,911 and $769,010,772 respectively in 1940.

London Stocks

Thursday's Closing Quotations

London, June 26.

The Stock Exchange enjoyed an encouraging day today, with demand broader and the markets ruling generally firm. The contrast to a year ago when the markets touched bottom on the fall of France was most marked.

British gilt-edged securities were strong, with Consols outstanding and Indian loans holding firm.

Industrials ruled firm on a good inquiry, especially Courtaulds and Dunlops. Oils were harder, while Kaffirs ruled quietly firm.

Among foreign bonds, Japanese loans were again strong, moving up a further £3.0.0. Chinese bonds also held firm.—Reuter.

June	25	26
U.K. LOANS		
3 1/2% War Loan (Red.)	£104 1/8	104 5/8
3% Defence Loan	100 1/8	100 1/8
CHINESE LOANS		
4 1/2% Gold Loan, 1898	40	40
4 1/2% Anglo-French Loan	38	38
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	23	23
5% Reorg Loan, 1913	31	31
5% Stg. Notes, 1925	7—9	7—9
5% Honan Rly., 1905	10	10
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	14	14
5% „ „ „ (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	9	9
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	14	14
5% T'sin-Pukow Rly. B.	10	10
5% „ „ G.	10	10
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B.	10	10
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G.	10	10
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	9	9
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	51	51
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan, 1907	26 1/2	26 1/2
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	32	34
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	8 5/8	8 3/4
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	75 1/2	75 1/2
„ „ „ (Col. Reg.)	79 N	79 N
Mercantile Bank of India	11 1/2	11 1/2
National Bank of India	31 3/4	31 3/4
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	11/-	11/-
B'tish American Tobacco	83/1 1/2	83/9
Dunlop Rubber	33/10 1/2	34/1 1/2
Imp. Chem. Industries	31/6	31/6
United Steel	24/3	24/1 1/2
Woolworths	50/-	50/4 1/2
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	11/-	12/-
Chosen Corp.	4/-	4/-
Marsman Investments	5/7 1/2	5/7 1/2
Pekin-Syndicate	1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel	143/9	143/9
Western Holdings	13/6	13/9
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	36 1/4	36 3/4
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/-	15/-
London, Midland & Scot.	13 3/8	13 3/8
S'hai Elec. Construction	13/6	13/6
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	43/1 1/2	43/9

Home Industries

Changchun, June 27.

In order to meet the decrease in the import of daily necessaries from Japan, the Manchoukuo Government has decided to develop domestic industries by utilizing local funds.

This measure is being closely watched by interested authorities as it is felt that, on the one hand, it will assure a domestic supply of daily necessaries, and, on the other, prevent an inflation of currency by absorbing local funds.

Light industries engaged in manufacturing daily supplies will form the nucleus of local industries which the Government will develop, while industries subsidiary to heavy industries, and industries producing export productt, will also be developed by the Government.—Reuter.

Coal Barter

Changchun, June 27.

In addition to its recent decision to import more coal from North China, the Manchoukuo Government has also decided to barter Manchoukuo special coal for Korean anthractite coal. This step is being taken in compliance with a request from the Kor

Hitler Has Misjudged Soviet Power, Says Moscow Journal

Moscow, June 27.

IN an editorial titled: "Ours is a Righteous Cause, the Enemy will be Defeated," the widely read "Pravda" says: "The Fascist usurpers intended to take the Soviet people by surprise, deal it a sudden lightning blow. They have miscalculated. The Soviet people to one man rose to defend its beloved fatherland.

"The Red Army replied with a counter-blow to the enemy's blow. We know and do not forget for a single moment that the enemy is strong, that he has marshalled all his forces for the blow and mobilized all his resources. The fighting will be difficult. Many trials, many privations, many sacrifices are in store. But we bravely face all trials because we are fighting in a righteous cause.

"We possess not only armed forces not inferior but superior armed forces to German Fascism but also the sympathies of all the peoples enslaved by Hitler and the sympathies of the entire advanced humanity. For our war brings to suppressed peoples national liberation and national regeneration.

"Fascist Slave-Drivers"

"A number of European countries languish under the heel of the brutal Fascist slave-drivers. German Fascism has established a brutal regime of merciless terrorism, heinous plunder, unheard of oppression and political extermination of small peoples whom the Fascists class as 'lower.'

"Hitler mockingly calls this regime a 'new order' in Europe. More than once in moments of frankness Hitler has admitted that the Fascists' aim is to create a ruling caste in Germany and subjugate to the will of this clique the entire country and all peoples of Europe and then the whole world. He holds Holland, Belgium, Denmark, Norway and France, he introduces Draconian Fascist terroristic laws in all European countries. Hitler turns the conquered peoples into his vassals, his obedient slaves.

Hitler's Greedy Paw

"At present Hitler has stretched his greedy paw towards the Soviet land. He wants to take away the land from our collective farmers, he wants to destroy our cities, take our factories and plants.

"He will never succeed. The Soviet people rose to the great war for the fatherland. Our banner bears the words 'for fatherland, for honour, for freedom, for Stalin!' Under this banner we will win for ours is a righteous cause!"—Reuter.

Pope Pius Talks Of Current of Black Paganism

Vatican City, June 27.

Pope Pius XII last night directed a radio broadcast to the Eucharist Congress now convened in St. Paul, Minnesota.

"We send out our voice to join yours in prayers of thanksgiving," said the Pope. "There is a current of black paganism today which is stronger than the current of the Mississippi river, and which is undermining Christian culture through the press. Only heroic men and women will escape from this flood.

God's Word

"There is a great need today to spread God's word through acts," Pope Pius said. "How can we fail to love all men for whom Christ died on the Cross? Your chief enemy is within you," said His Holiness, "self-sacrifice must defeat him."

The Pope began speaking at 8 p.m. and finished at 8.15 p.m. after imparting the Apostolic benediction on participants in the Congress and on all Catholics in the United States.

Pope Pius XII will broadcast an important speech addressed to the entire world on June 29 at 12.30 p.m. Rome time, it was announced here officially yesterday. His Holiness was expected to touch on war problems including especially the Russo-German conflict.—United Press.

Eucharist Congress Closed

St. Paul, Minn., June 27.

Eighty thousand Catholics marched eight abreast for four hours yesterday in a two-mile Procession of the Blessed Sacrament closing the Ninth National Eucharist Congress.

Denis Cardinal Dougherty, Archbishop of Philadelphia, delivered the closing benediction as an estimated 300,000 men and women knelt in prayer.

Pope's Speech Heard

Earlier in the day, those attending the Congress heard the speech by Pope Pius XII which was broadcast from the Vatican.

White and yellow Papal banners mingled with American flags while a United States Army infantry unit headed the procession. Twenty-five Archbishops, 59 Bishops, 3,500 priests, ten abbots and several Monsignori participated.—United Press.

Women Fight for War "Rights"

London, June 27.

Even though a conscientious objector refused to fight "because there are too many skirts in the army and I hate women," it's still a man's war.

The War Office made this clear when it cancelled a previous order requiring soldiers to salute officers of the Women's Auxiliary Air Force.

However, the English women weren't leaving their traditional battle of the sexes for any temporary conflict started by Chancellor Adolf Hiler or Premier Benito Mussolini. Attacking on another front, Miss Caroline Haslett, chairman of the British Federation of Business and Professional Women, took up the issue of women's war injuries compensation. It seems that the government allows men seven shillings more compensation than women.

"It is incredible that the government should dare to insult women by offering them lower rates of compensation than those offered to men," Miss Haslett declared.

Dr. Edith Summerskill, who besides being a member of the Federation is a member of Parliament agreed.

Judge By Own Wives

"Ministers are taking their advice from men who are completely out of touch with modern women," she explained. "These men, who are in important positions, judge all women by their own wives. Behind the mind of the average men is the idea that a woman will always somehow get a man to keep her."

Mrs. E. M. White, identified as a member of the Federations Open Door council, followed this up with a charge that women have only themselves to blame for "making yourselves doormats."

The issue definitely is not closed.

The Kingston juvenile court recently issued an order forcing a thirteen-year-old girl to carry her gas mask to school. The girl's mother refused to allow her daughter to carry the mask because "the Almighty looks after all children."

Wakemen's Horn

The Ripon city council put another woman in the news by settling the question "Who's going to blow the Wakeman's horn when the horn-blower's busy watching firebombs?" The council answered the question logically by appointing the horn-blower's daughter to do the traditional tooting. Someone has been blowing the Wakeman's horn in Ripon every night at six o'clock in the evening for centuries. No one exactly remembers why, but at that time four blasts are blown at the city's market cross and three blasts in front of the Lord Mayor's house.

The Ripon city council announced with but a trace of reticence that it was the first time a woman has been given official recognition as official Wakeman's horn blower.—United Press.

Black-Out in Ottawa

Ottawa, June 27.

A successful black-out test lasting 15 minutes was held in Ottawa last night.—Reuter.

Norwegian Ships Great Help to Britain

London, June 27.

A quarter of the goods reaching Britain today is being brought by Norwegian ships, it was revealed by Mr. Trygue Lie, Norwegian Foreign Minister, in a statement in London last night.

About 50 per cent. of Britain's petrol comes in Norwegian tankers.

Mr. Lie paid a tribute to the Norwegian merchant navy, which had "lined up loyally" in the Allied cause. "From the very first moment," he said, "the merchant navy outside Norwegian waters, which consisted of 4,000,000 tons manned by something like 30,000 men, took their stand in the front line. Not one ship tried to funk her duty. We have had our losses, but it is still a formidable fleet."

He added that the "Norwegian Navy has now been "allotted certain tasks in the Battle of the Atlantic."—Reuter.

Soviet Receives U.S. Promise of Aid

Washington, June 27.

Soviet Russia formally advised the United States Government yesterday of Germany's "predatory attack" and received assurances that under President Roosevelt's policy any Soviet request for material assistance will be given immediately all friendly attention.

There was no indication, however, that Russia asked for such aid.

M. Constantine Oumansky, Soviet Ambassador, notified Mr. Sumner Welles, American Under Secretary of State, of the attack in a conference that lasted one hour.

M. Oumansky, in a statement to the press, said that he had received from Mr. Welles "a clear answer concerning the attitude of the United States Government toward this attack and toward our future relations.—United Press.

Australian Army Being Rapidly Mechanized

Canberra, June 27.

Mechanization of the Australian Imperial force is being urgently pressed forward, Mr. Percy Spender, Army Minister, stated last night.

Many thousands of motor vehicles had already been sent abroad to the Australian Imperial Force, and several thousands more would be sent.

Mr. Spender added that Britain would equip the Australian Imperial Force with additional trucks and replacements. Thousands of vehicles of all types were also being bought for land forces in Australia.—Reuter.

A cosy and original place

"PEPPI"

At the Piano

742 BURKILL ROAD

Corner Bubbling Well and Carter Road, back of Roxy Theatre

U.S. Navy Wants to Hold Enlisted Men

Washington, June 27.

The Navy yesterday asked Congress to approve a bill enabling the Navy to hold all enlisted men in the service "as long as national interest impelli"

Rear Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, head of the Bureau of Navigation, said that the "best possible men to have in the Navy are those now serving."

Rear Admiral Nimitz charged the report in the "Washington Merry-Go-Round," a syndicated column, that sailors engaged in a "near mutinous riot" aboard the U.S.S. Pennsylvania at Honolulu was "absolutely false."

Rear Admiral Nimitz declared that the report "is of the type circulated by subversive elements to weaken the people's confidence in the Navy. There is not one iota of truth to this statement, not even the shadow of truth."

Gross Exaggeration

He also denied a similar story carried by the "Washington Merry-Go-Round," stating that the U.S.S. Yorktown was unable to move because most of the crew had not reported from shore leave at Norfolk, Virginia, where the vessel was in port. He said that only 24 men, whose services were not required to move the ship, were A.W.O.L. out of a crew of 1,400 men.

Senator Charles O. Andrews, Democrat of Florida, asked whether he thought such reports were written to stir up trouble and Rear Admiral Nimitz declared that "it is difficult to come to any other conclusion."

Subversive Elements

He said that subversive elements were doing everything possible to create dissatisfaction between the officers and men of the Navy, particularly in Hawaii.

"We are approaching the time when, even if the stories are true and are inimical to public interest, they should be weighed carefully before being printed. There should not be any cleavage between the officers and men," Rear Admiral Nimitz declared.—United Press.

Berlin Says Admiral Scheer Home Again

London, June 27.

The German pocket battleship Admiral Scheer has returned to a German base after "long and successful operations in the north and south Atlantic," says a German High Command communique.

It adds that, as previously announced, the vessel has sunk altogether 152,000 tons, including a complete convoy of 86,000 tons. The loss of a German auxiliary cruiser in the Indian Ocean in a fight with the British cruiser Cornwall is admitted.

Commenting on this claim, authoritative quarters in London said: "As a result of reconnaissance it is known that the Scheer has been in harbour since the middle of April."—Reuter.

American Volunteers May Escape Draft

Washington, June 27.

The Selective Service (conscription) Board was understood yesterday to be studying the possibility of deferring from the draft all Americans wishing to enlist with the Chinese or British armed forces. The move was taken after President Roosevelt urged Americans to enlist in the technical services for the two nations.—United Press.

North Ireland Alert To All Dangers

Belfast, June 27.

Northern Ireland is alert to the possibilities of attack and acutely mindful of the fact that next to an invasion of the British mainland there is no enemy operation that could bring closer a threat to the "Ireland fortress than a successful onslaught on Ulster," declared Lieut.-Gen. Franklin, Commander-in-Chief of British forces in Northern Ireland, in conducting realistic manœuvres which began yesterday and are expected to last for several days.

Lieut.-Gen. Franklin served with distinction in France and Belgium during the hectic operations early last year and is an authority on German methods of fighting.

He is particularly concerned with developing the qualities of discipline, high physical and mental fitness and the need to be constantly on the lookout for the unexpected.

"There is now a real desire to get to grips with the enemy who as ever shows unwillingness to face the bayonet," he said. "Here is a trump card we must be fully prepared to play."—Reuter.

Belgian Miners Beat Up Fascist Leader

London, June 27.

M. Leon Degrelle, head of the Rexist (Belgian Fascist) Party, has been beaten by Belgian miners who ambushed his car outside Liege, according to a report from occupied Belgium to the free Belgian news agency in London.

M. Degrelle was driving to Liege when the miners stopped his car and dispersed a Rexist guard which always accompanies him. Police who intervened found him "more dead than alive" and the car wrecked.—Reuter.

Crews of Free French Subs Decorated

London, June 27.

Admiral Muselier, commander of the Free French naval forces, has returned from an inspection of the Free French submarine Rubis and Minerva, which distinguished themselves in recent operations. He decorated the crews with the Croix de Guerre. The Rubis laid mines which resulted in the destruction of several enemy ships, and the Minerva sank a German tanker in spite of vigourous defence from its escort.—Reuter.

German Radio Stations Jammed

London, June 27.

All German long-wave stations went off the air last night. Short-wave stations were badly jammed. The only medium-wave station to be heard was Breslau, and that also was badly jammed. Finnish broadcasts in English, German and French were also heavily jammed.—Reuter.

500 Japanese Leaving Philippines

Manila, June 27.

Five hundred Japanese have made reservations on four Japanese ships leaving Manila within a month, it is learned. One vessel last week carried 100 from Manila, Cebu and Davao. These were said to be vacationists.—Reuter.

Fakir of Ipi Active

Simla, June 27.

The Fakir of Ipi, notorious frontier troublemaker, is active again and is reported to be at Kharre endeavouring to collect natives to make attacks.—Reuter.

THE GRANDEST COMEDY-ROMANCE OF THE YEAR!
Glorious, Uproarious Romance!
JOEL McCREA · ELLEN DREW
in "REACHING FOR THE SUN"
with Eddie Bracken
A Paramount Picture

New

POLAROID VARIABLE DAY GLASSES

Make any brightness right for your eyes

Largest stock of various Polaroid Day Glasses and also new style, also perfect ground Sun Glasses for the Summer season.

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Famous for its finer flavour
JOHNNIE WALKER
Many good Scotch whiskies go to make Johnnie Walker. Each one is most carefully selected for some special, individual excellence. Fine distilling, long maturing, really expert blending—these make Johnnie Walker the whisky that you enjoy above all others.
BORN 1820—STILL GOING STRONG
Sole Agents for China: CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
SHANGHAI · HONGKONG · TIENTSIN

For Sale—Miscellaneous

SILVER cutlery set, 800, complete for 12 people; big silver-cup, hardwood/ivory curios. 1033/43 Joffre, telephone 74192, 2.30-5.30 p.m. -9194

FOR SALE, teakwood dining-room set, excellent condition, Telephone 22130. -9185

FOR SALE, imported perambulator, child's park and baby's chair, in very good condition. Telephone 23820. -9176

BATHENETTE (unused), $100; English perambulator, $150; play-pen, $25. Telephone 72277. -9162

RARE opportunity. Typewriter, portable, Rheinmetall. Value US$100, for sale at US$40. Josef, 410 Chaufoong Road. -9165

ALUMINIUM drums, suitable for storage or transportation of beer, juices, etc. of 50/55 U. S. Gallons capacity each. Rare opportunity. See at room 713, 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 13516

THREE Persian rugs, Bokhara, Kapistan, Tabris, tightly-knotted. On view 403 Roi Albert, Room 2. -9933

VALUABLE oil-paintings by well-known European artists. Good specimens. 403 Roi Albert, Room 2. -9933

SUMMER shirts: Cellular, Panama, Linen, Poplin. Correctly made to measure at reasonable prices. Razon's 12 Central Rd. Telephone 10313. 13181

PERSIAN carpets, 9 x 12, 6 x 9, two rugs in excellent condition for sale. Box 4705, NCDN. -9086

MARIA Rosenthal dinner, tea sets for 12, attractive crystalware. Dr. Weiss, 1823/A Avenue Joffre. -9073

YOU can buy now antiques, rarities, curios at enormous reductions. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. -9636

UNDERWOOD 26 in., nearly new condition, US$80. Bargain. Hermes, 791 East Seward Road. -9762

TABLE cover sets, damask and kitchen linen, quilt cases and pillows, bed sheets. Best European quality, at exceedingly favourable prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. 13227

FOR SALE Bedroom set in good condition. Apply 21/3 Wayside Road, L. Hudakovsky. -9098

SECONDHAND code, Political, Engineering, Chemistry, Dictionary Economics, Medicine Books, etc. At low price. Shanghai Secondhand Book Market, 376 Foochow Road, telephone 98610. -9101

STAMPS: Special collections of Macao, Estonia, Lithuania, Philippines, Shanghai, USSR, Chinese First Flights. Want list filled. Atlantic Stamp, 465 Bubbling Well. -8640

ARRIVED, American sharkskin (Cohama) in white and colours and also bamboo sharkskin. Telephone 85201. -8623

SECONDHAND furniture, refrigerators, ice-boxes, household effects, bought/sold at best prices. G. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -8141

STAMPS, old and new: Only Hermes Stamp Co., 685 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 61540. -8734

Office Cars

BRITON requires seat in office car four times daily from (Cloisters) Boissezon Bund. Box 4750, NCDN. 13513

Medical

HÆMORRHOIDS (PILES)
AND VARICOSE VEINS
(Modern Treatment by injections)
Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
HAMILTON HOUSE, SUITE 218
Hours 11-1 and 4-6 Tel. 14379
10128

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in Urology and Dermatology
320 SZECHUEN ROAD.
Hours: 10.30-1. 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10. 6-8. Telephone 83993

HOUSE CLEANERS
G. H. PARKES & CO.
TELEPHONE 72245

THE SUN
SUN INSURANCE OFFICE LTD. FOUNDED 1710
Oldest Insurance Office in the World
Head Office:
63 Threadneedle Street, London
Far Eastern Branch: 1 The Bund
Telephone 15075

Radios

WANTED an all-wave receiver, slightly used. G.E.C. preferred. Particulars to Box 4789. NCDN. 13547

PUBLIC-address/phonograph amplifiers for hire. Indispensable for successful parties. Radio Corporation of Asia, Telephone 87777. -9122

TELEPHONE 51140! Radio repairs at your home. Foreign engineer, best references. "Radio Expert," 131/438 Museum Road. -7859

RADIO O.K.? For expert repairs, genuine parts, moderate charges, telephone 43383 Chang's Radio Corporation. -8766

Chinese Servants

GOOD cook-boy, honest, hardworking and well-recommended. Address Box 4783. NCDN. -9196

HONEST, well trained cook-boy and wash amah available July 1. Boy exceptionally good cook and good worker. Both well recommended by present employer. Call 22476 or Box 4788, NCDN. 13544

RECOMMEND excellent, dependable and most capable American style cook, also boy and coolie. Available July 15. Call Mrs. W. S. Elliott, 12/2 p.m., telephone 23248. 13505

COOK-BOY wants immediate employment, recommended. Address Box 4687, NCDN. -9014

GOOD cook, clean, honest, industrious, washes and mends. Good reference, recommended for bachelor. Address Box 4755, NCDN. -9140

34097. Reliance Employment Agency. Reliable, best-recommended household servants only, individual and quick service! -8586

GOOD cook-boy, clean, honest, industrious. Washes and mends. Good references. Recommended for bachelor. Address Box 4735, NCDN. -9100

73148. Central Employment Agency, British. Servants, specialists. Established 1930. Closed Sundays and every afternoon. -9024

Furnished Apartments

ATTRACTIVE five-roomed apartment, two bathrooms, refrigerator, garage, telephone, good locality Concession for three months or longer. Will also consider sale of furniture transferring lease. Address Post Office Box 366. -9203

TWO-roomed modern, fully furnished apartment, bathroom, kitchen, verandah. Rent $475. Western district. Telephone 20666. 13549

IN beautiful apartment house, 5, 2½, 2-roomed luxurious apartments, lift, garage, furniture to be taken over. Concession/Settlement. Architect Herper, 205 Winling. -9191

FOUR-ROOMED apartment, bathroom, kitchen, arcola heating, best location. Concession. Reasonable rent. Available July 1. Address Box 4779, NCDN. 13516

FULLY-FURNISHED four-roomed apartment with all modern conveniences, centre western district. Rent $650 inclusive. Box 4774, NCDN. -9173

LUXURIOUS 4, 3, 2 roomed apartments furniture to be taken over. Architect Herper, 205 Winling. -9191

SELF-CONTAINED furnished flat near Jessfield Park, 1½-2 rooms, bathroom, kitchen, roof-garden. Screened. Box 4753, NCDN. -9138

LUXURIOUS penthouse apartment (two rooms), bath, kitchen. Beautiful roof-garden. Cool. Furniture, refrigerator, crockery, etc. For two months only. Please inspect at 1331 Avenue Joffre, Krivoss Realty Company. 13414

Wanted to Rent

BRITISH subject wants flat, apartment or house of three/four rooms. Preferable Concession or Settlement district. Write 10 Astrid Apartments. -9193

BANK manager wants five-six room apartment or house. Unfurnished/furnished. Rental up to US$70. Box 4780, NCDN. -9191

WANTED house five/eight rooms, garden, Concession or Settlement. State particulars. Box 4781, NCDN. -9191

QUIET British couple require three-roomed furnished or unfurnished apartment from September 1, willing take over fittings, pay advance deposit. Box 4655, NCDN. -8949

WANTED to rent. Two responsible bachelors require furnished house or flat with garage, mid/end July. Reply Box 4768, NCDN. 13523

WANTED to rent immediately by quiet gentleman one or two roomed modern furnished flat, preferably with balcony, with kitchen and bath in downtown or Bubbling Well district. Full particulars under Box 4759, NCDN. -9145

WANTED modern unfurnished two-roomed apartment with kitchen etc. Must be nice location. Address Box 4766 NCDN. 13520

Furnished Houses

SIX-ROOMED detached house to let in western district. Garden, garage. Furniture and fittings to be purchased for Shanghai $6,000. Immediate occupation. Address Box 4776, NCDN. -9132

SMALL house, furnished, immediate occupation, western district, rental $200 per month, lease, will sell for US$150. Box 4769, NCDN. 13524

THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

Classified Advertisement Order Form

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Signature and Address .....
(not for publication)
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One insertion per word 25 cts.	*Nos. of insertions* .....
Three insertions, each, „ 20 cts.	
Seven or more „ „ 15 cts.	*Heading* .....
Minimum of 14 words each	
POSITIONS WANTED 15 cents a word for any number of insertions. Payable strictly in advance.	*Cash enclosed* .....

Foreign Craftsmen

HOUSE and office cleaning. Speciality: shop windows, floors, houses and ship boilers. J. Gabriel, 932 East Seward Road, Room 11. -9120

Rooms Without Board

LARGE rooms, all conveniences. 993 Avenue Joffre. Apartment 502, Weida Hotel, 5th floor. -9195

EMBANKMENT Building. Room to let for single gentleman or lady. Immediate occupation. Address Box 4784, NCDN. -9190

TO LET a two roomed flat in one of the best apartments, with all modern conveniences, including the use of the kitchen and the refrigerator. For further information please dial Telephone 77839. -9200

JULY 1. Two adjoining well furnished rooms in apartment. Hot water, balcony. Weihaiwei/Seymour. Telephone 66161. -9206

BIG room to let, telephone, refrigerator. 118 Route des Soeurs, House 17, Apartment 14. -9177

NICELY furnished room for single gentleman, all conveniences, board optional, from July 1, telephone 73691. King Albert Apartments. -9139

PRIVATE family, big room in modern apartment, all conveniences. Centre Bubbling Well, telephone 33683. -9164

SMALL/medium, well-furnished south-facing, bright rooms, with balcony, for gentlemen. 114 Route Grouchy. -9171

BEAUTIFUL, unfurnished, big room, verandah, garden. Telephone 71222. -9163

MODERNLY furnished one-two rooms, all conveniences, French Concession. Telephone 77342. 13534

TO LET: Two south rooms, furnished, pleasant surroundings. For particulars apply to Box 4668, NCDN. 13437

1831 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 3. Beautiful, furnished room, hot water, telephone, single person only. -9117

Rooms with Board

WELL-furnished room with board, 1173 Bubbling Well Road, House 1, Apartment 15, telephone 32098. -9197

WELL furnished single room, attached bathroom, excellent food. 1220/50 Avenue Road. -9009

THE BERKELEY, 20/12 Seymour Road, one double south room with private modern bathroom. Telephone 36251. -8771

BELMONT House, 15 Kelmscott Gardens. Well furnished south room, sleeping alcove, verandah, bathroom. Excellent food. English-owned. 13491

YORK House, 31 Rue Massenet. A flat of three rooms. Garden. Moderate rates. A. Anderson, telephone 73015. -9017

SOUTHFACING room suitable couple, large verandah, private bath. Good home cooking. 1402 Avenue Joffre. -9142

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

ALICE, 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, from 2 to 10. Massage. -8799

EXPERIENCED Chinese masseur required to come to foreign gentleman's home, two/three times a week. Reply stating terms to Box 4744. NCDN. 13509

MASSAGE, pedicure, in-grown nails cured. 9 Central Arcade, from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11984. -8938

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking/374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. -7918

Unfurnished Apartments

FIRST CLASS four-roomed new-built at 693 Sieyes. Only top floor still free. No key money. Owner N. Katem, 1000 Avenue Joffre, week days only after 3 p.m. till 8 p.m. -9203

SUITABLE for foreigners in Hongkew three/four roomed flats to be ready in August within Joseph Court, 171 Muirhead Road. For particulars and appointment apply N. Katem, 1000 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 75422. -9204

TO LET: Luxurious residence, 65 Route Mayen, with beautiful garden and garage, vacant two-room apartments and single rooms available immediately. Information on the spot or from Ismar Herrnstadt, 69 Wayside, Telephone 52752. Inspection 10-1, 3-7. 7920

IN Most Luxurious apartment-house: 8. 5, 4, 3, 2-roomed apartments, lift, garage, no keymoney. Architect Herper. 205 Winling. -9192

2 LUXURIOUS 4-roomed apartments, all comfort, lift, no keymoney. Architect Herper. 205 Winling. -9193

3 LUXURIOUS 3-roomed apartments $350, 450, 600, no keymoney, Architect Herper, 205 Winling. -9192

VILLA. Big four-roomed flat, garage, garden, no key-money. Telephone 71222. -9163

Unfurnished Houses

TWO beautiful houses Boissezon, 5 rooms, 2 baths, all conveniences, garden, garage. Rent US$50, US$80. Architect Herper, 205 Winling. -9190

AVAILABLE immediately for responsible party, attractive detached house on Tunsin Road, 8 rooms, 2 baths, lavatory, terrace, glazed sun porch, closets, garage and large garden. Central heating, and screened throughout. Apply: Asia Realty Company, 110 Szechuen Road, telephone 18770. 13522

DETACHED house, seven rooms, three bathrooms, central heating, garage, large garden available in western district from about August 15 next. Address Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 13320

Houses and Land

WANTED buy nice large residence with garden, 2-6 mow. Box 4746, NCDN. -9123

FOR SALE, in a quiet district of French Concession, a newly built house, consisting of eight rooms, three bathrooms, garage, servants' quarters and all modern conveniences. A garden of 3½ mow. Please address Box 4729. NCDN. -8979

FOR SALE, large luxurious residence, 201 Route Dupleix, area 6.4.3.3. Immediate occupation, price reasonable. Apply 34 Boissezon, Flat IC, telephone 71860. -8940

FOR SALE fully-furnished beautiful home in western district, 12 rooms, three bathrooms, 4.78 mow. Not interested speculators. Box 4720, NCDN. 13488

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Fine weather with moderate south-easterly to south-westerly winds around Shantung. Overcast, misty and improving with easterly winds or breezes over our regions and the coast to the south of the Saddles. The typhoon to the east of northern Luzon will continue north-westward.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 66.0 max. 75.0	min. 66.0 max. 79.3
,, same date last year	min. 69.0 max. 79.0	min. 68.7 max. 80.2

Rainfall: 0.63

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1941 (4th day of 6th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on July 3, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary due San Francisco on July 15. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on June 28, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamships mails for America and Europe: July 4, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 30 cents

Shanghai delivery .....6 mos. $42
China, Korea and Japan .... ,, 46
Hongkong and Macao ..... ,, 55
Postal Union Countries ..... ,, 104

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $3

Shanghai, China and Japan..6 mos. $42
Hongkong and Macao ..... ,, 44
Postal Union Countries ..... ,, 54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)

Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.

Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

BIRTH

TUTSCH.—On June 27, 1941, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. H. S. TUTSCH, a daughter. -9166

DEATH

WRIGHT.—On May 21, 1941, THOMAS T. WRIGHT, aged 67 years, late Chief Engineer (retired), Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. 13529

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

JUNE

28 *First C.P.R. trans-continental train left Montreal (1886)*
28 *Sino-German peace treaty signed (1919)*
28 *French forces in Syria not to continue fight (1940)*

BRITISH MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, TIENTSIN

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION No. 27/41

TENDER FOR THE PURCHASE OF STEAM-RAISING PLANT AND ECONOMIZER AT THE TIENTSIN B.M.C. POWER STATION

Tenders are invited for the purchase of Steam-Raising Plant and Economizer situated at the British Municipal Council's Power Station, London Road, Tientsin.

The Plant consists of the following:—

Two Babcock & Wilcox W.I.F. Type Water Tube Boilers, each complete with the usual fittings and mountings, integral superheater, and mechanical stoker 6 feet 6 inches wide and 10 feet long, area 65 square feet.

Each of the boilers has a heating surface of 2852 square feet, and superheater 770 square feet, and constructed for a pressure of 200 lbs. per square inch, and a final steam temperature of 600°F and estimated evaporation of 10,000 lbs. of steam per hour.

One Cast Iron Vertical Tube Economizer suitable for above boilers, consisting of 160 tubes, ten tubes wide, tubes 9 feet long, complete with scraper driving gear and usual accessories.

Tenders will be considered for the complete plant as specified above or individual items of same.

Tenders are to be made in terms of Sterling.

The plant to be sold can be viewed at the B.M.C. Power Station between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon daily, and at other times by appointment.

Tender forms and specifications may be obtained from the Electrical Engineer, Gordon Hall.

Tenders, sealed and marked "Tenders for Purchase of Steam-Raising Plant and Economizer", should be addressed to the undersigned and delivered to the Secretary's Office, Gordon Hall, preferably by chit book or registered letter, not later than 11.00 a.m. on Tuesday, July 15, 1941.

Tenders and interested members of the public desirous of doing so may attend at the Secretary's Office at 11.00 a.m. on the day appointed for the receipt of tenders in order to be present at the opening of bids received.

By Order,

H. F. BARNES,
Secretary and Engineer.

B.M.C., TIENTSIN,
Council Room, 25 June, 1941. 13532

THE RUBBER TRUST, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend on account of the year ending September 30, 1941 of Fifty Chinese Dollar cents per share payable on July 16, 1941 to Shareholders on the Register on that date.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from July 10 to July 16, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, June 27, 1941.

13540

UNFURNISHED APARTMENT TO LET

Southfacing one-room flat available on July 1. Bubbling Well District. Telephone 60121 between 11-12. -9170

THE TEBONG RUBBER ESTATE, LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty First Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above-named Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Tuesday, July 22, 1941 at 11.45 a.m. for the following purposes:—

To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended January 31, 1941, to declare a Final Dividend, to elect a Director and Auditors and to transact any other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from July 10 to July 22, 1941, both days inclusive.

AND NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN that at the same time and on the same day at 11.45 a.m. or so soon thereafter as the Ordinary General Meeting shall be concluded an Extraordinary General Meeting will be held for the purpose of considering and if thought fit of passing the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions namely:—

"That the Articles of Association be altered in manner following, that is to say:

(a) In Article (1) the words "Special Resolution" and "Extraordinary Resolution" have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by the Companies Ordinances (Hongkong) 1911 (Section 70), shall be cancelled and the following words shall be substituted therefor: "Extraordinary Resolution and Special Resolution have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by the Ordinances of Hongkong for the time being in force".

(b) In Article (18) the words "such fee as the Board may from time to time determine" be substituted for the words "the sum of one Tael or such smaller sum as the Directors may determine".

(c) The following Article shall be substituted for Article 45

"(45) A Fee of such amount as the Board may from time to time determine may be charged for each transfer, and shall, if required by the Board, be paid before the registration thereof. A similar Fee may be charged on the registration of any other document".

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, June 28, 1941.

13539

ANGLO JAVA ESTATES, LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty First Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above-named Company will be held at No. 49, Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Friday, July 18, 1941 at 11.45 a.m. for the following purposes:—

To receive the Directors' Report and Statements of Account for the year ended December 31, 1940, to declare a final dividend, to elect a Director and Auditors and to transact any other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from July 10 to July 18, 1941, both days inclusive.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that at the same time and on the same day at 11.45 a.m. or so soon afterwards as the Ordinary General Meeting shall be concluded an Extraordinary General Meeting will be held for the purpose of considering and if thought fit of passing the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions namely:—

"That the Articles of Association be altered in manner following, that is to say:

(a) In Article (1) the words "Special Resolution" and "Extraordinary Resolution" have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by the Companies Ordinances (Hongkong) 1865 (Sections 92 and 166), shall be cancelled and the following words shall be substituted therefor: "Extraordinary Resolution and Special Resolution have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by the Ordinances of Hongkong for the time being in force."

(b) In Article (11) the words "such fee as the Board may from time to time determine" be substituted for the words "the sum of one Tael or such smaller sum as the Directors may determine."

(c) The following Article shall be substituted for Article 33

"(33) A Fee of such amount as the Board may from time to time determine may be charged for each transfer, and shall, if required by the Board, be paid before the registration thereof. A similar Fee may be charged on the registration of any other document."

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries & General Managers.

Shanghai, June 25, 1941.

13506

CENTRAL PROPERTIES, LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have declared a Special Interim Dividend for the year ending December 31, 1941, of Three Dollars ($3.-) local currency, per share, being part of the profit derived from the sale of the remaining property owned outright by the Company, to be paid to shareholders on record on Wednesday, July 16, 1941.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from July 9 to July 15, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. B. ETHERINGTON,
Secretary.

June 27, 1941. 13530

CRAZY-PAVING

is said to be losing the popularity it once enjoyed. Evidently it isn't all it's cracked up to be. Personal Accident insurance, on the other hand, gains new adherents every day and has become a necessity of modern life.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
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18 The Bund Telephone 11303

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MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

THE SENAWANG RUBBER ESTATES CO. (1921), LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty First Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above-named Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Friday, July 11, 1941 at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended January 31, 1941, declaring a Final Dividend, electing a Director and Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from July 4 to July 11, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, June 28, 1941.

13541

SHANGHAI STOCK EXCHANGE

This Exchange will be closed for the transaction of business on Tuesday/Wednesday, July 1 and 2, 1941.

Settlement deliveries will take place at the usual hours on Tuesday.

E. H. PARROTT,
Secretary.

Shanghai, June 27, 1941. 13538

THE SHANGHAI CLUB

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shanghai Club will be held in the Club House on Friday, July 25, 1941, at 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon, when the Resolutions, particulars of which have been posted on the Notice Board in the Club House, will be proposed.

By Order of the Committee,

F. S. WARD,
Secretary.

Shanghai, June 28, 1941.

13542

THE SHANGHAI ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

It has been agreed between the Shanghai Municipal Council and the Company that the existing maximum charges per mile of 10 cents for First Class accommodation and 7 cents for Third Class accommodation be increased to 15 cents per mile and 10 cents per mile respectively.

A revised fares schedule will come into operation on a date to be announced later.

A. A. EWING,
General Manager.

Shanghai, June 27, 1941. 13535

CULTY DAIRY

The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"
1567 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126

General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT 15068

Two down—
and ONE to pay

AQUARIUS
LIMESODA
Offers you

TWO DRINKS IN ONE

Shanghai War Savings Association

BORN JUNE 1940

THIS IS OUR BIRTHDAY MONTH

ALL PRESENTS TO BE SENT THROUGH
CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA
18 THE BUND

This space is donated by: Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd.

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	June 26 16.00	June 26 21.00	June 27 4.00	June 27 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.67	29.68	29.63	29.68
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.06	+0.12	+0.02	0.00
at 32 F. (,, ,, 12 hrs.)	+0.06	0.00	—0.14	0.00
Wind (direction)	Calme	Calme	E	E/N
,, (miles per hour)	0.0	0.0	5.6	9.3
Temperature (Fahr.)	72.7°	71.4°	68.5°	67.5°
Humidity (per cent)	95	98	96	98
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	10
Rainfall (inches)	0.03	0.02	0.33	0.31

Siccawei Abridged Report June 26	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.66	+0.03	29.79
Temperature: min. 70.0° max. 75.7°	73.3°	—1.5°	76.1°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	28.42	0.17	21.26

Time and Tide	28/6	29/6	30/6	1/7	2/7	3/7	4/7
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.52	4.52	4.53	4.53	4.53	4.54	4.54
Sun sets at Shanghai	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02
Moon rises at Shanghai	7.59	8.57	9.57	10.58	12.00	13.03	14.08
Moon sets at Shanghai	21.27	22.07	22.46	23.25	—	0.05	0.48
Flood makes Shai. (day)	12.30	13.00	13.36	14.30	15.35	16.50	18.07
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	17.40	6.08	6.49	7.22	8.04	9.00	10.08
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	14.26	15.07	15.49	16.39	17.27	5.53	7.17
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	10.85	10.70	10.45	9.30	9.26	8.60	8.40

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 26th:—Pressure rather normal and unsteady over China and Japan. The typhoon over the Pacific has inclined more westward. South-easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine weather in north-east China. Heavy showers in the Lower Yangtze Valley.

State on the morning of the 27th:—Rainy weather. North-easterly breezes. Normal and steady pressure.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre, at 6 a.m., within 60 miles of latitude 17, longitude 125, inclining north-west, intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

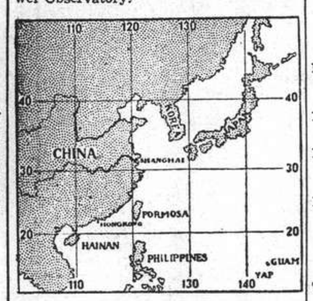

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

SATURDAY, June 28.	Reg.	Ord.
Shenkiamen and Tinghai..	9.30	10.00
Amoy Fukien and Kiangsi Provinces via Amoy ...	10.30	11.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Australia and New Zealand	19.00	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	19.30	20.00
SUNDAY, June 29.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	10.00	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
MONDAY, June 30.		
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China Manila and Java Ports A	8.15	9.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton x	8.30	9.00
Fukien and Kiangsi Provinces via Amoy x	8.30	9.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai..	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton ...	19.30	20.00

*The night before.
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 28th.
X Provisional time subject to alterations.
Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on July 4, 1941.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails, may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore.

Royal Netherlands Indies Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Saigon via Hongkong on June 30, at 8.15 a.m. for registered and at 9 a.m. for ordinary.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kaigan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton, Swatow and Hoihow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.
Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
T.P.R., north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Entire S.H.N.R. including Siaoshan, Kokiao and Shaohing daily at 1 p.m.
Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.
Remark: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'tsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing see above.)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

I. C. Milk Fund

United Impex Co.	$20
IN MEMORY OF MRS. ROSA VON BUREN	
Kohler, Elise	$20
Bloomfield, Mrs. J.	5
Whatley, Mr/Mrs. Chester	20
IN MEMORY OF MRS. ROSENBAUM	
Hertzka, A. R.	$10
IN LIEU OF FLOWERS, MR. AND MRS. CITRIN OCCASION BIRTH OF THEIR CHILD	
Hertzka, A. R.	$20

FORD BUILT

For many years the Ford Motor Company made only one car—The Ford. Then, in turn, companion cars were developed—The Lincoln, Lincoln-Zephyr and Mercury. Each, a fine-quality car in its class, has made notable contributions to the quality of the Ford. This constant progress—under a unified management—reaches a new peak in the new models for 1941.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Avenue Foch. Tel. 7400 (6 lines)

ANGLO-DUTCH (JAVA) PLANTATIONS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 6416 for 100 shares numbered 160361/160460 inclusive in the above Company registered in the name of Mr. Nee Noor-Shang has been declared lost or destroyed, and if the above Certificate is not produced within THIRTY days from date, it will be cancelled and a new Certificate for 100 shares will be issued in lieu thereof.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, May 29, 1941. 12998

SHANGHAI FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKERS ASSOCIATION

SUMMER HOLIDAYS

The Member Banks of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Tuesday and Wednesday, July 1 and 2, 1941, on account of the above. 13530

APOSTLESHIP OF PRAYER

SOCIETY OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL

REMINDER

The Annual General Meeting will take place at the Catholic Federation on Sunday, June 29 at 11.45 a.m.

The Reverend Father Director expresses the hope that all the Associates and Members will not fail to attend.

Shanghai, June 28, 1941. 13531

POSITION WANTED

FOREIGN mechanical engineer of Allied nationality with certificate for motor and steam engines, 20 years' experience in shipyards, etc., also some knowledge of electricity, seeks responsible position. Excellent references. Replies to Box 4741, NCDN. -9113

DEL MONTE GREEN GROCERY

854 Avenue Foch, Telephone 39113

South African black, red, green grapes, pears, U.S.A. celery, avocados, apples, lemons, oranges, grapefruit, Formosa peaches, musk melons, sweet water-melons, fresh red salmon. -9189

NOTICE

We have pleasure in announcing that we have been appointed exclusive agents for

FINDLATER'S
(Findlater, Mackie Todd & Co., Ltd.)
SHERRIES AND GIN
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
N Nanking Road, Telephone 11934 13460

F. RODRIGUES
(Established in 1916)
71 Rua da Praia Grande,
MACAO

representing various leading firms in Hongkong and Portugal, offers to become agent for any shipping company desiring to run steamers between Macao and Shanghai. Cable address: Rodrigues.

PHILIPS
RADIOS
with "Bandspread" Tuning.
INNISS & RIDDLE (CHINA) LTD.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)
34 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
Telephone 16237/9 13158

THE NAZI
cannot crush the British spirit with
BOMBS
though he may hurt the bodies of Britons and destroy their homes.
CIVILIANS
who suffer in Air Raids are helped by your gifts
to
THE CENTRAL BRITISH WAR FUND
(Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.)

If He Wants to be a Sailor
bring him along to our Children's Outfitting Salon.
BOYS SAILOR SUITS
Smart snappy suits, light or dark, blue, short pants, blouse trimmed in colour to match.
Ages 2 to 5 years. Price $16.50 up
Jack Tar hat to match $4.25.
AT WHITEAWAY'S

RAINCOATS, CAPES, OILSKINS
Exclusively certified and guaranteed
Absolutely waterproof
Shanghai Waterproofing Fabrics Co.
40 Bubbling Well Road Telephone 96999
-9175

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED by British import firm, experienced, reliable Chinese accountant and cashier. Good prospects for satisfactory applicant. Apply giving particulars of experience and salary required to Box 4787, NCDN. -9207

JUNIOR office assistant (male) in selling department of an old established foreign firm. Reply stating nationality, age, qualifications and salary required. Box 4790, NCDN. 13549

WANTED: Chinese girl typist. Salary $60, tiffin supplied. Write Mr. Eden Wong, 246 Kiangse Road, Room 310. No personal interview.

RESPONSIBLE office assistant who has extensive connections with local firms which have woollen, cotton piecegoods stock/constantly importing. Reply stating full particulars, experience, salary expected. Box 4778, NCDN. -9183

WANTED, Chinese accountant, office assistant, shipping clerk, preferably with experience dyes and chemicals. Reply stating age, previous experience and salary expected to Box 4775, NCDN. -9180

SCHOOL at Sinza and Carter Road wants a foreign teacher teaching evening class English conversation Apply Box 4770, NCDN. -9161

DOCTOR wishes to employ a Chinese lady from a respectable family who is living in Shanghai, to act as receptionist and surgeon's help. Similar previous occupation preferred. Replies in own handwriting, please, containing particulars about personality, references and salary expected. Address Box 4745, NCDN. -9121

$200 salary. Shroff required by British firm. Cash guarantee $3,000. 833/17 Avenue Joffre. -9111

WANTED, an expert beauty operator, capable of managing a beauty parlour. Reply Box 4727, NCDN. -9086

Business Opportunities

OFFICE and capital available, welcome propositions from reliable parties who can supply references, Box 4777, NCDN. -9183

WHAT reliable neutral import firm is interested in handling additional profitable line? Also partnership with import-experienced financier considered. Communications: Post Office Box 5046. -9112

CHINESE real estate firm would like to corporate with a reputable legal firm. Address Box 4736, NCDN. 13503

Personal

THE SWISS Consulate-General, 1469 Avenue Joffre, would be grateful for any information concerning the present whereabouts of the Swiss citizen Miss Antonia Hane, for whom an important communication has been received. 13545

Miscellaneous

JAPANESE legal adviser offers his services to nationals (companies or individuals) of any country for the conduct of affairs and safeguard of interests. Secretary Terui, 673 Szechuen Road. Telephone 17289, 19351. -9000

FANS for hire, 110 v., 220 v., ceiling and desk. Russian Electric Co., Telephone 74816. -9082

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 15 cents per square foot. Rugs repaired, stored, dyed. Esso Company, telephone 12170. -9060

Holiday Resorts

LUXURIOUS rooms, excellent board, special terms for June. Best location, two minutes' walk from German/Strand Beach. 20 Hwei Chuan Road, Tsingtao. -9801

VILLA Lucia, 4 Chih Chuan Road. Iltis Huk, Tsingtao. First class pension Open for reservations. 13144

TO LET, in Villa Peitaiho Westend (with large garden), furnished rooms with board, all conveniences. Address Box 3123, NCDN. 13040

LAOSHAN, Private hotel amidst lovely scenery and pine forests. Modern conveniences, hot and cold water, baths, open air swimming pools, radio, etc. Excellent cuisine, Moderate terms. Apply "Rock Mansions" Laoshan, Tsingtao. -6784

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED rare Balinese painting and wood-carvings; willing to pay high prices. Apply 20 Canton Road, 3rd floor, Room 312. -9127

WANTED, to buy lady's bicycle in good condition. Must have hand brake. Telephone 72025. -9122

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses; shoes, corpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. -9129

WANTED a first-class modern type British or American made incubator for 25 eggs. New or secondhand. Address Box 4730. NCDN. 13502

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of fifteen dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.10.

CZECH, most reliable, seeks position of trust. Outport no objection. A-1 references. Box 4772, NCDN. 13534

GRADUATE of University of Southern California seeks part time work, after office hours. Box 4747, NCDN. -9131

YOUNG girl seeks position as stenotypist or office assistant (beginner). Address Box 4700, NCDN. -9048

PERFECT English-speaking Chinese lady seeks typing work after office hours at people's home. Box 4765, NCDN. -9154

Motor Cars and Cycles

1936 Vauxhall 14/6 four-door sedan, steel top, done 28,000 miles, 5 original tpres, leather upholstery and duco like new. US$700 nett, no brokers. Please telephone 78766 between 10-12 noon for demonstration. -9168

MORRIS 1930 modern body, new tyres, excellent throughout, 20 miles per gallon, US$230. Box 4785, NCDN. -9202

FIAT 514, 1932, engine and appearance in A-1 condition. US$300. Reply Post Office Box 1744. 13543

CONVERTIBLE coupe 8 h.p., 22 miles per gallon, guaranteed like new, new tyres, duco and chromium. Reasonable price. Telephone 36620 or 70159. 13546

1934 Hillman four-door sedan, first-class condition, US$400. Demonstration from 12-2 p.m. Dr. Wu, Lane 1603, House 11 Bubbling Well Road. -9125

WANTED four-door sedan, late year models, preferably Buick or Chrysler, delivery any time. State lowest price for cash. Telephone Mr. Hsu 90152. -9170

1931 Ford sedan; 1940. Oldsmobile sedan: 1934 Austin 7 sedan. Telephone 14847, office hours. 13527

DE SOTO convertible sedan. Looks and runs like new. White tyres, leather unholstery. US$900. No brokers. Telephone 31414, 9-12 noon. -9151

WANTED: Secondhand motor car in perfect condition. Two seater open or convertible preferred. G. Werner, 593 Amherst Avenue, House 8. Telephone 22789. -9107

FOR SALE, 1933 Buick 5 seater, good condition. $4,000. Owner leaving. Apply Box 4752, NCDN. -9137

MORRIS Oxford roadster, in very good condition, for sale at $1,500. For inspection see Mr. Vetchinkin, 285 Lay Road. 13516

WANTED used car, must be in good condition, only private parties need apply. Box 4743, NCDN. -9118

FOR SALE, 1940 Mercury sedan, 95 h.p. Telephone 11455 for particulars. 13508

1936 Ford V8 four-door sedan, six good tyres. Recently ducoed and completely overhauled including new pistons Perfect condition. Owner leaving. US$750. Box 4731, NCDN. -9092

WE buy for cash, sell on easy terms and exchange cars, trucks. Telephone 70159, Triangle Motors. -8872

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bill Motors authorized Ford Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 13080

Lost

LOST Customs stamped B/L No. 1 manifest No. 278 covering 1 case, filter press ex "Myogi-Maru" arrived on 12/4/1941. declared hereby null and void. 13537

LOST and is hereby declared null and void: Deposit Receipt No. B-12166; $140,600 issued by Custom House, Shanghai, on June 21, 1941, covering import of motor cars. 13518

LOST. Customs Import Triplicate Application No. 184 Flag and Vessel No. 2/871 B/L No. 28 covering 5 packages machinery cloth ex ss. Yochow, marks as follows: CE Shanghai 1/2 around Cable 20/11/40 in triangle. CE Shanghai 4/5 around Cable 4/11/40 in triangle, CE Shanghai 6 around Cable 2/11/40 in triangle. The public is hereby notified that same is null and void. G. E. Marden & Co., Ltd. 13470

Educational

BRITISH lady gives English, French lessons, morning or afternoon, at her home. $5 per hour in aid of British War Funds. Box 4771, NCDN. -9172

LEARN German! German lessons, grammar and conversation, given by Mr. Knoche, 2 Quinsan Garden. Exceptional references. -8541

AMERICAN university graduate willing to give lessons in physics, methematics or English. Box 4748, NCDN. -9131

LADY wants German shorthand lessons. Stolze, Schrey and commercial correspondence. Address Box 4732, NCDN. -9093

McTYEIRO student, bi-lingual, coaches children/adults English/Chinese. 1978/E Avenue Joffre, telephone 72309. -9184

More Classified Ads. Overleaf